

The London Gazette.

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From Monday September 29. to Thursday October 2. 1701.

Whitehall, Sept. 30.

THE Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Common-Council of the City of London, having resolved to make a very Loyal and Dutiful Address to His Majesty, they deputed Sir John Houbton and Sir Richard Levett Aldermen, and Four of the Common-Council, to present the same to their Excellencies the Lords Justices, who accordingly attended their Excellencies this day, and presented the said Address; Their Excellencies received it with great Satisfaction, and told them they would send it to His Majesty, and commanded that it should be printed in the Gazette.

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty.

The Humble Address of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of Your City of London, in Common-Council Assembled.

Great SIR,

WE are deeply Sensible how much we are in Duty bound highly to Resent that Great Indignity and Affront offered to Your most Sacred Majesty by the French King, in giving the Title of King of England, Scotland, and Ireland, to the Pretended Prince of Wales, contrary to Your Majesty's most Just and Lawful Title, and to the several Acts of Parliament for Settling the Succession of the Crown in the Protestant Line.

By this it is apparent he designs, as in him lies, to Dethrone Your Majesty, to Extirpate the Protestant Religion out of these Your Majesty's Kingdoms, and to Invade our Liberties and Properties; for the maintaining whereof Your Majesty has Signaliz'd Your Zeal by so often Hazarding Your Precious Life.

We therefore, Your Majesty's most Loyal Subjects, do Sincerely, Unanimously, and Cheerfully assure Your Majesty, that we will at all Times, and upon all Occasions, exert the utmost of our Abilities, and contribute whatever lies in our Power for the Preservation of Your Majesty's Person (whom GOD long preserve) and the Defence of Your Just Rights, in opposition to all Invaders of Your Crown and Dignity.

Ashurst.

Naples, Sept. 6. N. S. The Viceroy of this Kingdom and of Sicily use all possible Endeavours to get together the Sums required of them by the Court of Madrid, to be remitted to Milan for the Subsistence of the Spanish Forces in that Dutchy; Several new Taxes have been laid for that purpose; and among other means made use of to raise Money, they have resolved to sell all the Publick Offices, which Practice is already begun in Sicily.

The Princes of *Montefarchio* and *La Torella*, in consideration of a Sum of Money they have advanced to the Government, have the Privilege of Engrossing all the Corn in this City, which they are to sell at a certain Price. The Discontent against the French increases daily, and the People seem generally disposed in favour of the Emperor.

Florence, Sept. 23. Prince *Alexander Sobiesky*, one of the late King of Poland's Sons, is come hither from Rome, and intends in few days to be going for Poland. They write from Rome, that the Spanish Ambassador there had Audience last week of the Pope, and very much pressed him to grant the Investiture of the Kingdoms of Naples and Sicily to the King of Spain; To which the Pope replied, That the Congregation he has appointed to consider of that Affair would bring in their Report with all the dispatch a Matter of so great Weight could admit of, and till then he could not give him any particular Answer. 'Tis said, the Ambassador at the same time acquainted the Pope, That the King his Master was very much offended with Signior *Aquaviva*, his Nuncio in Spain, for some Expressions he used in relation to the Banishment of the Inquisitor-General from the Court of Spain, and desired he might be recalled. Letters from Naples say, the Marquis *del Vasto* hearing Orders were given for apprehending him, for having declared too openly his Sentiments in favour of the House of Austria, he retired to *Ancona*, being unwilling unreasonably to expose his Vassals who were ready to take up Arms in the Country of *Abruzzo*.

Venice, Sept. 23. Signior *Aluisto Mocenigo*, lately chosen by this Republick to be their Ambassador to His Majesty of Great-Britain, began his Journey to England some days ago. Monsieur *De la Hays*, Ambassador from France; has left this Place, in order to return home. Signior *Mario Zani* is appointed by the Senate to be General of the Venetian Forces in *Dalmatia*, in the room of Signior *Sebastiano Mocenigo*, who has completed the term of 3 years, the usual time for holding that Employment. A Merchant Ship is come in here from the Coast of *Barbary*, the Master of which reports, that the Gallies of *Malta* have taken near the Castle of *Goketta* 2 Ships belonging to *Tunis*, who had on board about 800 Men.

Turin, Sept. 24. The Queen of Spain went from hence the 11th Instant for *Nice*. She was accompanied by the Dutchess of Savoy her Mother, and by the Dutchess Dowager as far as the Frontiers of the Country of *Nice*. Their Royal Highnesses returned hither the 18th, and have since received an Account, that the Queen of Spain was safely arrived at *Nice*, and would embark there in few days for *Barcelona*.

Stockholm, Sept. 11. Letters from *Nerva* of the 21st of *August*, and from *Wiborg* of the 27th say, the *Muscovites* have got together a considerable Army near *Novograd*, and another near *Pleskow*; That they kept their Designs very secret; now and then they make some Excursions, but retire immediately without taking Post any where; They had also a Body of several Thousand Men near the Town of *Ladoga* on the River *Waikhowa*, and Major-General *Cronihort* with a Body of *Swedish* Forces was marched that way to attack them. Fresher Advices give an Account, that about 800 Men of Major General *Cronihort's* Regiment, commanded by Colonel *Ramsje*, encounter'd near *Lopis* a Body of 4000 *Muscovites*, whom they attacked; the Enemy maintained the Fight a short time; but the *Swedes* being reinforced with 200 Men and some Field-Pieces, the *Muscovites* retired with great precipitation, breaking down the Bridges behind them to hinder their being pursued. The *Swedes* have lately routed another strong Party of *Muscovites*, and killed 2 or 300 upon the spot; But near *Kirampai* the *Muscovites* surpris'd and cut down a *Swedish* Guard of 50 Troopers; upon which a Party of *Swedes* was sent out in search of the Enemy.

Vinna, Sept. 25. The Count *de Goes*, the Emperor's Envoy Extraordinary at the *Hague*, arrived here this week, and in few days will return to *Holland*. An Express is come from the Emperor's Ambassador in *Switzerland*, who brings an Account, that the Cantons are inclined to raise several Regiments for the Emperor's Service. The Emperor has resolv'd to add 4 Companies to every Regiment of his forces in the Hereditary Countries, and new Levies are ordered for that purpose.

Cologne, October 3. The Count *de Schlick*, the Emperor's Envoy, arrived at *Mentz* on Monday last, and had the next day Audience of the Elector of *Mentz* upon the present Affairs. 'Tis said, the Forces of the Circle of the *Upper Rhine* will separate next week.

Brussels, October 7. Great Court is made to the Marshal *de Bouffers*, and the Magistrates of this City have been to compliment him, and made him a Present of Wine. The Burghers of this City are ordered to meet, to continue the Excise upon Beer. Letters from *Madrid* of the 22d past say, the King of *Spain* arriv'd the 16th at *Saragosa*, and after a short stay there, would continue his Journey to *Barcelona*.

Los, October 7. On Wednesday morning the King went from *Dieren* to *Doesburgh*, to see the new Works that are making there, and reviewed 2 Regiments of Foot that are lately come into that Garrison. His Majesty hunted the Stag this morning, and returned hither in the evening.

Hague, October 7. Letters from *Riga* of the 24th of *September* give an Account, that the 15th 20000 *Muscovites*, being divided into two Bodies, march'd from *Pleskow* and *Pietzol* to make an Incurfion in *Livonia*; They attacked 4 or 500 *Swedes* who were posted near the Frontiers; These defended themselves very well, but were overcome by the Enemy's numbers, and most of them cut off; But 4000 *Swedes* being sent out against the *Muscovites* with some Field-Pieces, they totally routed the Enemy, who had no Cannon, killed 3000 of them on the spot, (besides those who were killed by the Country People) and took divers Standards, and a great number of Arms, with the loss only of 100 Men on the side of the *Swedes*. 'Tis said, the Czar himself was at *Pietzol*, expecting the issue of this Expedition. They write from *Mentz* of the first Instant, that Count

Schlick has declared to that Elector, that in case of a Rupture with *France*, the Emperor will not allow any Prince of the Empire to stand Neuter, and that Monsieur *d'Urberville*, the *French* Envoy at the Court of the Elector of *Mentz*, would thereupon be desired by his Electoral Highness to return home. The 3000 Men which the Bishop of *Wurtzburgh* puts into the Emperor's Service, were ready to march.

Paris, October 8. N. S. An Express arriv'd at *Fontainebleau* the 5th Instant, with Letters from the Viceroy of *Naples* of the 24th of the last month, giving an Account, that a Design had been discovered there, which was carried on by several Persons of the First Quality, who intended to declare for the Emperor; That upon this Discovery the Prince of *Macchia*, the Duke of *Teliffa* of the House of *Grimaldi*, and several other Persons of Quality, got together a great number of People, and possessed themselves of two Churches, where they hoped to defend themselves till the rest of their Party could appear in Arms; But the Viceroy having assembled some regulated Troops with several Field-Pieces, dispersed them. The Duke of *Teliffa* was taken, but the Prince of *Macchia*, and the rest of the chief Persons concerned in this Design, have made their escapes; and there being reason to apprehend that a general Insurrection will ensue, the Gallies of *Naples*, which were to attend the Queen of *Spain* in her Passage from *Nizza* to *Barcelona*, are ordered to return to *Naples*; and 'tis said, Count *d'Estrees* will also be sent thither from *Cadix* with the Squadron of Men of War under his Command. The last Advices from *Italy* say, the Imperial, and the *French* and *Spanish* Armies were still in the same Camps, and that Prince *Eugene* had sent a Reinforcement to the Garrison of *Castiglione*, which is now 3000 strong. Letters from *Nizza* of the 28th past give an Account, that the new Queen of *Spain* embark'd there the day before, being attended by a Squadron of *French* and *Spanish* Gallies, which put into *Antibes* the same evening, and would depart from thence the next day for *Barcelona*.

A General Court of The English Company Trading to the East-Indies will be held at Skinners-hall on Tuesday the 7th Instant, at 10 in the forenoon.

Attendance will be daily given at Garraway's Coffee-house in Exchange-Alley till the 23d Instant, for perfecting the Agreement lately made for Satisfaction of the Creditors of Edward Backwell Esq; deceased; And all Creditors that have not yet had the full Benefit thereof, are desired forthwith to come and receive the same, and send sufficient Authorities for so doing, in that the Undertakers must then proceed to adjusting Accounts with the several Goldsmiths appointed for Receipt of the Money.

Advertisements.

There is a Parcel of Right Irish Usquebagh brought lately out of Ireland, made at the most famous Place in that Kingdom for making the said Liquor, viz. Drogheda; and is to be Sold at Mr. William Cooper's, next to the Vine in St. Martin Crooked-lane, London, by Gallons or Bottles, at 20 s. per Gallon.

Lost about the 25th of August last from Wm. Stedder of Magor in Monmouthshire, a grey Horse between 14 and 15 hands, 7 or 8 years old, a Scar on the Forehead a little above the Eyes, a Patch near the Flank on the near side, Troop with a short Pace. Whoever secures him, and gives notice to Wm. Stedder aforesaid, John Jeffreys Esq; in St. Mary Ax, London, or to Wroth Stedder at the Rock Inn in Monmouthshire, shall have a Guinea Reward, and reasonable Charges.