

use of any other person, with the intent that such money, or any part thereof, shall be expended in bribery at any election, or who knowingly pays or causes to be paid, any money to any person in discharge or repayment of any money wholly or in part expended in bribery at any election.

(6) Every voter who, before or during any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person in his behalf, receives, agrees, or contracts for any money, gift, loan, or valuable consideration, office, place, or employment for himself or for any other person, for voting or agreeing to vote, or for refraining or agreeing to refrain from voting at any election.

(7) Every person who, after any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, receives any money or valuable consideration on account of any person having voted or refrained from voting, or having induced any other person to vote or refrain from voting at any election.

(8) Every person who, directly or indirectly, corruptly pays any rate or tax on behalf of any other person for the purpose of enabling him to be registered as a voter in order thereby to influence his vote at any future election, and every person on whose behalf, and with whose privity, any such payment as last aforesaid is made.

XXXIII. The following persons shall be deemed guilty of treating within the meaning of this Order:—

(1) Every person who corruptly, by himself or by any other person, either before, during, or after an election, directly or indirectly, gives or provides or pays wholly or in part the expense of giving or providing any food, drink, entertainment, or provision to or for any person for the purpose of corruptly influencing that person, or any other person, to vote or to refrain from voting, at such election, or on account of such person or any other person having voted or refrained from voting at such election.

(2) Every voter who corruptly accepts or takes any such food, drink, entertainment, or provision.

XXXIV. Every person who, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, makes use of or threatens to make use of, any force, violence, or restraint, or inflicts or threatens to inflict, by himself or by any other person, any temporal or spiritual injury, damage, harm, or loss upon or against any person, in order to induce or compel such person to vote or refrain from voting or on account of such person having voted or refrained from voting at any election, or who by abduction, duress, or any fraudulent contrivance, impedes or prevents the free exercise of the franchise of any voter, or thereby compels, induces, or prevails upon any voter either to give or refrain from giving his vote at any election, shall be guilty of undue influence within the meaning of this Order.

XXXV. Every person who at an election applies for a ballot paper in the name of another person, whether that name be the name of a person living or dead, or of a fictitious person, or who, having voted once at any election, applies at the same election for a ballot paper

in his own name, shall be guilty of personation within the meaning of this Order.

XXXVI. Every person who is guilty of bribery, treating, or undue influence, shall, on conviction thereof, be liable to be imprisoned, with or without hard labour, for a term not exceeding one year, or to be fined any sum not exceeding two hundred pounds.

XXXVII. Every person who is guilty of personation, or of aiding, abetting, counselling, or procuring the commission of the offence of personation, shall, on conviction thereof, be liable to be imprisoned, with or without hard labour, for a term not exceeding two years.

XXXVIII. Every person who is convicted of bribery, treating, undue influence, or personation, or of aiding, counselling, or procuring the commission of the offence of personation, shall (in addition to any other punishment) be incapable during a period of seven years from the date of conviction—

(1) Of being registered as a voter, or voting at any election of a Member of the Council.

(2) Of being elected a member of the Council, or if elected before his conviction, of retaining his seat as such member.

XXXIX. Every person who—

(1) Votes, or induces or procures any person to vote, at any election, knowing that he or such other person is prohibited by this Order, or by any law, from voting at such election;

(2) Before or during an election knowingly publishes a false statement of the withdrawal of a candidate at such election for the purpose of promoting or procuring the election of another candidate;

shall be guilty of an illegal practice, and shall, on summary conviction thereof, be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds, and be incapable, during a period of five years from the date of conviction, of being registered as a voter, or voting at any election of a Member of the Council.

XL. Every person who—

(1) Forges or counterfeits, or fraudulently defaces or destroys, any ballot paper or the official mark on any ballot paper; or

(2) Without due authority supplies a ballot paper to any person; or

(3) Fraudulently puts into any ballot box any paper other than the ballot paper which he is authorised by law to put in; or

(4) Fraudulently takes out of the polling station any ballot paper; or,

(5) Without due authority destroys, takes, opens, or otherwise interferes with any ballot box or packet of ballot papers then in use for the purposes of any election; or,

(6) Not being duly registered as a voter, votes at the election of a Member of the Council;

shall be guilty of misdemeanour, and be liable, if he is a returning officer or presiding officer, or clerk employed at a polling station, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years, with or without hard labour, or to a fine not exceeding two hundred pounds, and, if he is any other person, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months, with or without hard labour, or to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds.