

The London Gazette.

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Moscow, August 20. N. S.

Several Expresses are arrived here from our Army with the News of a great Victory they had obtained over the Turks and Tartars; The Account we have of it is, that *Alexi Simonowitz*, General of the Czar's Forces, being encamped with 7000 Men near *Asip*, he received Advice that the Enemy were marching with a greater Force to attack them, being for that purpose assembled all the Troops they could together; The Moscovites put themselves in a posture to receive them; and on the 30th of July the two Armies had fight of each other; The Enemy came on, and attackt our Camp with great fury, being commanded by *Sulran Galga*, but after a Fight of several hours they were not only repulsed, but the Moscovites leaving their Camp, pressed so hard upon them, that they put them to flight, and our Horse pursued them 3 hours, as far as the River *Ralganski*; in which many of the Turks and Tartars were drowned; The number of killed and Prisoners was likewise very great; and half of their Army is said to be destroyed; This happy Success is of great advantage to us, because 'twas obtained with little loss on our side. Another Body of the Moscovite Forces marched before this Action, towards the *Crim*, and defeated several of the Enemies Parties. This has occasioned great Rejoycing here, and in all parts of *Moscovy*.

Warsaw, Aug. 31. The French Faction continue their Meetings in the Castle here, which they are now Masters of, having turned out the Weywode or Governor; They are sent Deputies to the Elector of *Saxony*, to acquaint him with their late Act of Confederacy, and to desire him to leave the Kingdom, and seem resolved to maintain what they have done by force; for which reason they impatiently expect the Prince of *Conti*; to head them; and some of their Party have already begun to plunder the Houses of the Bishop of *Poznan* and others; The Great Men, who are in the Elector of *Saxony's* Interest, have had several Meetings, to consult together how to proceed against the Persons that have committed these Violences, but think it most advisable to leave Matters as they are, till the Elector's Commission is over, when he will have more Authority to call them to an Account. The Envoy of *Moscovy* has had Audience of the King at *Cracow*, and given him Assurance of his Master's Resolution to assist him with an Army of 6000 Men, if it be necessary.

From the Imperial Army, under the Command of *Prince Eugene of Savoy*, encamped near the *Czitchar-Moras*, Aug. 31. On the 21th of this month we received advice, that the Turkish Army was encamped near *Banzoua*; and that their Fleet was come to *Salankment*; The 22th we decamped from *Czila*; General *Nehem* was sent to command the Forces, posted near *Titul*, and *Prince Eugene*, with several other General Officers, went thither to view the place, and in the evening came back to the Army, which encamped near *Silie Ksbara*; The 23d we continued our march, and came within a League and half of *Besich*; The 24th we rested; The 25th we marched about a League farther; We understood that a strong Body of Turks marched the 23d from their Camp at *Banzoua*, having with them divers Wagons, on which they had laded small Vessels, in order to make a

Bridge, and that they moved towards *Titul*, but having marched about a mile they encamped again; The 26th we came within a League of *Sente* near the *Thyffe*, where the Troops commanded by *Prince Charles of Vaudemour*, joined us; We had advised that the Turkish Army decamped the 25th, early in the morning, from *Banzoua*, and that they intended to pass the River *Terres* the day following near *Birantia*. The 27th our Army lay still; We were informed by General *Nehem*, that the Enemy passed the *Terre* the day before; This was confirmed the 28th; We had also an account, that they encamped near *Cupin*, and that some of their Troops had appeared in sight of *Titul*; Hereupon it was resolved that the whole Army should march thither; accordingly we decamped the same evening, but the next morning received advice from General *Nehem*, that he was on the 28th engaged most part of the day with the Enemy, who attackt him in his Camp near *Titul*, and were several times beaten off, but receiving fresh Reinforcements, and their whole Army coming on, he thought it advisable to retire towards our main Army, as he did, having lost 3 or 400 Men, and the Enemy as many at least; The *Radziens* at the same time quitted the Town; and the Turks burnt it. We understood that General *Rabutin*, with the Forces from *Transylvania*, was come to *Arath*; and Orders were sent him to hasten his march to us. The 30th we came to the Camp where we now are; This day we have an account, that the Ottoman Army has passed the River *Thyffe*; Whereupon we are going to march; General *Rabutin* will join us to-morrow, and having drawn all our Forces together, 'tis resolved to advance directly towards the Enemy, and offer them Battle.

