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Kensington, Decemb. i.

THE following Addresses from the City of Worcester, and the Incorporated Company of Clothiers there, were Presented to His Majesty by William Bromley Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament, introduced by the Right Honourable my Lord Chancellor, and his Grace the Duke of Somersbury.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

WE your Majesties truly Dutiful, Loyal and Obedient Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of Your Majesty's City of Worcester in Council Assembled, humbly beg one of your Most Sacred Majesty, to lay at Your Feet our Hearts full of Joy for Your safe and happy Return from so many apparent Dangers to which Your Sacred Person hath been so often Exposed for our sakes, more especially since You are attended with the greatest Blessings, an Honourable Peace, which we hope may be firm and lasting.

When we reflect upon the Miraculous Dispensations of the Divine Providence, how by Your Majesty's Prudence and Conduct, we have been rescued from the very Jaws of Popery and arbitrary Power, and as by a true Defender of the Faith, we have God's True Religion Established amongst us, and are Protected in our just Rights and Liberties, in all things that are valuable and dear to true English-men. We cannot but acknowledge, that Praise and Glory is a Tribute due to the Great Creator and Almighty Preserver of Mankind; and Loyalty and True Obedience to Your Majesty, as the Instrument by which these many and wonderful Blessings were shew'd down upon us. And as a natural Consequence from thence, We humbly and heartily Assure Your Most Sacred Majesty of the Assistance our Persons and Purse can give, to Secure unto the just Rights and Prerogatives of the Crown, being fully Convinced of the Truth of this Maxim; That as a King of England can by no better Means secure His Prerogative then by Defending His People in their Liberties and Properties; so the People have no other Means to secure their Privileges than by Supporting the Prerogative.

That all Your Subjects may be of the same Mind, that the King of Kings may make Your Crown ease, and Your Reign long and prosperous, and that after You have attained to the top of all Earthly Honour here, You may at last be Crowned with an Eternal weight of Glory hereafter, is the hearty Prayer of us, and of all Your Majesty's Loyal Subjects.

In Testimony whereof we have hereunto affixed our Common Seal, this 24th of November 1697. in the ninth Year of Your Majesty's Reign.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The Humble Address of the Incorporated Company of Clothiers, in Your City of Worcester.

May it please Your Majesty,

WE Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects being highly sensible of the greatest Obligations that were lay'd upon us from a Ransom'd People, to the Victorious Hand that hath Redeemed them, are desirous on this Occasion, to express our Gratitude in the most humble Demonstrations of Joy for Your Majesty's happy and safe Return from the Dangers and Perils of War.

We cannot but Adore the Careful Hand of Providence that hath preserved You always safe, and returned You most Victorious.

We acknowledge it Your Majesty's just and peculiar Character, that the Pleasures and Softness of a Throne hath been less Your Choice than the weightier Cares of Your Peoples Protection; and it appears to have been Your Majesty's Gene-

vous Endeavours, rather to preserve our Properties than to have enjoyed Your own.

These Resentments (Dread Sovereign) are such as melt the most Ungrateful of Your People, to a willing Obedience; and render You no less a Conqueror at home, by endearing Obligations, then You have appeared abroad by the Terror of Puissant Armies.

We only Beg leave to add our Devoutest Prayers, That Heaven would long continue to us such a Monarch, and that while Your Happy People are enrich'd by Peace and Trade, they may still remember the Author of them both, and always pay that just Tribute of Loyalty and Fidelity that is due unto the best of Princes.

In Testimony whereof we have hereunto put our Common Seal, this 24th of November 1697.

The Humble Address of the City of Coventry was presented to His Majesty by George Bohun Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament, and Thomas Hopkins Esq; introduced by the Right Honourable my Lord Chamberlain.

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty.

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Sheriffs, Council, Gentlemen, and Citizens of Your Majesty's Ancient City of Coventry.

