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From Sonday June 7. to Chursday June 10. 1697.

Leghorne, May 27. N.S.

Vellel is arrived here from Marfeilles, the Mafter whereit fays, the French Galleys were ready to put to Sea. By a Bark from Tanis we are told, that they are fitting out there two great Ships, to be feat to the Turkish Fleet. The Mary-Rose, Capt. Thomas is arrived here from Galipoli.

for to the Turkish Fleet. The Mary-Roje, Capit Turkish Regers, is arrived here from Galipoli.

Note, May 31. The Pope's Galleys intend to depart from Civita Vecchia the 5th of the next Month; and are mjoin the Galleys of Malta at Messina. A great Convoy mjoin the Galleys of Malta at Messina. A great Convoy may be ready to fail hence the next week for the Levant.

Marid, May 29. Their Catholick Majesties are both trey well again, and have been several times abroad this tery well again, and have been several times abroad this last week to take the Air. The Count de Harach, the

last week to take the Air. The Count de Harach, the Emperor's Minister, arrived here two days ago. Yesterday was brought hither \$50000 Pieces of Eight from Cadix, which came in the Flota, for the account of the King of Spain. Several Expresses have been dispatched hither by Spain. Spain. Several Expresses have been dispatched hither by the Viceroy of Casalonia, to acquaint the Court with the Enemies Motions, and that he had drawn together the Spaish Forces, which make a Body of 12000 Foot and 4000 Herse; A Regiment of 800 Men was arrived at Bucklona, from Final; and the old Regiments of Costa and Granada, of 1000 Men each, were daily expected from Malaza. This day came in Letters from Bucclona, dated the 25th of this Month, which give an account, That the French Army assembled near Gironne, about 28000 strong, and that they had provided all things necessary That the Fiench Army affembled near Gironne, about 28000 flrong, and that they had provided all things necessary for a Siege: 'Tis believed their delign is upon Barcelona; and the Inhabitants have thereupon removed their most valuable Goods, and the Governor has sent away all the neless People, and por the Place in a Potture of Defence. On the 1th Instant arrived at Malagaa Boat sent Express from Mikila with advice, that 14000 Moores were combefore that Place, which they thought to have taken before that Place, which they thought to have taken by suprize, and in order thereunto Scaled an Outwark, but were discovered and repulsed by the Spaniards, who in sarpres, and in order interesting who in were difference and repulled by the Spaniards, who in this coaffen had it Men killed and 100 wounded; what Losthe Moores sustained is not yet known. Three Spanish Lossthe Mores sustained is not yet known. Three Spanish Galkys departed from Cartagina the 10th of this Month for Malaga, and in their way thither took a French Privator of 12 Guns; and a Moorish Pink with 40 Men. A great quantity of Provisions and Ammunition have been sentiately from Malaga to Barcelona; and more Forces are ordered thither by Sea. The Slaughter Galley, Capt. Kent, arrived at Cadiz the 12th Instant from Alexandria. And on the 16th the Montague Galley from Genous.

Coruma, June 8. The 31th of the last Month came in the Spanish-Expedition Packet-Boat, and this day the Spanish-Expedition Packet-Boat, and this day the Spanish-Allyance, from Falmouth. The 22th past arrived here the Elizabeth and Catharine, Thomas Lemon Commander, and the Speedwell, Capt. James Moulton, (who came out with the West-India Fleet) the first bound to Barbadoes, and the other to Nevis; and sailed again the text day. On the other to

came out with the West-India Fleet) the first bound to Barbadoes, and the other to Nevis; and sailed again the cett day: On the 30th past were seen off Cape Prior 14 sail of great Ships standing to the Westward; which are supposed to be the Squadron commanded by the Marquis de Nesmand and the Sieur Magnon.

Dantzicke, June 4. The Queen Dowager of Poland sontinues in this City; The last Letters from Warsaw say, there had not yet passed any thing of moment in the Dyet, they staying for the Arrival of the rest of the Nobility; and that in the mean time the Liends of Prince James had every day greater hopes that the Election will tall upon him.

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Vienna, June 1. The Resolution holds to Besiege Bibuts on the Frentiers of Croatia, The Troops commandedby the Governor of that Province are on their march
for this purpose; and the Place will be Invested this day;
The Imperialists believe they shall be soon Masters of it;
seing, the Truks, who did not suspect any such design,
have not put any Reinforcement into the Town, or taken
any Measures for it's Relief. The Garison consists but any Measures for it's Relief; The Garison consists but of 700 Foot, and 200 Horfe; and there will be 7000 Germans and 15000 Greatians employed in the Siege. The imperial Forces continue their march to the Rendezvous intween Baya and Veris Marron; and a great many Verish are continually possing down the Danube laden with Provisions and Arguntation. The advices from Constant Provisions and Ammunition. The advices from Confiantingle of the first of May, say, the Turks were sending 4000 Men of their best Troops, and commanded by their wost Experienced Officers to still the Tartars against the Magnetic.

