

The London Gazette.

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From Thursday September 23. to Monday September 27 1697.

By the Lords-Justices,

A PROCLAMATION.

The Cantuar. Sunderland, Romney. Orford.

WHereas We have received Information, That several Bills of Credit issued out of the Exchequer pursuant to several Acts made the last Session of this present Parliament, have been forged and Counterfeited by Altering the Sums therein contained, and by Forging Endorsements thereupon. And upon Examination it doth not appear, That there have been more than Five of the said Bills Counterfeited and Altered, which Five Bills are secured, so that no Person can receive any further Prejudice thereby. And whereas several of the Persons concerned in the said Forgery and Counterfeiting are Apprehended, and in Custody for the said Offence, to wit, (viz.) Domingo Antunes a Portuguese, and Robert Marriot, a Taylor, who lately lived in Arundel-street, who were principally concerned therein, have Absconded from their usual Places of Abode, and are fled from Justice: We therefore (with the Advice of His Majesties most Honourable Privy Council) have thought fit to Issue this Proclamation, hereby Commanding all His Majesties Loving Subjects to Discover, Take and Apprehend the said Domingo Antunes, and Robert Marriot, wherever they or either of them may be found, and to carry them before the next Justice of Peace or Chief Magistrate, who is hereby Required to Commit them to the next Goal, there to remain until they shall be thence Delivered by due Course of Law. And We do hereby Require the said Justice, or other Chief Magistrate, immediately to give Notice thereof to His Majesties Privy Council, or to one of His Majesties Principal Secretaries of State. And We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all His Majesties Loving Subjects (as they will answer the contrary at their Perils) that they do not any way Conceal, but Discover, Take and Apprehend the said Domingo Antunes and Robert Marriot, or either of them, as the end they may be proceeded against for such their Offence, according to Law. And We do hereby Promise and Declare, That whoever shall Discover and Apprehend the said Domingo Antunes and Robert Marriot, or either of them, and bring them before such Justice of the Peace, or Chief Magistrate, shall receive as a Reward for each of the said Persons, the Sum of One hundred Pounds; which said Sum of One hundred Pounds the Commissioners of His Majesties Treasury are hereby Directed to Pay accordingly. And We do hereby further Promise and Declare, That if any of the Persons concerned in the said Forgery and Counterfeiting (except the said Domingo Antunes and Robert Marriot) shall Discover and Apprehend the other Persons concerned in the said Forgery and Counterfeiting, or any or either of them, and bring them before such Justice of the Peace or Chief Magistrate, as aforesaid, such Person shall not only have and receive the said Reward of One hundred Pounds, but shall also have his Majesties Gracious Pardon for such his Offence.

Given at the Court at Whitehall the Twenty fourth Day of September, 1697. In the Ninth Year of His Majesties Reign.

At the Council Chamber in Whitehall, the 24th day of September, 1697.

PRESENT

Their Excellencies the Lords-Justices in Council.

WHereas it has been this day Represented in Council, that on Saturday the 4th of this Instant September, about Eleven of the Clock at night, Edward Newton, one of the Riding Surveyors of His Majesties Customs on the Coast of Kent, and Benjamin Woodton his Assistant, being on their Duty in Folkestone-Warren, were then and there Assaulted, Beaten, Cut and Wounded; to the hazard of their Lives, by certain Persons Armed with Swords, Pistols, and other Weapons. Their Excellencies the Lords-Justices in Council are pleased to Order; for the better Discovering the Offenders, and bringing them to Condign Punishment,

that publick notice be given in the Gazette, that whatsoever shall at any time, within the space of Two Months next ensuing, discover the said Persons or any of them, so as they may be Apprehended and Carried before some Justice of the Peace, or other Magistrate, in order to be Prosecuted according to Law, shall receive 20 l. as a Reward; And if any of the said Offenders shall at any time within Six weeks next ensuing, and before he is Discovered and Apprehended, discover any of the Persons therein concerned, so as they may be Apprehended and Committed to Prison, in order to be Prosecuted as aforesaid, such Person shall not only have and receive the said Reward of 20 l. but be Pardoned for such Offence.