Great SIR,

WE cannot but with unspeakable thankfulness praise the infinite Goodness of Almighty God, in putting it into Your Majesty's Heart to undertake the most Glorious Enterprize of rescuing these Kingdoms from Popery and Slavery, to which we had been inevitably reduced, had not Your Majesty (the only means and hopes under God we had left) with the hazard of Your Sacred Person, both by Sea and Land, relieved us in our last extremity. We do also with all Duty, Loyalty, and Joy, Congratulate Your Majesty's happy and safe Return, after so many Years dangerous War. And as it is to be attributed to Your Majesty's Illustrious Character, of Wisdom, Courage, and Inviolable Observance of Your Word, that a League of so many Potentates, Princes, and States, has so firmly and so long united together, so it is to Your Majesty's Wise and Heroick Conduct that is owing, not only the Liberties of these Nations, but of the greatest part of Europe, which You have now secured, by an Honourable and Advantageous Peace, from which we promise our selves Safety, Plenty, and Prosperity; And above all, the continual Blessing of Your Royal Presence, which that we may many, very many Years enjoy, are the most Zealous and hearty Prayers of Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects.

The Humble Address of the Borough of Warwick was presented to His Majesty by Sir Charles Shuckburgh Bar. being introduced by His Grace the Duke of Shrewsbury.

Great SIR,

WE Your Majesty's most Faithful and Obedient Subjects the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Burgessees of Your Ancient Borough of Warwick, do with a Joy, equal, if possible, to our Duty, and so Illustrious an Occasion, receive the happy Tydings of Your Majesty's safe Return to Your Kingdoms, attended with the most desirable Success of War, a just and Honourable Peace, the product of Your Counsels, the effect of Your Valour, and the Merit no less then the Reward of so exalted a Virtue.

We beg leave to offer the repeated Assurances of an inviolable Fidelity to Your Sacred Person, Adherence to Your undoubted Title, and sincere affection to Your Government, re-established by Your Wisdom and invincible Resolution on its Primitive and Legal Foundations: Your Majesty being not only the Defender of the Faith You have happily restored, but the Deliverer of Oppressed Nations, the Redeemer and Assister of the Common Liberties of Europe.

And

And therefore, with the most transported Zeal of a Free-born and Grateful People, we cease not to implore Heaven, that the same Auspicious Providence, which at first inspired Your Royal Heart, with these Glorious Designs, and since Crowned Them with no less Glorious Events; will evermore preserve the now united Interests of King and People, and make Your Majesty, through the course of a Long, Serene, and Happy Reign, the perpetual Abiter of that Bliss'd Place, Your Royal Prows hath given to the Western World.

The Humble Address of the Borough and Corporation of Colchester, was presented to His Majesty by *Ralph Creffield* Esquire, Mayor, being Introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of *Oxford*, Lord Lieutenant of the County of *Essex*, and High Steward of the said Corporation.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty, William III. By the Grace of GOD, of England, Scotland, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Assitants, and Common Council, and of the Free Burgesses and Inhabitants of Your Majesty's Antient and Loyal Borough and Corporation of Colchester.

May it please Your Majesty,

WE humbly beg leave to Congratulate Your Majesty's late prosperous Return to Your Kingdoms, We Bless GOD for it, and for that Honourable Peace Your Majesty brought along with You. Many of Your Majesty's Predecessors, Kings and Queens of England, have done Worthily, but Your Majesty Exceeds them all. You have been a Glorious Defender of the Christian Faith, and the Maintainer and Upholder of the Protestant Cause, whereby Your Majesty hath gained a Name that will last so long as the Sun and Moon endure.

And that To Your Majesty may long Sit upon the Throne, and enjoy the Benefit, and reap the Fruit of that Peace which Your Majesty hath Procured for Your Kingdoms, and the greatest part of Christendom, is the hearty Prayers of us, Your Majesty's most humble Loyal and Obedient Subjects. In Testimony whereof we have hereunto caused our Common Seal to be affixed the 23th day of November, in the Ninth Year of Your Majesty's Reign.

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Burgesses, together with His Majesty's Officers in the Port, the Parson, and all others Inhabitants of the Corporation of *Falmouth*, was Presented to His Majesty by *Sir Peter Kettigrew*, introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of *Rivers*.

dread Sovereign,

May it please Your most August and Excellent Majesty.

WE Your Majesty's most Loyal and Dutiful Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Burgesses, together with Your Majesty's Officers in the Port, the Parson, and all others Inhabitants of Your Majesty's Corporation of *Falmouth*, humbly beg leave (from a deep Sense of our own Happiness under Your Majesty's incomparably Benign Government and Protection, with a Joy al together Astonishing and Inexpressible) to lay down at Your Sacred Feet (which have now brought the Blessing of that glorious Peace, which Your Majesty's Heroical Prowess and Auspicious Arms have acquired) this most sincere Testimony of our profound Duty and Affection.

Dr. and SIR,

We are of nothing more Proud, nor have we been of any thing more Ambitious than this, That we are of one Heart in a Zealous Allegiance and Fidelity to Your Majesty's Royal Person and Government. We have always most Devoutly Implored the great and good God to render Successful Your great and good Enterprizes for the Deliverance of our Church and State, and for the Protection of many oppressed Princes and Nations; To defend and preserve Your Royal

Person in those Innumerable Hazards and Dangers, which both by Sea and Land it hath been exposed to, for the Welfare of England and all Europe: We have still longed and hoped for to see this happy day of Your Safe Return from the Fatigue of Wars, Crown'd with Laurels and the Olive Branch, and being now Bless'd with the Sight of it, in the Excess of our Joy and Thanksgiving unto God, our Hearts mutually Eccho to each other, Long Live and Reign the greatest and best of Monarchs, King *William the Third*, over England, &c.

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Chief Citizens of the City of *Hereford* in Common-Council assembled, was presented to His Majesty by the Right Honourable the Lord *Coningsby*, their High Steward; and the Honourable *Paul Foley*, Esq; Speaker of the House of Commons; and *James Morgan*, Esq; their Representatives in Parliament.

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Bayliff, and Commonalty of the City of *Oxon*, was presented to His Majesty by the Mayor and several Freemen of that City. And the Humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgh-masters of the Corporation of *Westbury* in the County of *Wilts*, was presented by the Honourable *Robert Berkeley*, Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament; being both introduced by my Lord *President*.

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Assitants of the City of *New Sarum*, was presented to His Majesty by *Sir Thomas Mompesson*, one of their Representatives in Parliament, and *Robert Eyre*, Esq; their Recorder.

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Bayliffs, Burgesses, and others the Inhabitants of the Borough of *Clifton-Durmouth-Hardness*, was presented to His Majesty by *Sir Joseph Heine*, introduced by His Grace the Duke of *Shrewsbury*.

The Humble Address of the Bishop, Dean, Chapter, and other Dignitaries of the Cathedral Church of *St. Peter's* in *Exeter*, presented to His Majesty by *Dr. Lake*, Arch-Deacon, and several of the *Prebendaries*.

The Humble Address of the Town of *Dorchester*, in *Dorset*, was presented to His Majesty by *Sir Robert Napier*, their Recorder, introduced by His Grace the Duke of *Queensborough*.

The Humble Address of the Borough of *Saltrish* in the County of *Cornwall*, presented to His Majesty by *Francis Baker* and *Walter Moyle*, Esqs; their Representatives in Parliament, introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of *Radnor*, Lord-Lieutenant of that County.

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Sheriffs, Burgesses and Freemen of the Borough and Corporation of *Wigan*, in *Lancashire*, presented to His Majesty by *Sir Roger Bradshaw*, Baronet.

The Humble Address of the Borough and Sea-Port of *Leverpocke*, was presented to His Majesty, by *William Norris* and *Jasper Maudit*, Esqs; their Representatives in Parliament.

