

The Address from the County of *Leicester*, printed in the last Gazette, was presented to Her Majesty by *Richard Bold Esq;* one of their Representatives in Parliament, introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Earl of *Dorset*.

Tientsin, April 22. The King of the Romans's Equipage will be ready by the beginning of the next Month, and he intends to go about that time to the Upper Rhine, to take upon him the Command of the Imperial Forces. A great number of Recruits, both Horse and Foot, are sent to Italy. The 6 Regiments of Horse and of Hussars, lately ordered to be raised, are complete, and have begun to march, some towards the Rhine, and the rest to Italy. The French Frigats which cruise in the Adriatick Gulph, have Orders to seize all such Ships as they shall meet with, having any Provisions on board for the use of the Imperial Army. The last Advices from these Parts say, a Comitiary of the Emperor's Customs on the Coast of Dalmatia, having got together some Country People, surprized one of the Frigats, which was put into the Island of *Lisina*, killed the Captain, with most of the Ship's crew, and took the Lieutenant and 10 Men Prisoners.

Frankfort, April 30. Prince Lewis of Baden continues encamped at *Langenkandel*, where his Army daily increases by the coming up of more Imperial and Palatine Forces. The Forces of the Upper Rhine, which were drawn together at *Wisbaden*, are ordered to join the Imperial Army; And the Forces of the Circles of Swabia and Franconia, and of the other Circles, that lately entered into the Grand Alliance, are all marching to do the like. Prince Lewis of Baden having Advice, That a Body of French Forces were marching by the way of *Weissenburgh* and *Lauterburgh*, to reinforce the Garrison of *Landau*, he sent out a Detachment to *Weissenburgh*, upon whose Approach the French retired to *Haguenau* with such Precipitation, that they left behind them their Forage and Ammunition. The German Forces have also taken post at *Belchenam*, *Belheim*, *Reisheim*, and *Herheim*, so that *Landau* is quite blocked up. The Imperialists have ordered the Inhabitants of the Country of *Alface* to bring in a certain quantity of Forage for the use of their Forces. The Bridge of Boats at *Spires* is to be removed to *Lauterburgh*, and the new Bridge to *Philipsburgh*. Several Officers belonging to the Imperial Artillery passed by here this week, with 400 Horses for the use of the said Artillery, going to the Imperial Camp. *Marthal Cattinat* is daily expected at *Strasburgh*. We hear, the Saxon Forces which the King of Poland has put into the Emperor's Service, are marching towards Italy. *Count Stryum*, General of the Imperial Horse, came hither 3 days ago from *Vienna*, and the next day went on towards the Lower Rhine.

Cologne, May 2. The Elector of Cologne marched from *Bon* the 28th inst with about 6000 Men, 9 Pieces of Cannon, and some Mortars, and 7 Wagons laden with Bombs, towards *Siegburg*, in order to attack the Palatine Forces posted there; but not being able to pass the River *Sieg*, which was extremely swelled by the late Rains, they contented themselves with plundering several Villages in the Country of *Berg*, and to return to *Bon*; their Troops have likewise plundered *Rhynmagen* and *Oberwinter*, two small Towns above *Bon*, on this side the Rhine, which belong to the Elector Palatine. *Count Gallard* is shortly expected at *Bon*. A Party of the French Forces in *Gelderland* has plundered *Stolberg*, near *Aix la Chapelle*, belonging to the Elector Palatine. A Party of his Electoral Highness's Forces has taken the Counts of *Aspremont* and *Linden*, and several other Prisoners. The Diet of the Circle of *Westphalia*, which is met here, resolved yesterday to enter into the Association lately made between the Circles of *Austria*, *Swabia*, *Franconia*, and the Upper and Lower Rhine; and they intend likewise to enter into the Grand Alliance, which they are to consider of this day.

Hamburg, May 2. The King of Sweden, according to our freshest Advices, continues his March directly to *Warlaw*, which has greatly alarmed the Court there. The Swedes disperse in the Countries through which they march a Placart, by which the King of Sweden exhorts all the Inhabitants to remain in their Houses, promising his Protection to all that shall do so, and threatening to destroy the Houses of all that shall forsake them. The Ambassadors of the Republick of Poland are to have Audience of the King of Sweden at *Grodno*; but 'tis said he will not give an Answer to their Proposals before he is come with his Army to *Warlaw*. Letters from *Lithuania* say, a strong Detachment of Swedes was marching to attack *Prince Wicnowisky*, who lately defeated one of their Parties; and some Letters from *Koningsberg* say, the Swedes had defeated his Troops, and taken him Prisoner. The Swedish Forces in *Pomerania* begin to move towards their Camp near *Stettin*; the Forces of *Hollstein* are likewise drawing together in order to join them. They write from *Copenhagen*, that the King of Denmark has ordered 4000 Men to be sent to *Hollstein*, who will shortly be followed by 5000 more; and that he intends to take a Journey thither about the beginning of next Month.