JOHN POVEY.

Cracow, Sept. 17. The Primate and those of his Party have laboured all they could to hinder, or at least delay, the Elector of Saxony's Coronation; To this end they made several Proposals, and offered to come over to his side, in case he would defer this Solemnity, till after he had called a general Dyer, where Matters might be settled with mutual Content and Agreement; but all this being look'd upon only as an Amusement, to gain time till the Prince of Conti's arrival in this Kingdom, the King, with the Advice of the Great Men about him, resolved to proceed to his Coronation; accordingly on the 13th Instant he made a publick Entry into this City, with much State and Splendor, and on the 15th was Crowned in the Great Church, by the Bishop of Cracovia, assisted by several other Bishops; which was performed with all the Pomp and Ceremonies usual on the like Occasions, and in the presence of a great Concourse of the Nobility, among whom were the Crown General, the Prince of Lubomirski Marechal of the Court, and most of the Senators, and 'twas particularly observed, that many of the Gentlemen, who were before look'd upon to be engaged in the contrary Interest, did assist at this Solemnity; Which concluded with a great Entertainment; and with firing of the Artillery of this place, and with 3 Salvo's of all the Saxon Forces encamped under the Walls of the Town, Fireworks, &c. Yesterday the Magistrates of this City took an Oath of Fidelity to the King; who, 'tis believed, will now march towards Warfaw.

Dantzicke, Septemb. 21. The Elector of Saxony is Crowned King of Poland; and Affairs are within this Fortnight very much changed to his advantage; Several of the Chief of the Nobility, who adhered to the Prince of Conti, have left that side and submitted to him. The Army, we hear, has also declared for him; and 'tis believed, the Magistrates of this City, who have hitherto remained Neuter, will do the like in few days.

Vienna, Sept. 18. On the 14th Instant Prince Charles of Vaudemont arrived here from the Imperial Army in Hungary, to bring the Emperor the good news of an entire and glorious Victory they have obtained over the Turks, with these Particulars.

The Turkish Army having passed the River Theysse, under the command of the Grand Visier, and posted themselves between the Imperial Army and Peter-Waradin, by which means they endeavoured to cut off our Communication with the Danube; Prince Eugene of Savoy, who commands in Chief the Emperor's Forces, resolved to soon as General Rabin with the Troops from Transylvania had joined him, to march towards the Enemy; and attack them in their Camp; This was put in execution on the 11th Instant, and with more diligence, because he was informed by some Prisoners, that the Turks to avoid a Battle were going to repass the Theysse; After several hours march the Imperialists came up with the Enemy, whom they found posted near Senza, being 25000 Janisaries and 6000 Horses, having secured their Camp with a treble Intrenchment, and a Bridge behind them; The Grand Signior lay encamped with the rest of his Army on the other side of the River; Our Troops with great bravery attacked the first Intrenchment, which they made themselves Masters of in an hours time; The Turks retiring within their second Intrenchment; where they made a great resistance, but were likewise beaten from that, and from the third, and fled in great confusion, but being stop'd by the narrowness of the Bridge, and the Crowd that endeavoured to pass it, a great slaughter was made by several Pieces of Cannon which played upon them; Of the Enemy there were found killed upon the place about 12000 besides those that

were drowned, the number of which was likewise very great: The Grand Visier, Aga of the Janisaries, and several Bassa's, are among the slain; We took all their Baggage Wagons and Tents, 72 Pieces of Cannon, great quantity of Ammunition, and a great many Horses; The Grand Signior seeing this Defeat of his Forces, abandoned his Camp on the other side the *Theisse*, and retired with great precipitation toward *Temswaer*; The Imperial Horse and Hussars pursued the Enemy, killed a great number, and took all their Heavy Artillery, Tents, Treadmill, and Baggage, while they left in their second Camp, and tis reckoned their loss in all could not be less than 20000 men; and on our side there are not above 1000 killed. Since this several other Officers are arrived from the Army, who not only confirm the Account before-mentioned, but relate several further Particulars, by which the Enemies loss appears to be yet greater; that all their Foot is cut off, and that we have taken 160 pieces of Cannon, with an incredible Booty. The Count of Dietrichstein is expected here this Evening, bringing with him a more ample Relation, with the Standards and Colours that have been taken, and the Grand Signiors own Tent. The Emperor has writ to all the Princes and States his Allies to acquaint them with this happy Success.