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Jurats, and Freemen of the Town of *Rye* in the County of *Suffex*, was presented to His Majesty by *Sir John Aultin*, one of their Representatives in Parliament.

All which Addresses His Majesty received very Graciously.

Venice, Nov. 22. A Report is come by Letters from *Mellina*, of a Fourth Engagement this Year between the *Venetian* and *Turkish* Fleets; but we do not yet know what credit to give to it.

Cracow, Nov. 19. The Party that not long ago appeared against the King, are now quite broke; Most of them have already submitted to His Majesty, and 'tis not doubted but the rest will do the like; The King has sent orders to stop the march of the *Saxon* Forces, that were coming from *Hungary*, where they will now Winter, seeing there is like to be no occasion for them in this Kingdom; The Forces of *Poland* are ordered to their Winter-quarters; And the *Sieur Potoki* who Commanded the Detachment that was advanced as far as *Zawickhoff*, in their march this way, arrived here yesterday, and gave the King new assurances of the Fidelity and good Affection of the Army to His Majesty and His Interests; The Publick Tranquillity being thus restored, 'tis said a General Dyet will be forthwith held, to consider what is necessary to be further done, as well for seeing the affairs of the Kingdom, as for carrying on the War against the *Turks*.

Worship,

Warsaw, Nov. 22. The last Letters from Lithuania by, Prince Sapiha, Great General of that Duchy, has made his submission to the King of Poland; Other Great Men of that Country have followed his example; And 'tis generally believed the Cardinal Primate will likewise make his Peace in few days, having already made some steps towards it.

Dantzicke, Nov. 27. A Ship belonging to this City arrived here yesterday in 6 days from the Sound, and brings an account, that the King of Denmark would not suffer the Sieur du Bart to carry the Dantzicke Ships, which he took in this Road, through the Sound; And they were therefore left at Copenhagen, and Danish Seamen put on Board them; so we hope they will be quickly released and return hither.

Vienna, Nov. 23. Prince Eugene of Savoy arrived here 2 days ago from Sclavonia, and was very kindly received by the Emperor. General Rabutin gives the following account of his late Expedition with the Forces from Transylvania.

On the 4th Instant, after having marched several days, our Troops being between 3 and 4000 Men, arrived before Vipalanka, and orders were given immediately to raise 2 Batteries, one for Cannon, and the other for Mortars; The Night following the Turks put a reinforcement of 150 Men into the Town, with a supply of Ammunition and Provisions, and their Gallies and other Vessels in the Danube approached, to annoy us all they could. The 5th, our Cannon and Mortars began to play, and with good success, setting the Town on Fire in several places; The Enemies Gallies Cannonaded our Camp all the day; and a small body of their Troops, appeared on a Hill at some distance from Vipalanka, which gave us cause to believe that they intended to attempt the relief of it; G. Rabutin resolved therefore, before they had gathered a greater strength together, to make an Assault upon the Town, tho' he found it much stronger than he expected, being Fortified with a good Ditch and Intrenchments, and a Treble Row of Pallisadoes; This was put in execution on the 6th, and 800 Germans, and 200 Rascians were appointed to make the Attack, which was done at day-break, in 2 several places, and at the same time our Cannon and Mortars were fired from our Batteries; The Turks for some time defended themselves very well; And their Gallies gave them all the assistance they could, by playing their Cannon upon us; But our Men having pulled down the Pallisadoes, after a very obstinate Fight of an hour and a half, they entered the Town, and made themselves Masters of it, most of the Garrison, which consisted of 400 Men, with divers of the Inhabitants being put to the Sword. On the 7th General Rabutin caused the place to be demolished, being situated too far from the Imperial Territories, to think of keeping it. On the 8th the Forces rested. The 9th, the Cannon taken at Vipalanka being 11 Brass pieces, were sent to Caransebes; and Col. Herberstein marched before with 800 German Horse and Dragoons, and the Radzien Troops, towards Banoua, and on the 10th arrived there early in the morning; The Turks upon the News of his march, quitted the place after having set it on Fire, and retired to Wisniza; Col. Herberstein found there several pieces of Cannon, and gave orders for ruining that part of the Town which remained unburnt; after which he intended to rejoin General Rabutin, who continued in the mean time at a place called Schitwin with the rest of the Forces; which would then return to their Winter-quarters.

