

Hague, July 5. The three Hanels, bringing means to put a stop to the Election, believing late President from the States at Dordrecht the Assembly would not admit of a double voice, is lately returned from that Employment, and during these endeavors there happened so violent on Tuesday last gave an account of his Negotiations, and it was known that they were forced to depart that night without any conclusion, with a promise to meet dispatch hence for Vienna in quality of Envoy again the next morning, which they accordingly Extraordinary.

The States are also sending a person to re-crests and proceeding more warmly than before sides at Salce as Consul, with orders to complain; it was well feared lest their ships might over Prince Mulierishd Emperor of Morocco, Tension a Rupt<sup>r</sup>, insomuch as the Palatines of Tafalca, and so, in the names of the United Provinces, and to negotiate with him for the maintenance of a good Correspondency and an establishment of Trade in those parts.

The Duke of East-Friesland having ill resented the seizing of one of the Civil Officers of that Province by the Bishop of Munster ordered upon account of a new custom establish by the State Command at Bourking, has sent the Baron de Stephuisen a Principal Officer of East-Friesland to inform the States of the whole matter, the forced by the Assembly to be covered and to take better to induce them to take some effectual order in that affair, and to procure the liberty of the imprisoned Officer.

The Provinces seem generally to concur w<sup>th</sup> the resolution of fortifying the Frontiers and reinforcing the Garrisons. Captain Arntsm<sup>s</sup> suffrages to his choice only the Grand Chancellor is ordered to march with h<sup>s</sup> Company from the Garrison of Leeuwarden to Dytter Schantz.

His Excellency S<sup>r</sup> Wm Temple is returned hither from Amsterdam, well satisfied with the civil reception he met with from the Burgomasters of that City, as also from those of Haarlem, on his return, who met him some distance from the Town with a train of 600 Coaches, conducting him to the Town-house, if Citizens being drawn up and ranked in the way as he past, and afterward exercised before him for his diversion: and the next morning he was again attended by the Magistrates, & by them conducted to the Water-side to his Embas<sup>m</sup>.

Warsaw, June 20. On the 18 instant, the Militia of these several Provinces appeared in the Field in order to the election consisting of above 5000 men, crying out they would not do part like the King was chosen; whereupon they would soon make choice of new Marshals: Electors began to give their suffrages to the Duke of Neuberg, and Prince of Lorraine, the only candidates appearing for the Election, & of Czajkiewitsch to supply this Office, he appeared in the conclusion it was found that the Prince of Lorraine had the majority by 50 votes; whereupon the favours of the Prince of Condé int<sup>r</sup>est, endeavoured to add to the weaker side in name of the Person which they did with greatest hopes to make an equality of Suffrages, by that means

some Nobleman of th<sup>r</sup> own Country; nor did they know any Person of greater worth than Prince Michael Horibut Wisniawsky, which nomination was received with general acclamation, all People very joyful, Civat, Civat, and the said Prince then present, was immediately forced by the Assembly to be covered and to take a Chair which he refused, urging hi<sup>s</sup> incapacity of supporting so weighty a Crown, but the Assembly not hearkening to his excuse obliged him with tears in his Eyes to accept of the honour; all of rest of the Provinces & Palatinates gave in their suffrages to his choice only the Grand Chancellor, the Prince Boguslaus Kotzcoic, who seemed to have a considerable party, but that of Kishiewitsch upon the competition prevailed, and in the last filled 2 of old men who spoke over

boldly against their choice, the Marshal of the Crown Sobiesky, and the Marshal of the Nobles noticing themselves, protested against Election, but the prevailing party slighting them, said they then demanded the presence of the Bishop of Lorraine, to proclaim the Election but he pre- tended some indisposition, would have excused himself, till they threatening to oblig<sup>r</sup> the Bishop Czajkiewitsch to supply this Office, he appeared in the Field with the 2 Marshals, and according to custom demanded 3 times, that if they

were agreed upon the Election they should arrest, endeavor to add to the weaker side in name of the Person which they did with greatest clamations, accompanied with the discharge of all the