

have within fifty-six days before the date of entry or exposure been double-dipped and are accompanied by a declaration signed by the owner of the sheep, or his agent authorised in writing for this purpose, stating that the sheep have been so dipped, and the dates of dipping, and that since the second dipping the sheep have been kept separate as far as practicable while in the Area from other sheep not so dipped.

(2) An Inspector of the Local Authority acting under the direction of the Local Authority, may grant an exemption, subject to such conditions (if any) as may be specified therein, exempting sheep in the Area from one or both of the dippings in any particular case in which the Inspector is satisfied that it is impracticable or inexpedient to dip the sheep. In any such case the reasons for granting the exemption shall be stated therein, and the Local Authority shall forthwith cause a copy of the exemption to be forwarded to the Ministry. If the Minister considers that the exemption is for any reason undesirable, and directs the revocation thereof, the same shall thereupon cease to operate, but not so as to affect the previous operation of the exemption.

*Special Provision as to Fat Stock for Immediate Slaughter.*

3.—(1) Where an Inspector of a Local Authority is satisfied that any sheep in his district in the Area are intended for immediate slaughter, and that it is impracticable or inexpedient that the same should in accordance with this Order be dipped before exposure for sale or exhibition, he may subject to any directions by the Local Authority, by licence in the Form H described in the First Schedule to the Principal Order authorise the movement of the sheep to any market, fairground, sale-yard or place of exhibition in the Area, subject to such conditions (if any) as are inserted in the licence.

(2) Such conditions may, if the Local Authority think fit, be varied so as to enable any sheep, which are returned unsold from a market in the Area with a licence (Form H) to any premises, to be moved to another market, fairground, or sale-yard without the sheep being previously double-dipped.

*Interpretation.*

4. The expressions used in this Order have the same meaning as in the Principal Order.

*Offences.*

5. Any person committing, or aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of any breach of the provisions of this Order is liable, on summary conviction, to the penalties provided by the Diseases of Animals Acts, 1894 to 1927.

In witness whereof the Official Seal of the Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries is hereunto affixed this twenty-ninth day of April, nineteen hundred and thirty-two.

(L.S.)

*Ralph Jackson,*  
Authorised by the Minister.

**SCHEDULE.**

An Area comprising:—

The administrative counties of Kent and East Sussex (including all boroughs geographically situated therein).

And also comprising:—

The city of Rochester.

The city and county borough of Canterbury; and the county boroughs of Brighton, Eastbourne and Hastings.

Copies of the above Order can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, 7, Whitehall Place, S.W. 1.

**ORDER OF THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES.**

(DATED 29TH APRIL, 1932.)

**IMPORTATION OF MEAT ETC. (WRAPPING MATERIALS) ORDER OF 1932.**

The Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries, by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in him under the Diseases of Animals Acts, 1894 to 1927, and of every other power enabling him in this behalf, hereby orders as follows:—

*Imported Meat to be wrapped in cloths of prescribed pattern.*

1. The landing in Great Britain from a prohibited country of meat or offals is hereby prohibited if they are packed or wrapped in cloths, bags, sacking or like material not being bags or wrappers wholly made of—

(a) Jute, hemp, flax, or other cloth manufactured with three red threads woven together at intervals of twelve inches in the warp; or

(b) stockinette; or

(c) paper.

*Prohibition of landing of feeding stuffs, fertilisers or horticultural produce packed in bags or sacks made from meat wrappers.*

2. It shall not be lawful to land in Great Britain any feeding stuffs for animals, fertilisers, or any horticultural produce packed in bags, sacks or other receptacles wholly or partly made from any cloth mentioned in Article 1 (a) hereof or in the manufacture of which meat wrappers of any material whatsoever have been used.

*Prohibition against packing, carrying, selling, feeding or using for animals of feeding stuffs or bedding, or of fertilisers or horticultural produce, in sacks made from meat wrappers.*

3.—(1) It shall not be lawful—

(a) to pack in Great Britain,

(b) to carry by railway, water, road or air in Great Britain, or

(c) to sell or offer for sale in Great Britain,

any feeding stuffs for animals or any material intended for use as bedding for animals (including straw, sawdust, peat-moss or other litter), or any fertiliser or horticultural produce, in any sack or receptacle wholly or partly made from any cloth mentioned in paragraph (a) of Article 1 of this Order.

(2) It shall not be lawful to feed to animals or to use as bedding for animals any such feeding stuffs or materials which have been packed or contained in any such sack or receptacle.

*Powers of Entry.*

4. An Inspector of the Ministry or of the Local Authority may enter any premises,