Coningsberg, June 4. On the 28th of the last Month the 3 Ambassadors from the Czar of Moscowy arrived here; They were by Order of the Elector of Brandenburg received about a mile out of Town by the Commissive General Danhelman, and the Master of the Ceremonics, and Conducted bither in the Elector's own Coach, followed by a great number of other Coaches, and attended by his by a great number of other Coaches, and attended by his Electoral Highness's Officers and his Guards; on the 31th the Ambassadors had Audience of the Elector, and the first of them acquainted his Electoral Highness, that the Czar had sent them to confirm the Friendship and good Correspondence which for many Years has been established between their respective Dominions, and to thank his Electoral Highness for the Ingeniers he sent the last Year to the Siege of Alas, where they did very good Service: the Siege of Afaf, where they did very good Service; That from hence they were to go to the Emperor's Court, to regulate Matters about the further Profecution of the War against the Turks and Tartars, and defired his Electoral against the Turks and Tartars, and desired his Electoral Highness to be assisting to them in their Journey; and then they made the Elector a Present of several Furs and rich Persian Silks; The Elector having returned their Compliment, they were reconducted to the House where they Lodge, and splendidly Entertained. Yesterday they visited the Sieur Danhelman; at night saw a fine Firework; and in sew days they intend to proceed on their Journey to

Francfort, June 9. The Confederate Forces, which are to act on the Upper Rhine this Summer, will be all jointo act on the Upper Rhine this Summer, will be all joined together in 3 or 4 days; and by that time Prince Lewis of Baden is expected in the Army. The French Army under the command of Marcichal Cheifeul march towards Memz; and it's believed they will post themselves at Neder Ulm; The Troops of the Allies, who had formed a flying Camp at Sintlingen, are ordered to pass the Rhine near Meniz, and to Encamp in the Neighbourhead or that City. that City.

Cologne, June 11. The Forces of Hanouer, Zell, Hise, and Munster continue their march towards Brahant, part of them have already passed the Rhine at Bon and Linez, and the rest will do so to morrow, at Newit, Mulherm, and other convenient Places. Two Regiments of Horse and other convenient Places. Two Regiments of Horfs and two of Foot of the Elector Palatin's Forces are orthe state of the s

and two of Foot of the Elector Palatin's Forces are ordered to march to the Upper Rhine.

Hamburgh, June 11. We had an account some days ago that the Danish Tro.ps and Artillery were actually marching to attack the 3 Forts which the Duke of Hostein refortisted the last year; and this day advice is come of their having Invested the Holmer Scans with 4000 Men. On the other side, the Garison have Orders from the Duke to desend themselves to the last, and the Sluyces are opened to put the Country thereabouts under Water. The Suedes do much concern themselves in this Affair, and are re-

defend themselves to the last, and the Sluyces are opened to put the Country thereabouts under Water. The Suedes do much concern themselves in this Affair, and are resolved to affist the Duke: They are fitting out a Squadron of Men of War; and 8 of their Regiments are ordered to march. At the same time the Ministers of several Princes do employ their Offices to compose this Difference between the King of Denmark and Duke of Holstein.

Paris, June 10. An Officer, dispatched by Marcschal Catinat, arrived here the 7th, with an account that the Garison of Ath Capitulated the 5th, and was to march out the 7th. But this News occasions no Joy among the People, who look upon it as an Action of little Honour, to take so small a Place with such great Armies; and would much rather hear of a Peace; For whatever Face things may have at Court, the Misery encreases in all the Provinces of this Kingdom, to a degree that cannot be expressed. The Letters from the French Army in Catalinia of the 30th past, told us, they were advanced to Saloni, and from thence would continue their march, towards Barcelona; The Spanish Forces were retired thickers and the Prince of Hesse Darmstat with 3000 Herse cover'd their Rear; The Duke de Vendosme detached a Body of Horse and Dragoons to attack the Spaniards, and their their Rear; The Duke de Vendofme detached a Body or Horse and Dragoons to attack the Spaniards, and their Horse and Dragoons to attack the Spaniards, and their Horse and Dragoons to attack the Spaniards, and their was some Skirmishing between them, but they made good their Retreat: Yesterday arrived an Express with Letters of the 3d Instant, from the Duke of Vendosme, which give an account. That the Spaniards had put 6000 of their best Foot into Barcelona, and that the French had possessed themselves of several Posts, and Invested the Town, which at the same time was block'd up by Sea, by 9 Men of War from Thosson, under the Command of the Count d'Estree, and 25 Galleys were expected in sew days from Margilles.