Vienna, Sept. 4. We are in expectation to hear of a great Action in *Hungary*; for when the last Courier came away, which was the first Instant in the morning, the Imperial Army, who had made several Motions to meet and join the Forces from *Transylvania*, were on their march, in a very good condition, and resolved to fight the Enemy, (whose design seem'd to be upon *Peter-Waradin*) and 'twas thought there might be a Battle yesterday or this day. The Bishop of *Saisona*, Ambassador from *Spain*, made his publick Entry here the 2d of this month.

Mentz, Sept. 11. The German Forces invested the Fortress of *Ebernburg* on the 8th Instant, and have since been working to cast up Lines round the place, which, with the other Preparations they have made, give reason to believe, that they intend formally to attack it. The French Army, after having lain several days at *Lambshelm*, is come nearer to the Germans, and encamped this

day at a place called *Pfederheim*. The Margrave of *Bareith*, with the Forces under his Command, marches to join Prince *Lewis* of *Baden*.

Hamburg, Sept. 14. The last Letters from *Dresden* inform us, that divers Persons of Quality, of the Saxon Court, were gone to *Cracow*, to assist at the King of *Poland's* Coronation; where would be a great concourse of the Gentry of that Kingdom; several of whom had offered to raise Troops for his Assistance against all those that should oppose him; They tell us also, that the Chief of the French Party kept together at *Warsaw*, in expectation of the Prince of *Conti's* arrival, whom they had invited by several Messengers; There is at present no more talk of a new Election; each side is resolved to maintain their Election; so that the Sword is like to determine the Dispute.

Paris, Sept. 13. The Count de *Toulouse*, Admiral of *France*, and the Duke of *Elbeuf*, who made the Campaign in *Flanders*, returned hither two days ago. A Vessel is come to *Dunkirke* who met the 5 Ships commanded by *Dubart*, the Prince of *Conti* being on board one of them, about 20 Leagues at Sea, Steering Northwards. The Bishop of *Orleans*, who is now called Cardinal de *Coislin* received last Tuesday his Cap from the French Kings Hands, in the Chapel at *Versailles*. 'Tis said that 20 Battalions are ordered towards *Catalonia*.

Brussels, Sept. 15. The Earl of *Portland* went hence on Friday last for *Holland*; The late Conference he had with *Mareschal Bouffers* passed with great Civility on both sides. The Foot of Prince *Vaudemont's* Army continues in their Camp of *Cockleberg* near this place; The Horse commanded by the Earl of *Arbonne* encamps near *Judoigne* for the conveniency of Forage. *Mareschal Bouffers's* Army is still encamped at *Soignies*; *Mareschal Villeroi* between *Ninove* and *Audenarde*; and *Mareschal Catinat* near *Dixmuyde*. The Elector of *Bavaria* continues with his Forces near *Bruges*.

Los, Sept. 16. On Friday last His Majesty returned hither from *Sveistayke*; The next day His Majesty received a Letter from *Monseigneur Le Fort*, the first Ambassador from *Moscovy*, by Order of the Czar, to inform His Majesty of a great Victory obtained by his Troops over the Turks and Tartars near *Asop*. Last night the Earl of *Portland* returned hither from the Army, but came last from the *Hague*.

Hague, Sept. 17. N. S. My Lord *Portland* arrived here last Saturday in the evening from *Brussels*, and having seen the English and Dutch Ambassadors, returned the next morning early for *Los*; Since which there have been long and extraordinary Conferences held among the Allies, and between them and the French by the Assistance of the Mediator, and the same will be continued every day till Friday next, (when the second Term set by the French expires) in order to adjust the great Affairs now depending. The *Moscovite* Ambassadors have notified to the States their Victory over the Turks and Tartars. The Czar was to Dine this day with His Majesty at *Zuylenstein* near *Utrecht*.

Falmouth, Sept. 6. Yesterday came into this Port the *White-Paw* of *Flushing*, and brought in a French Prize laden with Sugar from *Lisbon*; another Privateer called the *Johanna* of *Flushing*, has sent in a French Vessel laden with Tar and *Rozin*.

The Courts of Directors of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England give notice, That a General Court of the Members of the said Company will be held at the Bank on Wednesday the Fifteenth day of September Instant; at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon.

