

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 24th day of *March*, 1936.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by Section 48 of the Patents and Designs Acts, 1907 to 1932 (7 Edw. 7, c. 29, 4-5 Geo. 5. c. 18, 9-10 Geo. 5, c. 80, 18-19 Geo. 5. c. 3 and 22-23 Geo. 5. c. 32), it is provided that the said Section shall apply only to vessels, aircraft and land vehicles of a foreign state with respect to which His Majesty, by Order in Council, declares that the laws thereof confer corresponding rights with respect to the use of inventions in vessels, aircraft and land vehicles of the United Kingdom when coming into the foreign state or the territorial waters thereof:

And whereas by Section 91 of the said Acts it is provided that the provisions of that Section shall apply only in the case of those foreign states with respect to which His Majesty by Order in Council declares them to be applicable:

And whereas at The Hague on the 6th November, 1925, His Late Majesty King George V and the heads of certain foreign states having deemed it expedient to make certain modifications in and additions to the International Convention of the 20th March, 1883, for the creation of an International Union for the Protection of Industrial Property, as revised at Brussels on the 14th December, 1900, and at Washington on the 2nd June, 1911, agreed upon a Convention (Treaty series No. 16 (1928)) comprising the said International Convention as revised at Brussels and at Washington with the said modifications and additions, the ratification of which Convention was duly effected by Great Britain and certain other foreign states:

And whereas the Tangier Zone of Morocco has acceded to the said Convention:

And whereas by reason of the accession to the said Convention of the Tangier Zone of Morocco the laws thereof confer rights with respect to the use of inventions in vessels, aircraft and land vehicles of the United Kingdom when coming into the Tangier Zone of Morocco or the territorial waters thereof, corresponding to those mentioned in the said Section 48:

And whereas the said Convention is an arrangement of the nature contemplated by the said Section 91:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, in exercise of the powers conferred upon Him in manner hereinbefore recited and of all other powers in that behalf, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is pleased to declare, and it is hereby declared, as follows:—

1. The laws of the Tangier Zone of Morocco confer rights with respect to the use of inventions in vessels, aircraft and land vehicles of the United Kingdom when coming into the Tangier Zone of Morocco or the territorial waters thereof, corresponding to those mentioned in Section 48 of the Patents and Designs Acts, 1907 to 1932.

2. The provisions of Section 91 of the Patents and Designs Acts, 1907 to 1932, shall be applicable to the Tangier Zone of Morocco.

3. This Order may be cited as The Industrial Property Convention (Morocco (Tangier Zone) Order, 1936.

M. P. A. Hankey.

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 24th day of *March*, 1936.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the territories of Africa now known as the Nyasaland Protectorate (hereinafter called "the Protectorate") are under the protection of His Majesty the King:

And whereas by treaty, grant, usage, sufferance and other lawful means His Majesty has power and jurisdiction in the Protectorate:

And whereas it is expedient that the customary rights of natives of the Protectorate to use and enjoy the land of the Protectorate and the natural fruits thereof in sufficient quantity to enable them to provide for the sustenance of themselves, their families and their posterity should be assured, protected, and preserved:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers by the Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890, or otherwise in His Majesty vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. This Order may be cited as the Nyasaland Protectorate (Native Trust Land) Order in Council, 1936.

2. In this Order unless the context otherwise requires—"Crown lands" means all lands and interests in land acquired or occupied by or on behalf of His Majesty.

"public purposes" includes—

(a) for exclusive Government use, for the use of the native inhabitants of the Protectorate, or for general public use;

(b) for or in connection with sanitary improvements of any kind;

(c) for or in connection with the laying out of any new township, or Government station, or the extension or improvement of any existing township or Government station;

(d) for obtaining control over land required for or in connection with mining;

(e) for or in connection with the conservation of trees.

"reserved lands" means—

(a) lands other than Crown lands included in any township;

(b) lands other than Crown lands as set out in the Schedule to this Order;

(c) proclaimed forest reserves excluding Crown lands therein;

(d) all lands and interests in land (other than yearly tenancies) granted, leased, or otherwise disposed of by the Governor before the date of this Order and all other interests in land retained or reserved upon any such disposal;