The Letters from Carelstat in Croatia of the 11th Instant inform us, That the Vice-Ban or Lieutenant-Governor of that Province, having gathered together the Forces under his Command, in order to make an Incursion into Bosnia, they passed the River Unna

the 31th of the last Month, and marched the two days following through very difficult ways; The 3d they advanced to the River Gomilnieza; The Turks endeavoured to hinder our passing it, and had cast up some Works for that purpose, but the Croations after a short dispute, put them to flight, and advanced into the Territories of Tymar, making a great destruction in the Country; The Vice-Ban marched to the pass of Maydan, and the Turks upon his approach abandoned it, The Croations demolished the Works they found there; and went on to Bagnaluca; several Parties were sent out, who burnt the Villages, and made a great ravage for divers Miles round; The Turks in the mean time sallied out of the Town of Bagnaluca, and fell with great fury upon our Troops, which were posted near that place, to observe the Garison and cover our Party's that were abroad, but the Enemy were beaten back and many of them killed, among whom was one of their Principal Officers; the Croations continued for 3 days together to plunder and destroy the Country, and took the Palanke of Cerska by storm, which they afterwards burnt; and having thus successfully executed their design, and caused a very great Alarm and Terror through all the Country, our Troops marched back in very good order, to Croatia, and are gone to Quarters.

Paris, Dec. 2. The Reform the King has ordered to be made in the French Forces of five Men in each Troop of Horse and Dragoons and Company of Foot, was to begin yesterday; Orders being sent to the several Commissaries for this purpose, as likewise for breaking the Second Lieutenants of the Foot, and the Cornets of Horse. We expect every Hour the News of the Prince of Cony's arrival at Dunkirk. 'Tis said the King has refused to receive the Letter of the Magistrates of Dantzick, being much dissatisfied with their late Behaviour towards the Prince of Cony. The Duke of Burgundy's Marriage remains fixed for the 7th of this Month; and Balls and other Entertainments will on this Occasion, be continued with Extraordinary Magnificence, for several days together. The Duke de Vendosme, and the Grand Prior his Brother, arrived here this day from Catalonia. Count Tallard prepares for his Embassy to England; and the Marquis de Harcourt for his to Spain.

Brussels, Dec. 4. The Town of Courtray is to be restored this day to the Spaniards. The 4 Regiments of the Forces of Hesse, which were Quartered about Ruremonde, are marched towards Germany, and the Count de Horne, who was sent to hasten them, is come back. Monsieur du Harlay, one of the French Ambassadors for the late Treaty at Ryswick, passed through this City on the Second Instant in his return to France. The Prince de Vaudemont has received from the Court of Spain, his Commission to be Governor of Milan; and 'tis believed he will in a short time begin his Journey thither.

Amsterdam, Dec. 6. The Moscovite Ambassadors have received advice, that an Army of Turks and Tartars having besieged a Place called Quizy-Karmey, where the Moscovites have a Garison, the Czar's Forces marched to their Relief, and gave the Enemy a great Overthrow, having killed 4000 of them upon the Place, and taken many Prisoners, with all their Artillery and Baggage; The said Ambassadors intend to make Publick Demonstrations of Rejoycing for this Victory:

Hague, Dec. 6. The States have now under consideration the raising of Funds for the next year to pay off Arrears, and for other Services; and intend to raise again the Tax of the Hundred Penny; They have resolved to take into their Service six thousand Suissers above the Number they had before the War. Yesterday Don Quiros, the Spanish Ambassador, had a Conference with the French Ambassadors at Delf, and delivered to them

them the King of Spains Ratification of the Act concerning several Villages of the Chastellenie of Ath, yielded by that Crown to France. We have advice, that the Peace is Ratified at Ratisbonne by all the Princes of the Empire, and sent to the Emperor for his Confirmation, after which the Ratification is expected here in few days.

