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From Thursday June 6. to Monday June 10. 1700.

Venice, June 4. N. S.

Letters from Rome give an Account of the Great Duke of Tuscany's Arrival there, and that he had been privately to see the Pope, with whom he stayed above an hour and half. The Pope sent him afterwards a very noble Present of Refreshments, which was carried by 100 Persons. 'Tis said, the Great Duke has desired of the Pope, That in regard the Princes his Sons have no Children, the Cardinal de Medicis, his Brother, may have leave to resign his Cap, and to Marry. Prince James Sobiesky is come hither incognito from Rome. Count Martinitz, late Ambassador from the Emperor to the Pope, is gone from this place to Vienna.

Biras in Samogitia, May 29. A Detachment of 2000 Men of the Lithuanian Forces, which were encamped near this Place under the Command of Major-General Potorsky, are marched to the Saxon Camp before Riga; The rest, consisting chiefly of Foot, mutinied for want of their Pay; But the General having caused the Cannon of this Place to be fired upon them, and sent out the Garrison against them, they were reduced to their Duty.

Mitau, June 1. The Swedish and Saxon Forces continue in their Camps near Riga, separated by the River Dwina; The latter have been reinforced by a Detachment of 500 Horse and 800 Foot of the Lithuanian Forces, which were lately encamped at Biras, and they expect a further Reinforcement from Lithuania, the King of Poland having taken these Forces into his own Pay and Service. The Saxons being encouraged by the arrival of these Succours, and by the hopes of greater Assistances from Saxony, begin to talk of repassing the Dwina, and for that purpose have got every thing in a readiness for repairing their Bridge, so as that it may be done in 24-hours when ever they shall have occasion. The Swedes on the other hand are getting together a great number of Boats, in order to make likewise a Bridge over that River; They continue to play upon the Saxons with their Cannon, and the Saxons do the like, but little Execution is done on either side.

Warsaw, June 1. The Court here is not very well satisfied with the Resolution taken by the Senate at their last Meeting, to refer the Consideration of what the King proposed to them, about entering into a War against Sweden, to the next General Diet, as being a Matter of too great a Consequence for them to determine. The King has resolved to write a Circular Letter to the several Palatines of this Kingdom, and of Lithuania, to persuade them to consent to the War, and declares, That in the mean time he will carry it on at his own Charge. He designs very soon to go to Mariembourg, to review his Forces lately come from Saxony, which have their Rendezvous near that Place; And it's believed he will go from thence to Livonia. General Fleming and the Count of Lowenhaupt are gone from this Place to the Saxon Camp near Riga. The Senate at their last Meeting appointed three Senators to confer with the Envoy of Denmark, who have accordingly had several Meetings with him, and are to give an account of his Demands and Proposals to the next General Diet.

Dantzick, June 6. The King of Poland's Guards are arrived in these Parts from Warsaw, and ha-

ving passed the River Wesell, continue their march towards Livonia. A Camp is marked out near Mariembourg for 8000 Men, which are shortly expected from Saxony, and will be sent by Sea to Livonia, and a great quantity of Ammunition is to be sent thither from Poland for the Service of these Troops. They write from Elbing, that some Differences have happened there between the Magistrates and the Burghers, and the latter have sent Deputies to Warsaw, to make their Complaints to the King of Poland.

Vienna, June 2. The Imperial Court is still at Luxembourgh, where the Emperor's Council is frequently assembled, to consider of what is fit to be done for restoring the Peace in the North. A great quantity of Provisions and Ammunition is sent to Bohemia, for the Service of the Imperial Troops that are ordered to draw together on the Borders of that Kingdom and of Saxony. They write from Hungary, that three Regiments are marched from those Parts to Germany, to reinforce the Garrison of Brisac. The Sieur Schierenhoff is gone Post from hence to Warsaw; The Duke de Croÿ intends to follow him in two or three days, and 'tis reported that he is to Command the King of Poland's Forces. Count Martinitz, late Ambassador from the Emperor to the Court of Rome, is shortly expected here; As is likewise the Conde de Valdearvus, who comes from Portugal with the Character of Ambassador. The last Advices from Constantinople say, the Bassa of Naxolia has rebelled against the Grand Signior, upon which Orders are given for sending some Forces thither to suppress him.

Copenhagen, June 8. An Express arrived here yesterday from the King of Denmark, upon the receipt of which a Yacht was immediately sent away to the Danish Fleet, which is supposed to be cruising between the Island of Bornholme and the Coast of Sweden. Orders are given for Lifting a considerable number of Seamen, as also for making new Levies in order to increase the Danish Forces, by adding an Ensign, a Corporal, and 20 Soldiers to each Company of Foot.

Sleswick, June 10. One of the Collectors of the King of Denmark's Revenues came hither yesterday from Rensbourg with a Party of 600 Horse and 100 Foot. They posted themselves in the Castle, and this morning sent for the Magistrates of this Place, and demanded of them a Supply of 50 Tun of Oats, 600 Weight of Pork and Beef, and a proportionable quantity of Cheese, Bread and Beer, and a Contribution of 3000 Dollars. The King of Denmark is still at Rensbourg; and yesterday the Post which carries the Letters through this Place to Hamburgh, was stoppt by Six Danish Troopers, who took away the Letters, and carried them to Rensbourg. The Danish Army continues encamped near Kellinghuysen.

Pinnenberg, June 11. The Confederate Forces are encamped near this Place, and the Danes at Kellinghuysen; There happen frequent Skirmishes between their Parties. A strong Party of Danes fell in last night with the advanced Guards of the Confederates, consisting of 28 Men, but these receiving a Reinforcement from their Camp, beat off