The London Gazette.

Oublined by Authority.

From Donday, January 4. to Thursday, January 7. 1668.

Minchead, Jan. 1.

He 30th past, the Prosperous of London, laden thence with Pitch and Tarr, and bound for Briflot, was by the violence of the winds forced on shoar in the night to the Eastwards of this Key, but such care has been taken for her affistance, that all the Goods have been safely landed, and 'tis hoped, the vessel may be gotten off the next Spring-Tide.

Hull, Jan. 1 Yesterday arrived here two Swedes from

Stackholm laden with Tarre and Iron, and one Londoner with some quantity of Tarre from Holland, intending to take in here some lading for Venice. The Peregrin of this. place of 130 Tuns which failed hence the 12th past, laden with Lead, Buly, and Cloth, intended for Retterdam, has been unfortunately cast away neer Bremers-haven, onely three of the men escaping in the boat.

Dantzig, Dec. 22. From Warfam we are informed that Derofensho the late General of the Rebel Costacks, being depoted from his charge, but continuing still master of some of the most considerable posts of the Countrey, with some small forces which seem resolved to follow his forrune, isgrown very troublesome to the adjacent Countreys, continuing still in the field, and for their sublistance, falling upon several Towns, from which they usually return with confiderable prize, and 'tisfaid, has offered his fervice to the Poles.

From Bialacierko they write, that all the Tartars which ate able to bear arms, have taken the field and are drawn together upon the Dniper, with whom are joyned a confiderable body of the Coffacks, with intention to oppose the progrels of the Mulcovites, who have well fortified Kiovia, whither the Collonel Piras, one of their Officers has lately sent a large proportion of Corn, and great lums of Money for the Supply and payment of their Army, for which they, in t stimony of their farisfaction discharged all their Artillery, and has reinforced also the Cattle of Ofter gee, himself with 20000 men under his Command taking the field, fell lately upon staki, a confiderable Town, which he surprized and wholly ruined.

The Cossacks are lately assembled at Tarlie, with intentions to make choice of some able person to succeed in the Command of them as their General. The plague is lately broken out in the chief City of Tartary, of which they much fear a great increase.

Several of the Foreign Ministers have lately made their addresses to the Archbishop of Gnesne Primare of Po-Land, desiring to know when they may be again admitted to make their re-entry into Poland. The Bishop of Besters is at present at a Countrey House near the Cloister of Oliva, so newhat surprized with the news of the resolution so defer the B'ection of a Successor to the Crown of Poland sill May, and that the resolution of the Nobility still holds firm to continue their ancient Custom of appearing infarms. The Archbishop of Gnesne 'tissaid has resuled him leave to continue there during the Inter-regnum, which he carneftly defired by a particular Messenger; so that 'tis believed he may in few dayes depart, but whether on his return for France; is yet uncertain.

They talke now more then ever of the great probability of the election of the young Prince of Lor ain to the Crown, for which the Jesuits appear very folicitous, and that for the latisfaction of the Mulcovite a match may be promoted between that Prince and a daughter of Muscour, but these reports are supposed to be only raised upon conjecture.

Vienna, Dec, 29. As yet no time is prefixt for the Alfembly of the States-General of Hungary, but Order is taken in the mean time to ease the Countrey of a great part of their grievances the better to oblige them to continue in obedience and to reject the offers made to them by the Turkstay yates

The Government of this City was some days fince conferred upon the Count de Souches, wto is accordingly entred upon his charge, having first taken the oath of finelity as is usual upon the like occasion.

His Imperial Majesty is come to a resolution upon the points lately Ventilated and debated in the Assembly of the

three Colledges.

And First, as to that for the security of the publick peace of the Empire; the Emperour concurs with them, that within the space of one moneth, each Circle shall by their Deputy be defired to declare how much they will be contented to contribute towards the maintenance of a joynt force to be employed only upon the publick account as occasion may offer.

A second point was the confideration of the dammages and lottes suitained by the Princes of Simmeren de Deuxponts, and Veldentz, by the late war between the Prince Elector Palatine and the Duke of Lorrain, of which, an Esti-mate is to be brought in, and some expedient to be sound out

for their reparation.

