

The London Gazette.

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Pendennis, May 24.

Some few days since came into this Port about 30 sail of ships homewards bound, some of them for London laden with Wine, Brandy and Salt from Burdeaux and other parts of France.

On Saturday last arrived two vessels of this Port, one from Virginia laden with Tobacco, the other from Rochelle with Salt, and yesterday another of this Harbor from Barbados laden with Sugars and Cotton, designed for Amsterdam. Three Dutch ships, two laden with Salt, and one with Sugars, bound for Holland, and as many French ships with Rye and Salt homewards bound, the Dutch man of War which came lately into this Harbor, went out again to sea to the Merchant Fleet under his Convoy.

Exmouth, May 24. The 22 instant came in the Providence of this place from Virginia, who the day before off the Ile of Sci. lymet with a ship, called the Constantinople-Merchants, newly returned from the East Indies, telling also of the return of another ship from the same parts in her company.

Vienna, May 18. The Emperour having in compliance with the Popes desires given way to the leaving of 3000 men to serve, under his Name and Banner for the assistance of the Republick of Venice; Orders and Commissions are already given out for the raising of them, and to expedite the work, 10 Rixdollars are ordered to be advanced as a donative to every man who shall freely offer himself to be listed for that service.

The Chians lately arrived here from Hungary, has made several complaints against the Hussars, and has desired his Imperial Majesty that care may be taken to reduce them to some Order for the better satisfaction of the publick peace between both Empires, and particularly, that neither the Hussars nor Haidukes may be suffer'd to offer any violence or disturbance to the Country people or Tartars, which are employ'd to carry in quantities of Victuals and other necessaries for the supply of the City of Buda lately near all destroyed by fire; which being communicated to the Council of War, they have ordered effectual Letters to be written to the Governours and Officers in the several Garrisons of the Country, that they take care for the future Regulation of those people, and to hinder their incursions especially upon those parts about Buda.

From Hungary we are advised, that a sudden fire happening, at Neuhusel, in little time so much encreased as to burn down about 80 houses.

We have also advice that there hath lately happened a terrible Earthquake in Asia, which in the space of two days hath wholly ruined and destroyed all houses and buildings for the space of 23 Leagues of that Countrey; of which we may expect the particulars.

Warsaw, May 27. On Friday the 20th instant, the Equestrian Order or the Nobles after a long debate and scrutiny, by a majority of voices elected Seignior Paszky, Brother-in-law to Prince Stanislaus Lubomirsky for their Marshal or Speaker, to whom they exhibited the Oath; the same morning agreed upon, viz. That he should not have any dependency but only upon the Equestrian Order; that he should admit of no conference with any strangers in relation to the several pretenders to the Crown; that he should not receive any Presents whatsoever in order to the Election, that he should not hearken to any promises made to him upon that account; that he should not pro-

pole any thing upon the account of his own or any other Interest, but that only of the publick; and that he should not sign the Act for Election but with their general consent.

On Saturday the 21th they intended to have fallen upon the Election of 12 Criminal Judges for the whole Kingdom, whose power was to last only during the Inter-Regnum; but the question being started about an Oath which should be taken by the Senators and the Equestrian Order, the debate continued all the day with as little issue as formerly.

On Monday the 23th it was reassumed, on which occasion a Member of the House called Galeski, publicly accused Seignior Paszky, Great Chancellor of Lithuania of the upper house of Senators, and the Sieur Gelinsky Grand Huntsman of the Kingdom of Bribery, of the Equestrian Order, offering the next day to make good his Charge by sufficient proofs, which occasioned much argument and debate; and was in the end put off till the morrow.

The same day several of the Members of this House absented themselves, pretending to go down into their several Provinces, to take care of their respective Militia's, all the Provinces being ordered to have one man out of every house armed, all of them being to appear in the fields about Warsaw before the Election.

The 24th, Galeski appeared in the lower House to make good his Charge against the accused Members, but his Evidences proved so light and ill founded, that the House was with much difficulty moved to give him time till the next day to fortify his Charge.