Dublin, Novemb. 24. On the 19th instant the Lords Justices went to the House of Lords, and the Commons being sent for, the Royal Assent was given to

An Act for Granting an Additional Duty on Tobacco, and for continuing an Aid or Additional Custom on several Merchandizes; and also for continuing the Additional Duty on Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, to the 25th of December 1702.

An Act to hinder the Reversal of several Outlawries, and to prevent the return of Subjects of this Kingdom that have gone into the Dominions of the French King in Europe.

An Act for taking away the Benefit of Clergy in some Cases.

An Act for making the Collectors Receipts for Quit-Rents, Crown-Rents, and other Rents, due to the Crown, Full and Legal Discharges for the same. and for Limiting their Fees therein.

The Bill for the better securing His Majesty's Royal Person and Government, passed the House of Commons yesterday, and was this day Read the first time in the House of Lords, and Ordered a Second Reading to morrow morning.

The Poll Bill had this day a Second Reading in the House of Commons, and is committed to a Committee of the whole House for Friday next.

This day the Lords Justices sent the following Message to the House of Commons.

Gentlemen,
This Meeting of the Parliament having continued very long by reason of the many Matters of great Importance which have been under Consideration, and we having, together with the last Bills which we sent to you, received His Majesty's Pleasure to have a Recess in a very few days, and likewise Advice, That no other Bill can be expected during this Meeting, save only, that for the easier Recovery of small Debts. We therefore thought it necessary to Recommend to you the speedy proceeding on such Bills as are now before you, that such of them as shall be approved of may be ready for the Royal Assent.

Upon the good News of His Majesty's Safe arrival in England, the publick Joy was expressed here this Evening with Bonfires, Illuminations, and a Treble Discharge of the great Guns at the Castle.

The Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury having received Information, that the following Exchequer-Bills have been irregularly Endorsed, viz. Nam. 9918 40l. N. 22247 40l. N. 22326 40l. N. 12252 40l. N. 12143 40l. N. 23364 40l. N. 8143 60l. N. 8330 60l. N. 10475 60l. N. 10227 60l. N. 8111 60l. N. 8747 100l. N. 29430 100l. N. 8902 100l. N. 6864 100l. N. 12174 40l. N. 2749 10l. and N. 2696 10l. For the more effectual discovering of the said Irregularity, their Lordships are pleased to Direct, that the Person or Persons who have the said Bills, or any of them, do bring them in to the Trustees appointed, and Chosen for circulating the said Exchequer Bills, at their Office near the Exchequer; And that the said Trustees shall paye such Person or Persons Money for the said Bills, if they be Specie Bills; or deliver other Bills of like value, if they be Non-Specie Bills.

The Right Honourable The Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are pleased to give Notice to the Contrahors upon a Second Contract or Agreement made for Advancing Money for Exchanging Exchequer-Bills, that they pay unto Francis Eyles Esq; Sir Theodore Janssen Mordecai Abbott, Gilbert Heathcote, William Sedgwick, George Doddington, Esquires, Sir William Ashurst, James Bateman, Esquire, Sir Henry Furnese, and Sir Joseph Herne Trustees, appointed for Management of the said Affair, or to Seven or more of them, or to their Cashier at their Office near the Exchequer, a Stock Payment, that is to say, one full English part of the Money by them respectively Subscribed, on the 5th day of this Instant December, or within 14 days then next ensuing, pursuant to the said Contract.

The Court of Directors of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England give Notice, That a General Court of the Members of the said Company will be held at the Bank on Wednesday the 15th day of December Instant, at 10 of the Clock in the Morning. And that the Transfer-Books will be shut up from the 22th Instant to the 7th of January next. That from the said 7th of January to the 25th Ditto, Transfers will be made only on 2 Days in a Week, viz. on Tuesday and Thursday Mornings. And from and after the said 25th of January the Transfer-Books will be open as usual.