A Third Point was the Concernment of the Empire, in the protection of the ten Cities of Alfatia : He being plezed to order that the whole Empire, with other Crowns and States which are any way interested in that affair, be exhorted not only to contribute to their protection; but to take into confideration the Grievances particularly of the Lower Alfatia, and the condition of the Nobility who are interested in the Fiels of the Bishopricks of Toul, Metz. and Verdun; that some fit course be taken for the settlement of all those affairs, before the separation of the Diet.

Letters from Comorra inform us, that a party of 150 Hussars making an incursion upon the Frontiers, had furprized a Turkish Lady newly married, and passing with a Guard from Offen towards Neuhausel, killing the Aga which commanded them, and about 20 of his party, with about the lots of 11 of their own 3 but that a stronger party of the Turks coming in, had obliged them to quit the

Lady, and to provide for their own fafety.

Franckfort, Fan. 2. The Lorrain Garrison of Hombourgh sent out lately a considerable party to Louteren belonging to the Palatinate, from whence they carried off a confiderable number of Cartle; but the Collonel Chanvet an Officer of the Prince Elector Palatine, had mer with the Regiment of the Count de Lip, which intended to joyn with the I orrainers, and wortled them; forci g them

to delift from their delign.

From Spire we are told that an Envoye has been lately dispatche from the Emperour to the Marquils de Paden and I outlach, requi ing them to repair to spire, and to en+ deavour the composure of all differences between the Prince Elector Palatine and the Duke of Lorrain; as his Commissioners deputed for that purpose. The Prince Elector has in conformity hereunto, nominated the Count de Coningsmark for his Plenipotentiary , and has dispatche to him all Orders and Instructions necessary for that purpose \$ the Negotiation is like to be held at Wormes, where also the faid Count may propole to the confideration of the Mediators the Count his Brothers pretentions to Kenigfiein and Falkenslein, at present possest by the Elector of

Brussels, Fan. 2. Sir Edward spragge, his Majesty of Great Brittains Envoye to the Constable of Cossille, having visited this place, departed hence some days since for Malines, where he had an honorable Reception, and the next day after his arrival, he was attended by the Constables Coaches, with many others to his Audience from the Constable by whom he was received, and since entertained with much respect an kindness.

Gologne, Jan. 5. The Noise of the taking of Bingen fby the Palatine forces, proves Whave none or very little sundation; but the motion of tome of their forces, gave a strong Alarum to tevaral places upon the Rhine; intomuch as the Countrey prople were with some difficulty obliged to beep within their bounds, and to put themselves

upon their guard

The Prince Blector Palatine has in compliance with the Emperours defi es, order de a luce and Coffation of Arms to be proclaimed through ut his Dominions, which was accordingly done the 15th past at Manheim with the solumity of Trumpets and Kende-Dums, and since in several other Quarters beyond the Rhine; but in the mean time declarit g himself free to make use of his Arms for the desence of his Countrey, if the Duke of Lorgain should wessite to do the same.

The Count de Coning [mark arrived the 26th past from Franck fort at Manheim, and the next day went thence to Frederick chourgh, where he had audience from the Elector Palatine, and was received with extraordinary civility, as a person who designs to use all his interest for the composure of the differences with Lorrain.

We have now advice that the Duke of Lorrain having notice of the Prince Elector Palatines—late publication of a Cessation of Arms, has countermanded his forces, and is again retired with his princi, at Officers to Nancy.

Hague, Jan. 10. We are daily expecting here the arrival of Don Francisco de Melo the Ambasiadoar from Portugal, he being on his way hither from Paris, and part of

his Train already arrived.

The business depending between the Province of Holland and the Council of State is not yet fully ended. The state of the Militia is also underdebate; but as yet 'tis onely agreed that in the Or inary Militi in times of Peace, each Company is to confist onely of 50 men, but otherwise to be made up 60 % in which posture it may as yet continue.