The same day the Senators sent to the Equestrian Order to desire a Conference, which was immediately complied with, the whole House rising to attend them, but entering into the house of the Senators, and perceiving that (contrary to the ancient Custom) two ranks of Benches were set up behind the Senators seats for the reception of the Nobles; the Members of the Equestrian Order being disgusted, went away, saying they would return when those new things were taken away.

On Wednesday the 25th, the Lower House examined again what farther proof Galeski was able to bring in against the before said accused Members, but finding nothing material, he insisting chiefly upon common Report, the Marshal declared that these accusations did not at all prejudice the Honour of Gelinsky, and so threw it out of the House, and 'tis believed Seignior Paszky will not only be cleared by the Senators, but that satisfaction will be also required for the scandal.

This debate ending, the House being informed that the new Benches were taken out of the Senate house, went again in a body to attend them; where they found most of the Senators, but that nothing could be done till the arrival of the Arch-Bishop of Gnesne their Speaker, at which his absence the Members of the Equestrian Order began to fall into a discontent, and having some time attended, seeing at last the Cross which is usually carried before the Arch-Bishop, with some of his Officers coming in before him, they refused to stay, going out altogether, saying They had other affairs and would return again the next morning at 8 of the Clock.

On Thursday 26; they came according to their time appointed, where the Arch-Bishop in an excellent Speech exhorted them to lay aside all by-interests and to unite themselves into one body for the election of a King, desiring them to have some respect for the Jagellonian Family, to choose

choose such a person as was a Roman Catholick and well versed in the Affairs and Constitutions of the Kingdom, and to take care that the Soldiers which were numerous about Warsaw might be kept in good Order and Discipline.

The same day they agreed upon an Oath which should be taken by both Houses, and Deputies were chosen to administer it to all the Members, which was the same day taken by all the Senators, and is this day to be taken by the Noblesse, and is to this effect: That without any mental reservation, they should not nominate any person for King for whom or by whose Order they had received any gift or promise; that they have not pursued any private interest of their own or any other; but should only aim at the publick good; that they should name such a person as they should judge most worthy of the Throne; that they should pronounce any obligation which they might have formerly made and that they should not nominate any person who either during the Reign of the late King or since his abdication had by any unlauefull way endeavoured to obtain the Crown.

Hague, May 3. Here lately arrived the Heer Rockwood Envoye from the Prince Elector Palatine, who was on Friday last admitted, with the usual Ceremonies to his Audience, in which he in a Latine speech assured the States of the real intentions of the Prince his Master to continue a right understanding and good correspondency with them, acquainting them farther with the Orders he had freely to communicate to them the true state of his Affairs in reference to the disputes he has lately had with some of the neighbouring Princes, offering the States, that if they please to interpose for the composition of all differences between them, he should willingly accept of their Mediation, and freely put his concerns and interests into their hands; the said Envoye has since taken his leave of the States and is departed hence, intending in few days to pass the sea for England.

He is lately arrived in post from Paris a son of Monsieur L'Esprade, late Ambassador from His Most Christian Majesty to the States of these United Provinces, but as yet 'tis not known upon what Errand.

Yesterday the Prince of Orange gave an honourable entertainment to the Zealand Deputies at his house at Hoenstardick; the Negotiation of the said Deputies, with those from the States of Holland are not yet finished, but 'tis believed may in few days come to a good issue, especially upon the Affairs relating to the Chamber of Justice, for which purpose the said States have appointed an Assembly on Thursday next, both for putting an end to this Affair which has been so long in agitation; as also to come to some resolution about the fitting out our men of War, and the recruiting of our Regiments.

Yesterday also was an experiment made of an invention of one *Adriande la Croix*, to make a piece of Ordnance to sling a Bullet farther with half the quantity of Powder then has been usually observed with the full proportion allowed; and to give a greater report then with the full Charge.

The same day Monsieur de Pomponne went privately out of the Town to Riswick, where he was entertained by the States Steward; which ended, and all his Train in readiness, he began to set forwards towards his publick Entry, being received about half a League from the Town, and attended into it by the Heers *Buorsma* and *Vander Hotck* the States Deputies, before him went the Master of his Horses followed by 8 Pages, and after them 6 Gentlemen all on horseback, in an excellent equipage, then followed the Master of the Ceremonies his Coach, after whom came the States Coach, and in it the Ambassador with the Deputies and Master of the Ceremonies, followed by three of his Excellencies own Coaches, attended by a Train of above 40 Coaches of the Ambassadors and principal persons about the Town.

The Magistrates of East-Friesland having had some jealousies of the Bishop of Munster, and received from them several complaints, have given a Commission to the Heers *Cant* and *Vryberghe* to examine the said complaints and to endeavour a Remedy.

The Baron de Kiphuisen is suddenly expected here, with a Deputation from *Enbten* and other Cities of East-Friesland to justify their Complaints.

From Ghent we are informed, that upon an application made by the *Seur Sabourg* to the Constable of Castille, the two Malefactors apprehended for the insolency formerly committed by them at *Oudemans*, viz. *Pierre de Thionville*, and *Faques Cordelier* now prisoners at Ghent are ordered to be delivered into the hands of the President of Flandres, but as yet 'tis not certainly affirmed whether they shall receive their trial in Flandres, or be by the said President delivered to the Magistrates of *Escluse* to proceed with them according to Justice.

Paris June 4. Yesterday his Majesty was pleased to be present at the Exercise of his forces at the Port St. Sebastian near St. Germaines, where the whole body was drawn up upon a line, in several battalions, each of them having 2 pieces of Cannon at the head of them, in which posture they gave four Volleys of shot, with as many discharges of their Cannon: the Captains of the Guards in their weekly Turnes performe the Office of Generall, and keepe an open Table.

From Thoulon we are informed that the Gallies are now put out to sea to joyne with those sent out by the Pope for the Reliefe of Candia, and the men of war, intended for the same Expedition lye ready to put to sea with the first faire Wind.

Letters from Flanders confirm to us the news of some action that has happened between the Garrisons of Ghent and Oudenard, informing us that a Party from Ghent having taken a Citizen of the other place, upon a debt owing to some Spaniards, and upon application refused to release him, the Governour of Oudenard Monsieur de Rochepas went out with a party of 200 Horses and marching towards Ghent, placed 150 of them in Ambuscado behind a hill, sending the other 50 nearer the Town to take Prisoners, which giving an Alarm to the Town, a party of 150 Horse were sent out, upon whose appearance the 50 retreated skirmishing, but closely pursued by the Spaniards, till falling within the ambush, they were so briskly charged, that they were presently disordered, and most of them either killed or taken.

Wymouth, May 26. The 24th instant touched in this Bay a ship passing to the Eastwards, firing 9 Guns, and is supposed to be a ship of North-Tarmouth newly returned from the East-Indies.

Yesterday arrived the *Constance* of this Port from Virginia, telling us of a Fleet of about 40 sail which are passing up the Channel, most of them Dutch.

Deal, May 28. Yesterday arrived in the Downs two ships from the East-Indies, one of them from *Bantam* laden with Pepper, the other from *Suratt* with much Cloath and a quantity of Mace with other Spices. Several other ships are also come into the Downs from the Straights and several Ports of Spain, one from *Lisbonne*, one from *Maryland*, and one from *Morlaix*.

London, May 29. This day being the Anniversary both of His Majesties birth and happy Restoration, was celebrated here with Bells and Bonfires, and all the usual attendants on a day of publick joy, on which his Highness the Prince of Tuscany was pleased to cause a Bonfire to be made in the evening before the Door of his own Lodgings, built upon three stages, distributing a large quantity of Wine amongst the people, and concluding the Evening with excellent Fireworks.

Advertisement.

The Officers of the Receipt of His Majesties Exchequer are come to the payment of the 883 Order in number and Course, Registered on the Eleven Months Tax, and shall proceed to the payment of the subsequent Orders on that Tax as the Money shall come in.

The said Officers have paid the 1143 Order Registered on the Act for 1250000*l.* and will proceed to the payment of the subsequent Orders to that number in course as the remaining Money of that Act and the remain of the first Month of the Eleven Months Tax shall be brought in.