

tonnage denoted in their certificates of registry or other national papers, in the same manner, to the same extent, and for the same purposes, as the tonnage denoted in the certificate of registry of a British ship is deemed to be the tonnage of that ship:

And whereas it appears to His Majesty that the tonnage regulations of the said Act have been adopted by the Government of Estonia and are now in force in that country:

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:--

1. This Order may be cited as the Estonian Tonnage Order, 1926.

2. Estonian ships, the certificates of registry or other national papers of which are dated on or after the 28th November, 1917, shall be deemed to be of the tonnage denoted in such certificates of registry or other national papers in the same manner, to the same extent and for the same purposes as the tonnage denoted in the certificate of registry of a British ship is deemed to be the tonnage of that ship.

M. P. A. Hankey.

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 26th day of *July*, 1926.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by Section 18 of the Extradition Act, 1870, it is, amongst other things, enacted that if by any law or ordinance made after passing of the said Act by the Legislature of any British Possession provision is made for carrying into effect within such Possession the surrender of fugitive criminals who are in, or suspected of being in, such British Possession, His Majesty may, by the Order in Council, applying the said Act in the case of any foreign State, or by any subsequent Order, direct that such law or ordinance or any part thereof shall have effect in such British Possession, with or without modifications and alterations, as if it were part of the said Act:

And whereas by a law enacted by the Legislature of the Bahamas Islands the short title of which is "The Extradition Act, 1926," it is provided that all powers vested in, and acts authorised, or required to be done by a Police Magistrate or any Justice of the Peace in relation to the surrender of fugitive criminals in the United Kingdom under the Extradition Acts, 1870 and 1873, are vested in, and may in the Bahamas Islands be exercised and done by, any Magistrate in relation to the surrender of fugitive criminals under the said Acts:

Provided that a Magistrate in an Out Island shall, on the apprehension of a person under the said Acts, forthwith cause such person to be brought before and to be further dealt with by a Magistrate at Nassau:

And whereas it is provided by the said Act that the said Act shall not come into operation until His Majesty shall by Order in Council direct that the said Act shall have effect within the Colony as if it were a part of the Extradition Act, 1870, and the said Act shall thereafter come into operation so soon as such Order in Council shall have been published in the Gazette:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, in pursuance of the Extradition Act, 1870, and in exercise of the power in that behalf in the said Act contained doth by this present Order, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, direct that the Bahamas Islands Extradition Act, 1926, shall have effect in the Bahamas Islands without modification or alteration as if it were part of the Extradition Act, 1870.

And the Right Honourable Leopold Stennett Amery, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

M. P. A. Hankey.

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 26th day of *July*, 1926.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Union of Benefices Measure, 1923, duly prepared, and laid before His Majesty in Council, a Scheme bearing date the 10th day of June, 1926, in the words and figures following, that is to say:—

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, acting in pursuance of the Union of Benefices Measure, 1923, have prepared, and now humbly lay before Your Majesty in Council, the following Scheme for effecting the union of the Benefice (being a Rectory) of Brent Eleigh and the Benefice (being a Rectory) of Milden, both of which Benefices are situate in the County of Suffolk and in the Diocese of Saint Edmundsbury and Ipswich:

"Whereas Commissioners appointed at our request by the Right Reverend Walter Godfrey, Bishop of Saint Edmundsbury and Ipswich, pursuant to the provisions of the said Union of Benefices Measure, 1923, to inquire into and report upon the union of the said two Benefices of Brent Eleigh and Milden, duly made their Report to the said Bishop of Saint Edmundsbury and Ipswich and therein recommended the union of the said two Benefices and the terms for effecting the union, and the said Bishop of Saint Edmundsbury and Ipswich signified in writing his approval of the said Report:

"And whereas we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, have prepared this Scheme for the union of the said two Benefices based upon the terms recommended in the said Report:

"And whereas the said Benefice of Milden is now full the Reverend Cyril Fairfax Ford being the present Incumbent thereof and the said Benefice of Brent Eleigh is at present vacant:

"And whereas there is charged upon the revenues of the said Benefice of Brent Eleigh a pension (hereinafter referred to as the said pension) of £150 per annum to the Reverend Clement Havergal, late Incumbent of such Benefice:

"Now, therefore, we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, with the consent of the said Walter Godfrey, Bishop of Saint Edmundsbury and Ipswich (in testimony whereof he has signed this Scheme) do humbly