

The London Gazette.

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Pendennis, Mart. 29.

Since the Fleet of Merchant Ships put to sea from this Port, we have but few remaining, only one Dutch ship came in the last week from Rotterdam bound for Ireland. Captain Godolphin may in few days set forwards on his voyage for the East-Indies, whither are also bound several ships from the Downs.

Bristol, Mart. 31. Here is lately come in the Blossome of New-England from Virginia, with the Adventure of this Port from the same place; several other ships were left by them in the Channel, whose arrival we hourly expect, the wind now serving them.

Vienna, Mart. 22. On Sunday last in the afternoon Colonel Pio drew up his Regiment of Foot consisting of 900 stout men, in the Court of the Pallace in presence of the Emperour, who immediately began their march for Hungary, that Kingdom being now convinced of the necessity of having a force sent to defend them against the injuries of the Turks, and willing to receive an assistance of Twelve thousand men; and accordingly several Regiments are in readiness to march upon their first Orders: In the mean time His Imperial Majesty has nominated several persons as his Commissioners to be sent into Upper Hungary, to whom he has lately added the Chancellour of Hungary and the Count de Rothal, who are instructed and furnished with sufficient Powers for the composing of all differences and disputes: the Emperour has also given strict charge to all his Governours that they forbear to exact any thing upon that people, since they have in testimony of their obedience complied with his desires in admitting of the forces which are sending for the preservation of that Countrey, against any attempt that might be feared from the Turks.

From Hungary they write of many prodigious sights which have appeared in the Air about two hours before the Sun rising, of which the people make several observations, and are in great apprehensions. They farther tell us that a great many of the Turks are got together about Zarnar, and that they have killed many Christians at Dofes and Zala.

To morrow their Imperial Majesties intend to divert themselves in hunting towards Waggen, where the Marquis de Grava intends to give the Emperour a view of his Regiment drawn up in Battaille.

Adria, Mart. 30. The Campagne growing on, the Senate is more then usually diligent for the sending forwards in Men, Money, and all sorts of Provisions and Ammunition for Candia, proportionably for the numbers of men which are to be employed there for the defence of that Island. On Sunday last arrived from the Towan, and about them several Noble persons who had for several years given their testimony of their valour by their good service against the Turkish in the Kingdom of Candia, amongst others his Excellency Leonardo Morosini from his employment in the charge of Proveditor extraordinary of the Armata, and is now in acknowledgement of his merit made a Member of the Great Council.

By the same ships we have Letters of intold Date, which only tell us that our people continue with much diligence to oppose each motion of the Enemy against the Town, who as yet remain in their posts before the Sabionera and St. Andre trusting more to their Mines under ground then to their own valour, though in both they have not had any great reason of late to make their

boasts: On the contrary, the besieged had lately so good success in one of their Mines, which all the Enemies observation could not discover, that giving fire to it, they destroyed some hundreds of the Turks, and amongst them a Turkish Engineer, in whom they had reposed much confidence, and whose direction they had followed in drawing the Line about the Town, and in the making of all their approaches.

They farther tell us, that the Visier in revenge of this loss received, resolved to make his return upon the Town, and accordingly sprang a Mine near the Bulwark St. Andre, which though it had not the effect he desired upon the Work, yet he commanded his people immediately to attempt it with their Ladders, which they obeyed and fell on with much noise and fury, but they found such readiness and courage in the Defendants to receive them, that after a great loss of Men and many of their Ladders which our men by plain force drew up from them, they were forced to give off the assault and return to their posts, to the great trouble and vexation of the Visier, who does not yet despair of giving a good account of his Siege, as he has by two of his favourites signified to the Sultan, but desires a speedy and a strong succour may be sent him to enable him to carry on the work.

By the same ships we are advised, that two Merchant ships and a Brigantine were lately cast away by storm in the Archipelago, all of them laden for Italy, confirming to us our former advice, that the Captain of our Fleet Morosini having safely landed a very considerable succour of men and other necessaries in Candia, was with a Squadron of stout ships gone to cruise about Morea to attend the passage of several ships of Barbary laden with succours of Men and Provisions for the relief of the Visiers Army intended for Canes, and that there was a warm report that they had taken five of them and sunk divers others, and had taken some hundreds of slaves, of which we expect a farther confirmation.

