

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday May 19. to Thursday May 22. 1701.

Milan, May 8. N. S.

THE Marshal de Catinat has countermanded the Orders that were given by Count Tefse, for making a Line on the Frontiers of this State towards the Venetian Territories, and has ordered a Line to be made near Castiglione, on which he intends to plant 80 Pieces of Cannon. Directions are given for levelling the Grounds about Mantua. The Marshal de Catinat is marched with 12000 Men of the French and Spanish Troops to the Territory of Verona, and is shortly to be joined by Count Tefse with the rest of the Forces. The Duke of Modena persisting in his refusal to receive a French Garrison into Bersello, or to demolish the Fortifications of that Place, the French have demanded of him a Contribution of 40000 Crowns, and threaten to ravage his Country unless he does speedily pay the same. The French have demanded a great Sum of Money of the Jesuits and Carmelitan Monks at Pavia, and of divers other Monasteries in the Milanese, towards the Expences of the War; and Intimations have been given to the richest Inhabitants of this Dutchy, that a considerable Free Gift will be expected from them, which increases the uneasiness the People of this Country are at present under.

Mantua, May 11. A Body of French and Spanish Forces under the Command of the Marshal de Catinat, are encamped near Rivoli in the Venetian Territories, and several other French Regiments are passed by this Place in their March thither from the Milanese. The last Advices from Trent say, the German Forces are quartered between Roveredo and Bolzano, to the number of 25000 Men, and would be joined very soon by the rest of the Imperial Regiments that are to serve in Italy. Several of the General Officers who are to Command them, were arrived at Roveredo, and Prince Eugene of Savoy, their Generalissimo, was expected in few days. The Germans have made Magazines of Provisions and Ammunition at Trent, Roveredo, and other Places on that Frontier. The Cardinal d'Estrees came yesterday from Venice to Sacchetti, about 12 miles distant from this Place, and is going to confer with the Duke of Parma; after which he designs to proceed to Modena, and from thence to return to Venice.

Turin, May 14. The Forces which the Duke of Savoy is to join with those of France and Spain in the Milanese, are preparing to leave their Quarters; And 'tis said, 5000 Foot, with a good Body of Horse, will begin their March the 20th Instant, and that the rest will follow in few days. His Royal Highness has named the Marquis de Parille to Command these Forces in the Quality of Lieutenant-General.

Venna, May 14. An Express being arrived from Count Guido of Starckenberg, who is now at the Head of the Emperor's Forces on the Borders of Esly, with Advice, that the French Forces are

in motion, Prince Eugene of Savoy went from hence this day in order to repair to the Imperial Army; He will be in 5 days at Roveredo, and has Orders to march with all expedition into Italy. The Republick of Venice appear very much dissatisfied at the French Troops having posted themselves at Rivoli within the Venetian Territories. The Envoy of Mantua has left this Place, according to the Emperor's Orders. Directions are given for bringing Captain Longueval hither under a sufficient Guard from Linz, where he was seized sometime ago with several Letters and Papers concerning the late Conspiracy, which are to be made use of at the Examination of Prince Ragozzi, and the other Persons who were brought Prisoners the last week to Newstad. The Emperor has given the Government of Stormaria, and of Great-Waradin, to Prince James Sobieski, who has at present his Residence in Silesia.

Francfort, May 22. The Pretensions of the Dutchess of Orleans upon the Palatinate being referred to the Pope, the Papers relating to that Affair, which were in the hands of the Ministers appointed by the Emperor and the Most Christian King to examine the same, were sent this week to Rome. Levies are making in the neighbourhood of this Place for the Service of several Princes of Germany. Prince Lewis of Baden continues at Nuremberg, where he has been Complimented by Deputies from the Diet of the Circle of Swabia, upon his Arrival in these Parts. The French are working with great Application on their Town of New Brisac, to which Place they have lately brought 100-Pieces of Cannon. 'Tis said, they intend to form a Flying Camp near that Fortres, and another near Landau.

Cologne, May 24. The Elector of Cologne continues at Broel. Several Companies of the new Levies made for his Service, are compleated, and consist mostly of French Soldiers; They have Orders to march into the Towns of Rinberg and Keyferswaert, where they are to remain in Garrison, the old Troops being sent from thence to other Places. The States of the Bishoprick of Liege are assembled; It's said, they will accept a Neutrality, and will augment their Forces to 4000 Men. The Chapter of Cologne have sent Deputies to the Diet of the Circle of Westphalia, to press them to order a Reinforcement of their Troops for this Garrison.

Hamburgh, May 24. The Queen Dowager of Denmark came this day from Copenhagen to Altona, and intends in a day or two to continue her Journey to Cassel. Admiral Guldenlew departed from hence the 19th Instant for England. The Heer Cranembourg, Envoy from the States-General to the King of Poland, is gone from hence to Warsaw. 'Tis said, he has Orders to offer the States Mediation for accommodating the Differences between the Kings of Sweden and Poland. The last Advices from Warsaw say, the King of Poland has writ to the Confederated Nobility of Lithuania, to send Deputies to Warsaw, to treat of an Accom-