Advertisements.

The Annual Feast of the Sons of the Clergy will be kept at Merchant-Taylor's-hall, and the Sermon Preached at the Cathedral Church of St. Paul's the 7th of this Instant. Tickets may be had at Mr. Eyre's in St. Botolph's-lane near Billingsgate, or Mr. Stubb's at his Office the East end of the Royal-Exchange, or at the Blue-Boar in Ludgate-Street, Mr. Thornton a Glover at the Inner-Temple-Gate, Mr. Lewis a Goldsmith against the Non-Exchange in the Strand, and of Mr. Deard's at the Dial in Westminster-hall.

Primitive Christianity; or, the Religion of the Ancient Christians in the first Ages of the Gospel. In 2 Parts. By Will. Cave, D. D. The Fifth Edition. Printed for R. Chiswell, at the Rose and Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard.

The Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt against James Roswell late of London, Goldsmith, intend to meet on Tuesday the 21th Instant, at the Buffers head Tavern in Threadneedle-Street near the Royal Exchange, London, at 3 Afternoon, in order to make a Distribution of the said Bankrupt's Estate; And all his Creditors are then to come and prove their Debts and pay their Contributions money otherwise they will be excluded the benefit of the said Distribution.

Two Exchequer-Bills for 10 l. each, both dated June 4, 1697, N. 57563, 57564, which Indorsements on each of them, and 2 of 5 l. each, one dated August 6, 1697, N. 11959; the other August 10, 1697, N. 89391, and one Guinea inclosed in a Letter, directed to Mr. Will. Hart, Merchant, at Worcester the 20th inst, to be brought to Stephen Thompson at the bouom of Queenstreet, London, or to Will. Hart at Worcester.

Two between the 23d and 27th inst, an Exchequer Note for 20 l. N. 42227, being marked at the bottom 20 l. 7 s. 9 d. in red figures, the Interest included, if the same be offered in Payment or to Discount, you are desired to stop the said Bill, and give Notice thereof to Mr. John Dennis Publick Notary near the Pay-Office in Broadstreet, or to Mr. John Orchard, Goldsmith, at the Rose and Crown in Kirtle-Lombardstreet, so as the said Bill may be had again and you shall have a Guinea.

Some time since a Green Vellum Leuser-Cafe, between Chering-Cross and St. Pauls, in which was occours, and several Bills of Exchange paid, also a Bill of Exchange of 40 l. from Lisbon which can be of no use, also a Chexquer-Bill of 5 l. Whoever brings them to Lloyd's Coffee-house in Lombard-Street shall have 10 s.

Whereas 2 black brown Geldings were on the 19th of September last, kept by the Mayor of Doncaster in Yorkshire, and upon examination of the person suspected to be stolen out of the Pens in Lincolnshire. If any Person lay claim to the aforesaid Horses they may have recourse to the Mayor aforesaid, or to the Person in Yorke Castle.

Tolen or Straid from Charlecomb near Bath about 5 Weeks since, a light grey Mare, near 15 hands high, handsome Forehand, with slender under Limbs, and a small bunch in the middle of his back. Whoever gives Notice of the said Mare to Mr. Marblebrow Merewether, Coffer-maker, in Joyneys-Street, Southwark, or to Mr. John Shelton, Goldsmith, in Bath, shall have a Guinea Reward and reasonable Charges.

Tolen or Straid out of the Ground of Mr. Tho. Baker of Camberwell in the County of Surrey on the 30th or 31th of October last, an Iron Grey Gelding above 14 hands high, 10 or 11, with a blaze in his forehead, a white spot about the bigness of a Shilling on one of his Shoulders near the Withers before the Saddle place, 6 years old, branded on the near Hoof with H. W. Whoever gives notice to Mr. Tho. Baker of Camberwell, shall have 10 s. Reward.