

And whereas by the said Act it is, amongst other things, provided that where His Majesty is satisfied that reciprocal provisions have been made by the Legislature of any part of His Majesty's Dominions outside the United Kingdom for the enforcement within that part of His Dominions of judgments obtained in the High Court in England, the Court of Session in Scotland, and the High Court in Ireland, His Majesty may by Order in Council declare that the said part of that Act shall extend to that part of His Dominions and that on any such Order being made the said part of that Act shall extend accordingly:

And whereas by the said Act it is further provided that His Majesty may by Order in Council declare that the said part of that Act shall apply to any territory which is under His Majesty's protection, or in respect of which a mandate is being exercised by the Government of any part of His Majesty's Dominions, as if that territory were part of His Majesty's Dominions, and that on the making of any such Order the said part of that Act shall, subject to the provisions of the Order, have effect accordingly:

And whereas on the 6th day of December, 1922, the Irish Free State was established under the provisions of an Act of Parliament shortly entitled the Irish Free State Constitution Act, 1922 (Session 2):

And whereas His Majesty is satisfied that the Legislature of the territory hereinafter mentioned in respect of which a mandate is being exercised by the Government of the Commonwealth of Australia has made reciprocal provisions for the enforcement within that territory of judgments obtained in the High Court in England, the Court of Session in Scotland, and the High Court in Ireland:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers by the above-recited Act in His Majesty vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

(1) Part II of the Administration of Justice Act, 1920, shall extend to the territory hereunder mentioned in respect of which a mandate is being exercised by the Government of the Commonwealth of Australia:—

The Territory of New Guinea.

(2) Nothing in this Order shall affect the registration or enforcement in the Irish Free State of any judgment in pursuance of Part II of the said Act.

And the Right Honourable Leopold Charles Stennett Amery, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

M. P. A. Hankey.

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 2nd day of *May*, 1925.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by Section 84, Sub-Section 1 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, it is enacted that wherever it appears to His Majesty in Council that the tonnage regulations of the said Act have been adopted by

any foreign country and are in force there, His Majesty in Council may order that the ships of that country shall, without being remeasured in His Majesty's Dominions, be deemed to be of the tonnage denoted in their certificates of registry or other national papers, in the same manner, to the same extent, and for the same purposes as the tonnage denoted in the certificate of registry of a British ship is deemed to be the tonnage of that ship:

And whereas it appears to His Majesty that the tonnage regulations of the said Act have been adopted by the Government of Iceland, and are in force in that country:

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. This Order may be cited as the Icelandic Tonnage Order, 1925.

2. The merchant ships of Iceland shall be deemed to be of the tonnage denoted in such certificates of registry or other national papers, in the same manner, to the same extent, and for the same purposes as the tonnage denoted in the certificate of registry of a British ship is deemed to be the tonnage of that ship.

M. P. A. Hankey.

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 2nd day of *May*, 1925.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Union of Benefices Act, 1919, of the Union of Benefices Measure, 1921, and of the Union of Benefices Measure, 1923, duly prepared, and laid before His Majesty in Council, a Scheme, bearing date the 19th day of March, 1925, in the words and figures following, that is to say:—

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, acting in pursuance of the Union of Benefices Act, 1919, of the Union of Benefices Measure, 1921, and of the Union of Benefices Measure, 1923, have prepared, and now humbly lay before Your Majesty in Council, the following Scheme for effecting the union of three neighbouring Benefices, that is to say, the Benefice (being a Rectory) of Cheselbourne, the Benefice (being a Vicarage) of Hilton and the Benefice (being a Rectory) of Melcombe Horsey, otherwise Melcombe Bingham (hereinafter referred to as the Benefice of Melcombe Horsey) all of which Benefices are situate in the County of Dorset and in the Diocese of Salisbury:

"Whereas Commissioners appointed at our request by the Right Reverend St. Clair George Alfred, Bishop of Salisbury, pursuant to the provisions of the said Union of Benefices Act, 1919, to inquire into and report upon the union of the said three Benefices of Cheselbourne, Hilton and Melcombe Horsey, duly made their report to the said Bishop of Salisbury and therein recommended the union of the said three Benefices and the terms for effecting the union, and the said Bishop of Salisbury signified in writing his approval of the said Report: