with tertible Thunders and Ea siquakes: the Sea near Catania during all this time rosting and beating the sha fra with

extraordinary violence.

The Bishop of Catania, with the Magistrates, searing the ruin of that Civy, had sent to Messian and other Neighbour Ports, for all the Feluca's, Basks and other Vessels that could be gotten, to take in such Goods as were brought in thinker from the Countrey 2, the Monks and Religious Persons, as well as others, being ready to embask themselves upon any nearer approach of danger; but by Letters of March 17 from these parts, they write, that the Flames were much abated, and twas hoped the danger of them was over.

Genous. April 17. Here are now entring this Port about 17 fail of Merchant Ships from Legorne, under the

Conduct of the Leopard Fregate.

From Milan we are told, that the Marquiss doles Balbaces Spinola having about the end of the last moneth taken a view of all the Insantry belonging to the several Garthons upon the Frontiers, on the 2d instant, was presentated at the General Rendezvous of the Lasian and German Horse and Footat Pavia, affished by the Prince Bozzolo and most of the Principal Captains and Officers of the Army; but has not yet made any considerable Reformation as was expected.

He has ordered a confiderable quantity of Provisions and Ammunition to be sent for Finale, with some Companies of Foot, which according to she late Orders from the Court of Spain, are to be there embarked for the succors of

Çandia.

The Count de Grammont is lavely strived at Milan from Franche Comte, and has had some Conference with the Governour about the affairs of Burgundy; he intends from thence for Lucerne, to confer with the Spanish Ambassadyur, and with him goes Dom Gasparo Barceta Lieutenant General and Chief Engineer, who is to continue some Moneils in Burgundy, to affish them in their Fortifications.

Dantzick's Popil 20. From Warfam we are told y that the General of the Polish Army had have intentions to be present at the Election of a Successor to the Crown, the better to preserve the Publick Peace, in a time wherein the whole Kingdom is engaged in several parties by the several Princes Competitors. The General of Lythuania informs, that the Muscovites are marching some of their forces towards the Borders's but presend to have no design to use any Violence in the Promotion of their young Prince; desiring rather to change the Trace between both Kingdoms into a Perpetual Peace; which till they have effected, they resolve to surpend the restitution of Kiovia to the Poles, which is contrary to their late Agreement.

- The Count de Schafgorg is suddenly expected at Warfaw under the Character of Ambassadous Extraordinary from His Imperial Majesty, as also is the Bishop of Besiers,

for whom lodgings are already afligned.

Three Mulcovice Ambassaders are said to be upon their way with the young Prince of Muscovy whom they intend to present to the Republick at the election. Tis yet uncertain which way the Electors may be most inclined, but at the present those of Lythuania seem most inclined to the Massovice's the Duke of of Neubourg has many friends, has interest being carried on by France, Sweden and other Rinces; that of the Prince of Lorriin, principally by the Religious; but the Army and Officers of the Crown seem most concerned for the Prince de Conda.

From Muscow they writes that on the 13th of March last a the Durchess of Muscowy dved in Childhed, together with a Daughter, of which the was delivered.

Paris, May 4. Since the return of the Constable of Castille's Answer to His Majesties Letter and Defires for the taking off the Customs charged upon such Goods as pass into and from his late Conquests in the Netherlands', His Majesty is appointing some Commissioners to conserwith

others from the Conflable for the ending, and determining that affair 3 as also for giving latisfaction to the Spaniards in their Demands.

A Courrier lately arriving from Aeth, informs, that by Order from the Constable of Castilla leveral Boats have been lately seised on at Conds and St. Guillaise, laden with Coals and intended for several Towns belonging to the late Conquests; of which Complaints have been made to Don Hieronimo de Quignones.

The Camp is prepared and ready near St. Germains for the reception of the Forces of His Majesties Houshold, which 'tis said will take up their longings there, on Monday next, and will confist of about 10 thousand men; great care is taken for their si paly with Necessaries during their continuance in the Camp; and a moderate rate ordered to

be set upon all provisions.

About 60 Officers, Captains, Lieutenants, and Bassigns, are sent from stence, to se ve as supernumeraries about the Tleet commanded by the Duke de Beaufort for the relief of Candia, to supply the rooms of such Officers of the Fleet as may die or be otherwise disposed of; the Captains having received an advance of 500 Livres, the Lieutenants 300, and the Ensigns 200.

The Venetian Amb. stador has by an express newly are fleed, received information, that the Grand Segnior was going from Larissa into Dalmatia, with an intention to bed siege Cattaro, the better to divert the Republick of Vet

nice fom the Defence of Candia.

Letters of the 27th past from Rothelle advise us, that the Sicur de Turelle was put to sea with sour men of Wat to joyn with the rest of our Fleet at Thoulan esigned sof the Levant, and that the Sieur Gabaret had taken the same way with three others, some Fireships and other Vessels their attendants, and was since followed by the Chevalier de Bovillon, and the Commander d' Illiert with two other ships well a med and furnished.

From Thorlon Letters of the 22 past tell us that the Duke de Beaufort had received a Brief from the Pope, declaring him General of the Ecclesiastical forces sent for the relief of Candia, in the absence of Den Vincenzo Rospigalissis, with his Standard to carry aboard the Admiral in the Expedition: The Fleet is said to be intreadires to put to sea, expecting onely the arrival of the ment of War from

Rochelle and his Majesties Orders.

Lyme, April 24. The 21th instant arrived the Sarah of this place from Morlain, and the Thomas from Croysick, telling us that the French are every where upon those Coast pressing men to serve aboard their, ships designed for Candida; and that on their way home they discovered off the Start setween 70 and 30 sail of ships; which the next day passed by in sight of this place, supposed to be Merchant Ships from the Streights.

Lyme, April 26. Yesterday arrived here the Expedizion of this plate from Malaga, from whence she came out about the midst of March in company of leveral other Merchant ships bound for London; Bristol, and other ports; telling us, that they had advice of sally Men of War which were sitted up for Sea, which was seared might

give some interruption to the Trade in those Seas.

Weymouth, April 26. Yesterday about 30 large Metachant ships, supposed to be all of them English, were seen turning up the Channel towards the Isle of Wight, one of them the Agreement of London, stopped for one Isle on the back-side of the Isle of Portland, where she put on short some Pattengers; who speak much of the thriving condition of that Plantation, and that a Fleet of Privateers were at their departure (about 11 Weeks since) plying to the windward, but with what designs they know not.

Portsmouth, April 27. Yesterday arrived at Spitthead the Deptsford Keich from the Streights, with one Met-chant ship of London from Zante A small Vessel from Burdedux informs, that 6 Ftench Men of War are lately.

pur to Sea intending for Madagascar.