Whereas several Exchequer Bills, the Sums whereof appear to have been altered, have been paid by *Domingo Antonis*, a Merchant or Factor in London, who is a Portuguese by Birth, a short Man, thin Face, high Nose, black Hair, a very low Peak in his Forehead, wears a dark Periwig, has sore Eyes (one sorer than the other) a Scarf over his Hands, and is slow of Speech; and the said *Domingo Antonis* is absconded and fled from Justice. Whoever therefore shall discover the said Person, and bring him before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, that he may be secured, and gives notice thereof to Mr. John Bamber living in Nicholas-lane, Lombard-street, Packer, shall have 20 l. Reward.

Advertisements.

ON the 20th Instant, at Tuddington Manor in Bedfordshire, will be exposed to Sale all the Household Goods of the Right Honourable the late Lady Wentworth, as Tapestry Hangings, Velvet Beds, Damask, Mohair, and other Silk and Stuff Beds, and Bedding, Chairs, Couches, right India and other Cabinets, Table Stands, Looking-Glasses, China Ware, Linnen, &c. The Sale continues till all is sold.

There being an ancient Fair granted to be held at the Town of *Halfpenny* in the County of *Suffolk* on the Feast of *St. Luke*, being the 18th of October yearly; These are to give notice, that there will be a Bullock Fair at that time held there this present year 1697, in the said Parish, in a place called *Gallow Field*, where all Persons may be sure to be furnished with all kind of Grazing Cattle, both English and Scotch, by several Drovers and Sellers of such Cattle, on the 18th of October next, at reasonable Rates.

Whereas *William Taylor* of *Portsmouth*, Merchant, having procured above Two thirds in Number and Value of his Creditors, to subscribe an Instrument of Composition, &c. being desirous that all his Creditors should subscribe, does hereby give notice, that Attendance will be given every day at the King of *Denmark's* Head at *Portsmouth* until the 29th Instant, and that they do not subscribe and bring in their Accounts in that time will be excluded the benefit of the Composition, and that those who have already subscribed are to take notice, that the Composition money signed and agreed to, will be paid them by *Captn John Suffield*, Notary Publick, at his Office in *Portsmouth*, on the 29th Instant, according to the Tenor of the Instrument.

Lost or mislaid about the 25th of Aug. 97. two Male Ticks, N^o 910951, and 606658. If they are offered on any account you are desired to buy them, and give notice to *John Rapp*, Goldsmith, in the Old Bayley, and you shall have a Guinea Reward; or if already bought, their Money with Costs.

Lost on Tuesday the 31st past between *Hounslow* and *Bury* part, 3 Good Lockets upon a black Ribbon, one of which was set round with small Table Diamonds, W. W. in a Cypher within, and two Angels supporting a Fleming Heart over the Cypher, One other Locket with the Queens Motto, Crown, and Cypher. The other set with two Argents holding a Locket over S. W. in Cypher. If they are offered to be sold, pawned, or valued, you are desired to stop them, and give notice to *Mr. Thomas Jenkins*, Goldsmith, in Essex Street without Temple Bar, and you shall have a Guinea Reward; or if already bought, their Money with Costs. Whoever brings them as above, shall receive the same Reward.

Lost from a Lady's Side on Saturday the 11th Instant, between 5 and 8 in the evening, a Gold repeating Watch with a Cipher and an Emerald Coronet on it. Whoever brings it to the *White Horse* at the Golden-Head in the Pall Mall, shall have 5 Guineas Reward.

Lost the 31st of the last month, between *Tunbridge*, *Wick* and *Bromley*, a Leather Portmanteau with several Pieces of Linnen, and sundry Letters, and divers other Things. Whom gives notice of it to *Mr. Smith* at the Grasshopper in *Lombard-street*, shall have 3 Guineas Reward.

Lost the 7th Instant out of a Field near *Lambeth* in *Surrey*, a black brown Creep Mare about 15 hands high, full aged, a Hole through her near Ear, having had formerly the *Blind* in her Neck very much scarred, a quarter being taken out of her Foot behind; and also a black brown Gelding with a Star in his Forehead, full aged, between 14 and 15 hands high, supposed to be stolen by a Poultry middle-sized Man, somewhat ratty, broad Mouthed, thin Visage, between 30 and 40 years of age. Whoever gives notice to *Mr. Robert Waller*, Coffer maker, in Blackman-street, Southwark, or to *James Wilson* at *Dartford* in *Kent*, so that they may be had again, shall have a Guinea Reward, proportionable for each.