They farther assure us, that the new Proveditor of the Armata Giovanne Morosini had put in with the Convoy under his command at Zante, where having taken in refreshment for himself and people, he was again put to sea with a fair gale for Candia, where 'tis supposed he is before this safely arrived.

On Wednesday last arrived here a Courier from Vienna, with the news that the Emperour had upon the Popes desire, granted him 3000 men to be sent under his name for the relief of Candia.

Copenhagen, April 2, 8 N. Yesterday arrived herethe Earl of Carlisle, taking this place on his way for Sweden, the Prince was pleased so far to honour his Excellency, as to meet him at his Entry, in which he was conducted in his Majesties Coach with a great Train of the Nobility, and the Guns fired to proclaim his welcome.

'Tis here confidently affirmed, that upon consideration of the complaints made by the English Consul, that greater impositions were laid upon the English and Scottish ships Trading into Norway, then upon those of other Nations; His Majesty has given Order to the general Receiver of his Tolls in Norway, to take care that they may not have for the future any reason given them for this complaint, but may be admitted equally with other Trade into those parts.

Brussels, April 5. On Friday and Saturday last the Commons were again assembled, when was proposed to them the continuation of the Impost upon Beer for three Months,

Months, but the Commons being wholly averse to the said proposal, the Magistrate was obliged on Saturday last to publish, that no impost should be paid upon Beer for the three Months going on.

Here is lately brought in a French Officer arrested at Limberg by Order from the Prince de Nassau, being the person that sometimes since assassinated the Chevalier de Hornes, in Spain, whilst he was engaged in a Duel with the Count de Lorraine, for which Fact he will receive a speedy Trial.

On Saturday last were brought hither five hundred horses of the 2000 lately bought for the remounting of our Cavalry, which were immediately distributed by the Officers.

Upon information brought that 7 or 8000 French were upon their march towards Flanders, Orders were immediately dispatched to all the Towns and Garrisons under the Spanish jurisdiction on that side, that they should be careful upon their Guards, so as not to lay a temptation before the French to invite them to attempt a surprize, and the Count de Salazar is to morrow to depart hence to take care of his Government of *Fruges*.

Yesterday arrived here the Duke de Aerschot from Mons: 'tis believed the Prince de Aremberg may be suddenly recalled from his Government of the County of Burgundy, and the Commander Ville Neufue a Bourguignon sent Governour in his place, the better to comply with the humors of that people, in committing the care of them to a person of their own Country.

The report which has for some time been received in France for current, that the Duke of Lorraine had some intentions to resign his Government in favour to His most Christian Majesty, proves but an empty rumour without any foundation. The Prince de Vaudemont has concluded a Marriage with Mademoiselle d'Elboeuf, and intends to solemnize it at Nancy where he now is, and from whence Father Nicholas Richard departed the 26th past with the summe of Two hundred thousand Crowns for the Prince Charles of Lorraine for the advancement of his pretensions to the Crown of Poland; greater summes being promised upon his Election; the Duke of Lorraine has sent hither an Agent whom he formerly employed in his affairs at Ratisbonne, but the business of his negotiation he is not yet made publick.

Bruges, April 7. The many Convoys which daily arrive from France, at Douay, and other places of their late Conquests, with their great provisions of all sorts of necessaries for the War, keeps us every where on our Guards, and gives us jealousies lest the French may have some design on foot to our prejudice; for prevention whereof, we are using all the care we may. The last night arrived here our Governour the Count Salazar from Brussels, and is sending away some Horse and Foot to reinforce the Garrison at Ipre, to prevent any attempts that may be made on the place; Five hundred more are sent to strengthen the Garrison at Dixmuid, and provisions of all sorts put into Neuort.

