

The London Gazette.

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From Thursday April 11. to Monday April 15. 1700.

Westminster, April 11.

THE King came this day to the House of Peers attended with the usual Solemnity, and being in His Royal Robes seated on the Throne, the Commons were sent for up by Mr. *Affon Deputy-Chamberlain-Usher* of the Black Rod, and attending His Majesty accordingly, His Majesty gave the Royal Assent to

An Act for Granting an Aid to His Majesty, by Sale of the Forfeited and other Estates and Interests in Ireland, and by a Land-Tax in England, for the several Purposes therein mentioned.

An Act for laying further Duties upon Wrought Silks, Muslins, and some other Commodities of the East-Indies, and for enlarging the Time for purchasing certain Revenue Annuities therein mentioned.

An Act for the more effectual Employing the Poor, by Encouraging the Manufactures of this Kingdom.

An Act for Ascertainning the Measures for retarding Ale and Beer.

An Act to Enable His Majesty's Natural-born Subjects to inherit the Estate of their Ancestors, either Lineal or Collateral, notwithstanding their Father or Mother were Alien.

An Act for preventing of Frivolous and Vexatious Suits in the Principality of Wales, and the Counties-Palatine.

An Act for the better Preserving the Navigation of the Rivers Avon and Froom, and for Cleansing, Paraving, and Enlarging the Streets of the City of Bristol.

An Act to Enable the Mayor and Citizens of the City of Chester, to Recover and Preserve the Navigation upon the River Dec.

An Act for the further preventing the Growth of Popery.

An Act for making the River Lark alias Burne Navigable.

An Act for the more effectual Punishment of Vagrants, and leaving them whither by Law they ought to be sent.

An Act to prevent Disputes that may arise by Officers and Members of Corporations having neglected to Sign the Assurances, and taking the Oaths in due time.

An Act for the Repair of Dover-Harbour.

An Act to Punish Governours of Plantations in this Kingdom, for Crimes committed by them in the Plantations.

An Act for the more effectual Suppression of Piracy.

An Act to repeal an Act made in the Ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign, Entituled, An Act for rendering the Laws more effectual for Preventing the Importation of foreign Bonelace, Loomlace, Needlework, Point, and Curwork, three Months after the Prohibition of the Woollen Manufactures in Flanders, shall be taken off.

An Act for the better Ascertainning the Tythes of Hemp and Flax.

An Act to Enable Justices of Peace to Build and Repair Gaols in their respective Counties.

An Act for continuing several Laws therein mentioned, and for Explaining the Act, Entituled, An Act to prevent the Exportation of Wooll out of the Kingdoms of Ireland and England into Foreign Parts, and for the Encouragement of the Woollen Manufactures of the Kingdom of England.

An Act for the Explanation and better Execution of former Acts made touching Watermen and Wherry-men Rowing on the River of Thames, and for the better Ordering and Governning the said Watermen, Wherry-men, and Lightermen upon the said River, betwixt Graveland and Windsor.

An Act for taking away the Duties upon the Woollen Manufactures, Corn, Grain, Bread, Biscuit, and Meal, Exported.

An Act for raising the Militia for the Year One thousand seven hundred, although the Months Pay formerly Acted be not repaid.

An Act for the appointing Commissioners to Take, Examine, and Determine the Debts due to the Army, Navy, and for Transport-Service; and also an Account of the Prisoners taken during the late War.

An Act to Dissolve the Duke of Norfolk's Marriage with the Lady Mary Mordant, and to Marry him to Mary again.

An Act for Continuing the Government and Company of Merchants Trading to the East-Indies a Corporation, And to 35 other Private Acts.

Afterwards the Earl of *Bridgewater*, by His Majesty's Command, Prorogued the Parliament until *Tuesday* the Twenty third Day of *May* next.

From the Saxon Camp before Riga, April 3. N. S. We have finished all our Batteries, and continue to ply the Town of *Riga* very warmly with our Cannon, but have not hitherto done any great Execution. A strong Party marched yesterday from our Camp to *Heyligena*, to Convoay a further Supply of Artillery which we expect from thence; And 'tis believed we shall make no farther Attempt upon the Town before we have received it, and that the Reinforcements we expect from *Poland* are arrived. Some Gentlemen of *Lithuania* have attempted to assemble together in a Body in order to go into *Riga*, but Parties were sent from our Camp to disperse them.

Copenhagen, April 13. The King goes from hence to-morrow to *Fredricksbourg*, in order to his Coronation. The Danish Fleet will sail out of our Road this Evening. The King intends to return hither from *Fredricksbourg* on the 16th Instant, and in few days after will begin his Journey to *Holstein*. The Danish Forces in *Norway* have Orders not to Attempt any thing against the *Suedes*, until it be seen how far that Crown will engage in the Affairs of *Holstein*. The Towns of *Bremen* and *Lubeck* have sent Deputies hither, to desire their Trade on the *Baltick* may not be interrupted by the *Danes*, in case of a Rupture between the two Northern Crowns; which is promised, on condition they do not suffer their Ships to be made use of in carrying of Arms, Ammunition or Provisions, for the Service of *Sueden*.

Vienna, April 7. The Turkish Ambassador has not yet begun his Conferences with the Imperial Commissioners concerning the Town of *Novi* in *Croatia*, there being hopes that this Matter will be settled between the Imperial and Turkish Commissioners in those Parts. The Imperial Regiment of Horse of *Vaudemont*, *Commercy*, *Neubourg*, *Lorraine*, *Taff*, and *Cronsfeld*, are ordered to march to the Frontiers of *Bohemia*, and are to be commanded by the Count of *Daus*, in order to observe the Motions of the Saxons.

Rensburgh, April 15. The Danes who attacked the *Husummer* Fort having, after two days battering it with their Cannon, made a considerable Breach, the Duke of *Wirtembergh* resolved to storm it on the 12th Instant, and every thing was prepared accordingly; But Colonel *Raventlau*, who commanded in the said Fort for the Duke of *Holstein*, believing he could not withstand an Assault, resolved to quit the Fort; He first sent away all his Cannon, except two Guns which he ordered should be kept continually firing to amuse the Danes, and then marched away with his Garrison, only two Troops of Dragoons were left behind for some short time, who shewed themselves to the Enemy, the better to conceal the March of the rest of the Garrison. Colonel *Raventlau* joined General *Bannier*, who was posted with 2500 Men at a Place called *Kollenbutsch*, between the *Husummer* Fort and *Tonningen*; to assist the *Holsteiners* in their Retreat from the said Fort in case they were forced to abandon it; And afterwards General *Bannier* retired under the Walls of *Tonningen*. In the mean time the Duke of *Wirtemberg* took Possession of the *Husummer* Fort, where he found some provisions