Cologne, Sept. 27. The German Forces according to the last Advices from the *Upper-Rhine*, continued the Siege of *Ebernbourg*, and having made a considerable Breach, they were preparing things for a general Assault, which they intended to make on the 25th; But an Express having passed through this place some days ago, with an Account that a Truce is concluded between the Emperor and France, and signed by their respective Ambassadors at *Ryswick*, we may expect to hear by our next Letters that an end has been put to all Hostilities. There has been great Rejoicing in this City, as well as at *Coblentz, Bonn, and Dusseldorp*, for the Defeat of the Turkish Army in *Hungary* on the 11th of this month.

Paris, Sept. 27. On the 24th the Count de Celi arrived here, being dispatched by the French Ambassadors in *Holland*, to acquaint the King, that they had on the 20th signed the Peace with the King of England, King of Spain, and the States-General; which News was no sooner known here, but it caused so great and universal Joy, as cannot be expressed. The last Advice they have received at this Court concerning the Prince of Conti, is, that he had passed the *Soudt*, in his way to *Danzwick*. The Squadron commanded by Monsieur *Chasseaurenaud* was, by our last Letters, still at *Brest*, and tis reported that Orders are sent thither to disarm them; as well as the Ships fitted at *Rochefort*. By a Vessel arrived at *St. Malo* from *Newfoundland*, we have Advice, that the *Maquis de Nesmond* was with his Squadron on the 4th of *August* in the *Bay du Chapeau Rouge*, about 25 Leagues from *Placencia*. By another Vessel from the *West-Indies* tis confirmed, that the English had taken and plundered *Pesit-Guatus*; and that they had also taken a Ship belonging to the *Fleebcoeters* who were returned with the Plunder they got at *Cartagena*. Monsieur *Pelletier* formerly Comptroller General of the Finances, has quitted all his Employments, and desired leave to retire.

Brussels, Sept. 29. The Elector of *Bavaria* has received a Letter from the Emperor, wherein his Imperial Majesty acquaints him with the great Victory with which it has pleased God to bless his Arms against the Turks; The Enemy under the command of the Visier had very strongly entrenched themselves on this side the River *Theisse*, being about 25000 Janisaries and 6000 Spahis, where the Imperial Forces attack'd them on the 11th of this month, and after some resistance entirely routed them; 12000 of the Turks were killed upon the place, among whom were the Visier, Aga of the Janisaries, and several Bassa's, and many were drowned in endeavouring to repass the River, all their Cannon and Baggage were taken, and this Signal Success cost the Germans not above 900 or 1000 men; The Sultan, who during this Action was on the other side of the *Theisse*, fled with 7 or 8000 Horse towards *Temswaer*. The Armies in *Flanders* upon the News of the Peace, are going to separate, and to retire to their Quarters. The *Marschal de Boufflers* is expected here in few days.

Loe, Sept. 30. The 21th His Majesty received an Account by an Express from the *Hague*, that the Peace was Signed between His Majesty, the King of Spain, the States-General, and the Most Christian King, and that a Term is allowed the Emperor and Empire to the first of November for Signing their Treaty according to the last Declaration of the French Ambassadors; and on the 22d the Lord *Villiers* arrived here to give His Majesty a farther Account of this Matter; The same day His Majesty received Advice of a very Signal Victory obtained by the Germans in *Hungary*; Which the Emperor has since notified to His Majesty by Letter; The King has likewise an Account of a great Victory which the *Moscovites* have got over the Turks and Tartars, which His Majesty gave immediately notice of, to the Czar at *Amsterdam*, who had not so early Advice of it. The Pensioner of *Holland* arrived here the 25th,

and returned on the 27th to the *Hague*. Yesterday the *Prince de Vaudemont* came hither from *Flanders*; and the Elector of *Bavaria* is hourly expected.