Hague, April 8. The States are yet assembled, and have it under their Consideration how to separate the charge of Governour of Hol'and, which they intend totally to support that of General by Land and Admiral at sea, which were formerly all of them united in the same person.

The Heer de Groot is designed to be sent to the Court of France, and the Heer Van Ruyning into Swedeland, from whence is here arrived the Swedes Minister the Heer Mareffel, by whom are to be ended all debates upon the Triple Alliance.

The Deputies or directors of the Company of the West-Indy merchants have lately made their Complaints that the Heer de Groensteyn the new Danish Commander in Guiny, has endeavoured privately to exasperate the Natives and Inhabitants of that Countrey against the Hollanders.

Paris, April 10. By the way of Marseilles we have Letters from Constantinople which advise us, that the Sicur

d'Almeras arriving before the City with three stout men of war, had cast anchor at the point of the *Seraglio* without entering farther, where he continued some dayes, though with some difficulty and hazard, the Current being there very violent, inasmuch that several of their Cables broke, and the ships fell foul one of another with some damages that upon his arrival, the Sieur de la Haye the French Ambassador sent his compliments to him, inviting him on shoar with his Officers, which he refused, informing the said Ambassador that his Orders would not permit him to leave his ship till he had first delivered him his dispatches, which he desired he would receive from his own hand aboard his ship, which the Ambassador after some farther messages past between them complied with: after some private conferences and the receipt of His Majesties Orders, the Ambassador returned again to his house, and immediately gave Order for the Imbarking of his Family, himself coming privately aboard, and set sail the 16th of February on his return homewards.

The Duke de Noailles has taken his leave of his Majesty in Order to his voyage for the Levant, and this day or to morrow sets forwards for Thoulon, but intends to pass by his own Estate in Guienne, which will somewhat lengthen his journey.

His Majesty has lately written to the Great Master of Malta, desiring him that the Chevalier de Vendosme, in regard of his Birth, Dignity and Merit, might succeed in the charge of Great Prior of France, after the decease of the Commander de Loure; the Count de St. Paul was much satisfied with his reception and entertainment he found at Malta, from whence he was attended into Sicily by two of their Gallies.

From Nancy we are told, that the Duke of Lorraine having ordered the Contract of marriage to be drawn up between the Prince de Vaudemont his Natural Son, and Mademoiselle d'Elboeuf, had himself signed it, desiring also the Prince François his Brother, and Father to Prince Charles, to do the like; which he refusing because of the great advantages given by it to the Prince de Vaudemont, the Duke has so much repented it, that he has written into Germany to Countermand those returns of Moneys which were ordered and sent by him for the advancement of the interest and pretensions of Prince Charles to his Election as successor to the Crown of Poland.

Salisbury, April 2. The 27th past, His Highness the Prince of Tuscany left Plymouth, and lay the next night at Exeter, where he was complimented and attended by the Mayor and his Brethren, from thence he went the 29th to Exminster, the 30th to Georgeington, and the next day to Dorchester; yesterday he arrived here, where he was attended by the Earl of Pembroke, with the Mayor and Aldermen in their habits. This day the Earl of Pembroke entertains him at his house, and to morrow His Highness intends for Basing-stoke on his way for London, where he may arrive on Monday night.

Whitehal, April 4. His Majesty has been pleased lately to declare, that by reason of the approaching heat, he shall continue to touch onely till the end of this present Month of April, it being his pleasure that no persons after that time apply themselves to him upon that occasion till October next.

Advertisement.

The Officers of the Receipt of His Majesties Exchequer are come to the payment of the 1234th Order Registered on the Act for 1250000*l.* And so shall proceed to the payment of the ensuing Orders to that number as the remains of that Tax and the remain of the first Month of the Eleven Months Tax shall come in.

Also the said Officers are come in course to the payment of the 692 Order Registered on the Act for the Eleven Months Tax, and shall proceed to the payment of the subsequent Orders as the Money shall be brought in.

And they do hereby give notice, That all persons who are concerned in the preceding Orders to that number of 692, may receive their Money at the Exchequer upon producing their Orders.