The Home Secretary gives notice that in pursuance of Section 2 (1) of the Employment of Women, Young Persons and Children Act, 1920, he has made an Order authorising the employment on two day-shifts, of women of 18 and young persons of 16 years of age and over in the Multi-filling machine and coloured lettering departments at the works of The Rockware Glass Syndicate Limited, Kirk Sandall, Doncaster, subject to the conditions that a worker shall not be employed in the afternoon shift in consecutive weeks; and that suitable protective clothing, cloakroom and messroom accommodation and washing facilities shall be provided.

Whitehall, 24th April, 1934.

The Home Secretary gives notice that in pursuance of Section 2 (1) of the Employment of Women, Young Persons and Children Act, 1920, he has made an Order authorising the employment on two day-shifts, of male young persons of sixteen years of age and over in brick-making and all incidental processes at the works of The Watnall Brick & Tile Company Limited, Cocker House, Eastwood, Nottinghamshire, subject to compliance with The Clay Works Welfare Order, 1932, and to the condition that a worker shall not be employed in the afternoon shift in consecutive weeks.

Whitehall, 26th April, 1934.

Downing Street, 23rd April, 1934.

The KING has been pleased to approve the appointment of William Tait-Bowie, Esq., O.B.E., to be an Unofficial Member of the Legislative Council of the Nyasaland Protectorate for a further period.

His Majesty has also been pleased to give directions for the appointment of Thomas Mogford Partridge, Esq., to be an Unofficial Member of the said Legislative Council.

Board of Trade, Great George Street, London, S.W.1. 25th April, 1934.

MERCHANDISE MARKS ACT, 1926.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 2; Sub-section (4) of the Merchandise Marks Act, 1926, the Board of Trade give notice that in pursuance of applications received by them for the making of Orders in Council to require imported goods of certain classes and descriptions to bear an indication of origin, they have made references to the Standing Committee appointed by them under the Act in respect of

the following classes and descriptions of imported goods:

- A.—I. Radio receiving sets, radio gramophones, electrical gramophones; electrical audio frequency amplifiers; whether imported complete or in parts: and
 - II. the following components and accessories for any of the goods included in I:
 - 1. Battery eliminators.
 - 2. Chokes.
 - 3. Condensers.
 - 4. Drives for variable condensers.
 - 5. Electrical gramophone pick-ups.
 - 6. Volume controls.
 - 7. Electrical gramophone motors.
 - Gramophone turntable units comprising an electric motor and a turntable.
 - 9. Headphones.
 - 10. Loud speakers.
 - 11. Loud speaker units.
 - 12. Resistances.
 - 13. Valve holders and adaptors.
 - 14. Transformers.
 - 15. Tuning coils.
 - 16. Resistance capacity coupling units.
 - 17. Choke capacity coupling units.
 - Chassis or frame carrying or adapted to carry a collection of components.
- B.—(a) Planed and tongued and grooved or planed and otherwise manufactured hardwood flooring blocks or strips;
 - (b) Hardwood parquet flooring in sections composed of blocks or strips glued or otherwise joined together.

Attention is called to the fact that, while, under the provisions of the above Act, the Committee must in every case referred to them consider whether the goods should bear an indication of origin at the time of sale or exposure for sale, they may also at their discretion consider and report upon the question whether such goods should bear an indication of origin at the time of importation.

TRADE BOARDS ACTS, 1909 AND 1918.

CUTLERY TRADE BOARD (GREAT BRITAIN).

PROPOSAL TO FIX GENERAL MINIMUM TIME-RATES AND OVERTIME RATES FOR CERTAIN CLASSES OF MALE WORKERS.

In accordance with Regulations made under Section 18 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, by the Minister of Labour, and dated 21st April, 1927, the Cutlery Trade Board (Great Britain) HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that they PROPOSE TO FIX General Minimum Time-Rates and Overtime Rates for Certain Classes of Male Workers.