Hague, Oct. 1. N. S. On the 22th of the last month the Ambassadors of the Allies met again with the French Ambassadors at *Ryswick*, where a Cessation of Arms was agreed on between the Emperor and France, as follows.

We the Ambassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiaries of the Emperor, and the most Christian King, by the Interposition of the Extraordinary Ambassador and Plenipotentiary of the King of Sweden, Mediator, and at the Instance of the Ambassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiaries of the Three Powers, who concluded the Peace with the Most Christian Majesty on the 20th of September last, in confidence that their Imperial and most Christian Majesties will approve the same, have agreed, that there shall be a perfect Cessation of all manner of Hostilities, under what pretence soever they may be, without any reserves whatsoever, between the Armies, Troops, and Subjects of the Emperor and the Empire, and the Most Christian King, without exception of Places, until the first day of November next; and to this effect, their said Majesties shall forthwith send Orders to all their Generals, and Commanders of their Troops and Armies, for the speedy putting in execution the present Agreement: In Witness whereof we have signed and sealed the same, Done at the Castle of *Ryswick* the 22th of September 1697. Signed by the Imperial and French Ambassadors. Who the same day dispatched Expresses to Prince *Lewis of Baden*, and to the *Marschal Chojseul*, to give them notice thereof. On the 25th in the afternoon was another general Meeting at *Ryswick*; and the Imperial and French Ambassadors had a long Conference together. The 26th in the afternoon my Lord *Villiers* went to *Delft*, accompanied by divers English Gentlemen, and with a Splendid Equipage, to pay the first Visit to the French Ambassadors at the last Corners; who received his Excellency and his Retinue with a great deal of Honour and Civility. The 27th the Ambassadors of *Moscow* made their publick Entry here; They came in several Yachts from *Amsterdam*, till within half a mile of this place, where the States sent two very rich Coaches, with 6 Horses each, to meet and conduct them hither, with an Attendance of about 50 other Coaches; The States had ordered two Houses to be provided for them; and Eight of the States Deputies received and Complimented them at their arrival there; The Czar came likewise incognito. The 29th in the afternoon the French Ambassadors returned their Visits to my Lord *Villiers* in great Ceremony, Monsieur de *Harley* came first and alone, and then Monsieur de *Grey* and Monsieur de *Calliere* together; after which they went in the same manner to the Houses of the Earl of *Pembroke* and Sir *Joseph Williamson*, and made their Excellencies the first Visit, as being last arrived. The Conferences between the Imperial and French Ambassadors are continued at *Ryswick*, and tis not doubted but they will bring their Affairs to a good Conclusion before the beginning of the next month.

Hastings, September 18. The Mayor, Jurats, and Commonalty of this Corporation received the welcome News of the Peace with all fairable Demonstrations of Joy, which appeared by firing of Guns, ringing of Bells, Bonfires, &c. And all the Inhabitants here expressed on this occasion their Dutiful Affection for His Majesty's Royal Person and Government, with great Zeal and Loyalty.

Whitehall, Sept. 26. Last night arrived here one of His Majesty's Messengers from *Holland*, being sent over with the Treaty of Peace concluded between His Majesty and the Most Christian King, in order to its Ratification, which being dispatched under the Great Seal, was sent back this Evening.

Admiralty-Office, September 21. 1697.

Whereas the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty did receive a Letter by the Post, signed A. B. which contains several things relating to the late Action of Captain *Harlow*; These are to give Notice, That if the Person who writ the said Letter, will apply himself to one of the Secretaries of the Admiralty, his Name shall not be made known, without his own consent, and he shall likewise be Rewarded, and Preferred by their Lordships.

William Bridgeman.

Advertisements.

THE Plate is to be run for at the Paddock at *Manspoo-Court* on Monday the 4th day of October next, between 11 and 12 of the Clock, value about 20 l. but for the future upon the 19th day of September next.

Samuel Nath next the Bear-Tavern against the Royal-Exchange in *Cornhill*, Hoffer, intends to leave off Trading; his Shop Goods, being Silk, Worsted, and Thread Stocking, and Flanock, &c. are to be sold at very reasonable rates, and the House and Shop to be Let.