The 8th instant the Spanish Ambasiadour gave in his Memorial to the States; complaining of the slowness of Zealand in freeing the Spanish Men of War and the two Chaplains deteined by them; desting farther and stricter Orders might be sent to them for their speedy distriction; which the States seemed readily rocomply with. They have also gratisted him in his former Request, giving him liberary for the transportation of 200 thousand weight of Salt-Peter and 50 thousand weight of Brimston; upon payment of the usual Customs.

Several Complaints have been made to the "tates of the irregular and undisciplined behaviour of the Spanish foldiers in the Flat Countrey belonging to the States, in which they commit frequent robberies, and plunder formetimes in whole Companies.

The Zealanders having for a confiderable time poss it several Places and Forts, which of right are said to belong to the generality, and not to any particular Province, the matter hath been warmly debated, and since, several persons nominated as Commissioners to examine the whole business, and to make their Report.

Upon confideration of the Memorial given in to the States Generall by the Heer Appleboom, extraordinary Envoye from the Crowne of Swedeland, they have resolved to compy punctually with that Crown in the Observation of the Desensive Alliance, and to endeavour the cleering of all

things which may admit of any dispute between them; and have accepted of the Mediation between that Crown and the Great Duke of Muscovy and will joyn with His Majesty of Great Brittain in doing all good Offices between them.

The body of a certain Religious Woman, called the Lady Valekenes, who died some years since in the Masoralty of Boissedue, having been with much care preserved from corruption, was by several Roman Cart olicks round about frequently visited upon that account, upon amopinion that the holiness of the person had occasioned a mirace, in the preservation of her body; whereupon several Physicians, both Roman Catholicks and others, were ordered by the States to view the body, together with the Physicians of Leyden; who soon detected the Artisce: so that the body was ordered burial, to prevent any sarther spersition. Among so there Physicians emploied in the En using was the Sieur Bills Prosessor of Physick in Louvain; who was presently by the Magistrates of that place turned out of his Employment: but is since male Prosessor at Boissedue, with an honourable allowance for his supports

The Deputies from Bruges are endeavouring to obtains the correction and explanation of the Murine Treaty; designing, that some Portugal Vessels taken by them in time of the late War, and by contrary winds forced into the Texal,

may be restored to them;

Plymouth, gan. 3. Yesterday arrived here the Ruth of this Town from the Leeward Islands, and this day the William and Elisabeth from Barbados in y weeks; the latter telling us, that at their departure, the Lord Willoughby having conditioned several Commissioners to take care of the assistant Island in his absence, was ready to fail thence for the Caribee Islands, from whence he intended for England; they speak of the thriving condition of that Island; and that a great part of the Bridge-Town which was deaft oyed by fire is again re-built.

Here are also put in here one ship of Pool from Malaga, a Scottish ship intended for Nants, and one ship from Ire-

land bound for St. Maloes.

Tarmouth, Jan. 4. A vessel of Hull homewards bound a from London with Piece goods, was lately cast away upon the sand called the Bernard, 10 miles to the Southwards of this place, sever I Goods with a Coach driven on shoar, but the company supposed to be lost. Another vessel from Hull was forced on shoar a mile to the Northwards of this place where she yet remains.

The second instant arrived five ships of this place from Reterdan, and this day were forced in sourceters, wherees, three belonging to this Port, the other a Londoner with Merch has Goods, who informs us, that one Bromat well the Master of a Ketch, freighted from Rotterdam for London, having received into his custody the summe of Five hundred and seventy pieces in Gold, upon the account of a Merchant of Rotterdam, conspired with his company to share the Gold, and to sink the Ketch, which they put into execution within ten Leagues off the Northforeland, and with part of the Ketches lading put thenselves aboard a Flemish ship which was near them, who carryed them back to Rotterdam, where they were asterwards accidentally discovered and seized, and most of the Gold returned to the right Owner.

Bristol, Jan. 5. The wind setting right for these three last days, the Fleet which has for some time been detained here, set sails and its hoped are by this got clear off the Lands

Portsmouth, Jan. 5. On Sunday last put in here a Londoner from New England, having met with ill weather, in which she spring a Leak, and received some damage in her main Mast, she has here refitted, and may sail with the first fair wind a there is also forced into Stoaks Bay, a ship from Malaga intended for London.