

(5) A person registered in any register of British subjects established under the provisions of any Order in Council which have been repealed shall be registered under the provisions of this Order, unless the Consular Officer is satisfied after enquiry that the previous registration was erroneous or that such person is not entitled to registration under the provisions of this Order.

(6) Every person shall, on every registration of himself, and on every renewal of the registration, pay a fee of two shillings and sixpence or such other fee as the Secretary of State from time to time appoints. The amount of the fee may be uniform for all persons, or may vary according to the position and circumstances of different classes, if the Secretary of State from time to time so directs, but may not in any case exceed five shillings.

(7) Where any person applies to be registered, he shall be entitled without a fee to the assistance of the Consular Officer in the preparation of any affidavit that may be required.

(8) The Consular Officer may require the production of such evidence that an applicant for registration is entitled to the status of a British subject as he may see fit, but subject to such directions as may be issued by the Secretary of State.

(9) If any British subject neglects to obtain registration under the provisions of this Order, he shall not be entitled to be recognised or protected as a British subject in Morocco, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two pounds for each instance of such failure, but he shall, although not registered, be subject to the jurisdiction of His Majesty's Courts in Morocco.

3. From and after the commencement of this Order, Article 119 of the Principal Order is hereby repealed, but such repeal shall not prejudice any rights, obligations or liabilities accrued thereunder.

4.—(1) This Order shall take effect as soon as it is first exhibited in the public office of the Consulate at Tangier, and that date is in this Order referred to as the commencement of the Order.

(2) For that purpose the Consul at Tangier shall, on the receipt by him of a certified printed copy of the Order, cause the same to be affixed and exhibited conspicuously in that office. He shall also keep the same so affixed and exhibited during one month from that first exhibition.

(3) Proof shall not in any proceeding or matter be required that the provisions of this article have been complied with, nor shall any act or proceeding be invalidated by any failure to comply with any such provisions.

*Almeric FitzRoy.*

*Privy Council Office, Whitehall,*

*24th March, 1922.*

The following Scheme for the adjustment of the property, rights, liabilities, &c., of the Urban District Council of Gosport and Alverstoke, in the Administrative County of Southampton, and for other purposes, as settled by a Committee of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, is published in accordance with

the provisions of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1882":—

Whereas by the Municipal Corporation Acts, 1882 and 1885, it is enacted that where a Petition for a Charter of Incorporation is referred to the Committee of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council and it is proposed by the Charter to extend the Municipal Corporation Acts to the Municipal Borough to be created by the Charter, the said Committee of Council may settle a Scheme for the purposes in the said Acts named and containing such provisions as are in the said Acts particularized:

And whereas in the month of February, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty, certain Inhabitant Householders of the Urban District of Gosport and Alverstoke, in the County of Southampton, petitioned His Majesty the King praying for the grant of a Charter of Incorporation:

And whereas the said Petition for a Charter was referred to the Committee of Council, and it was proposed by the Charter to create the Urban District of Gosport and Alverstoke, hereinafter described "a Municipal Borough," and to incorporate the Inhabitants thereof and to extend the Municipal Corporation Acts to the Municipal Borough to be created by the Charter:

And whereas by a Provisional Order of the Local Government Board dated the 19th day of May, 1874, and confirmed by the Local Government Board's Provisional Orders Confirmation Act, 1874 (No. 3); a Local Act passed in the third year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third intituled "An Act for the better paving of the Streets and for preventing nuisances and other annoyances in the Town of Gosport, in the County of Southampton," and another Local Act passed in the fifty-fourth year of the same reign intituled "An Act for watching, lighting and cleansing the Town of Gosport, in the County of Southampton and for amending and rendering more effectual an Act passed in the third year of His Present Majesty, for better paving the streets and preventing nuisances and annoyances in the said Town," were repealed, and the whole of the Parish of Alverstoke (of which the said Town of Gosport forms a part) was constituted an Urban Sanitary District within the meaning of the Public Health Act, 1872, under the jurisdiction of the Alverstoke Local Board, to whom was transferred the liabilities of the Trustees acting in the execution of the Local Acts aforesaid:

And whereas by the Local Government Board's Provisional Orders Confirmation Act, 1874 (No. 3), the District was divided into 3 Wards to be each represented by 9 elected Members:

And whereas under and by virtue of the Local Government Act, 1894, the Local Board became the Urban District Council for the Urban District of Gosport and Alverstoke (hereinafter called "the District Council"):

And whereas the County Council for the Administrative County of Southampton did on the 27th day of August, 1896, make an Order which was finally approved on the 16th day of November, 1896, by which the apportionment of the members of the District Council among the Wards was altered as follows:—the Gosport Ward 6 elected Members, the North Liberty Ward 9 elected Members, and the South Liberty Ward 12