Wesel, May 2. The Army of the Allies before *Neyerswaert* has lately been reinforced by several Battalions of Foot drawn out of this Place, and of several other Garrisons; Their Batteries fire constantly, and have made a considerable Breach; and now the Rains (which have proved a great hindrance to them) are ceased, we daily expect to receive an account of their having assaulted the Counterescarp. The *Marshall de Bouthlers* continues at *Zanten*; he has sent a Detachment of his Forces to *Burick*, a small Town on the other side the Rhine, a little above this place; upon which our Bridge of Boats on the Rhine is taken away, and several pieces of Cannon are placed along the Rhine. We hear the French have plundered several Places in the Dutchy of *Cleves*, which lie on the other side the Rhine. The King of Prussia has appointed *Montieur Tetteau*, his Chamberlain, and *Montieur Blaspiel*, to receive in his Name the Homage of the States of the Country of *Mears*.

From the Earl of *Athlon's Camp* at *Clarenbeck*, May 2. Major-General *Dompere* being sent out from hence last night with 1000 Horse, met this morning a Party of about 600 French Horse, whom he attacked, and totally defeated, killing 200 of them on the spot, and taking near as many Prisoners, among whom are a Lieutenant-Colonel who commanded the French Party, and 5 or 6 other Officers; On our side, not above 30 Troopers and Dragoons were killed. Eleven English Battalions, which were encamped near *Rosendael*, joined us this morning.

Paris, May 6. A great many Privateers are fitting out in the French Ports, and 'tis said, about 100 Commissions are already dispatched for this purpose. The Chevalier *John Bart* died at *Dunkirk* the 27th inst; and 'tis said, *Montieur Pointis* is to command the Squadron which is fitting out there in his place. The *Sieur Jordan*, Envoy of the King of Poland, being recalled, left this Place 3 days ago, in order to return home. The Venetian Ambassador has been several times in Conference with the Ministers of this Country concerning the French Frigats that cruise in the Adriatick Gulph, which gives great Offence to the Republick, as being a Violation of their Sovereignty over that Sea. This Court is not very well satisfied with the Duke of *Savoy*, who would send this Year but half the number of Forces to the Assistance of the French in Italy he did the last, and yet in-

hats to have the same Subsidies continued. Letters from the Duke of *Vendosme's* Quarters at *Nazaro* of the 28th inst give an Account, That he intended to march the 2d Instant, and to repass the Po at *Cremona*, with the French Forces quartered in the Country of *Piacenza*, which consist of 25 Battalions, and 12 Squadrons, and to advance towards *Saionetta*, in order to supply that Place with Provisions. The French reckon they shall have in the Field in Italy this Campaign an Army of 62 Battalions of Foot, and 101 Squadrons of Horse, besides the Spanish Forces, and those of *Savoy*. The Germans continued to intrench themselves along the Po and the Oglio; they had received from Germany a Reinforcement of 4000 Men, and expected shortly 10000 more. *Prince Eugene* had sent a Message to the *Prince of Vaudemont*, Governor of *Milan*, to acquaint him, that he had received Orders from the Imperial Court to agree upon a Cartel for the Exchange of Prisoners. Here has been a Report of *Prince Eugene's* Sickness and Death, but it proves altogether groundless.

Portsmouth, April 24. Yesterday being *St. George's Day*, and the Day of Her Majesty's Coronation, it was observed here with great Demonstrations of Joy; at Two in the Morning the Bells began to ring, and so held all day; the Standard was displayed from the Magazine and Town-Hall; also Four other Flags at each corner of the Town-Hall, and a Pendant upon each Pinnacle of the Church-Tower, and a Flag in the middle; the Ships at *Spithead* were adorned with Flags, and Pendants of all sorts, which made a very Noble Show; About Three a Clock the Ships at *Spithead* discharged their Guns, (as did those in Harbour) and Volleys of Small Shot from the Ships every minute: Between Four and Five in the Afternoon *Sir Stafford Fairburn*, with most of the Captains of the Fleet, came ashore, and the Commissioner of the Dock, and his Officers, came to Town, and went all to the Town-Hall, where the Mayor, Recorder, and the rest of the Corporation, being ready to attend them, the Mayor gave them a very splendid Treat, and after Supper Her Majesty's Health was drank, the Guns of the Platform being at the same time discharged. The People, who were got together in great Crowds in the Streets, repeated their Acclamations of Long live Queen ANNE. The Night ended with Ringing of Bells, Bonfires, and Illuminations in every House. The Ships at *Spithead* made a very Glorious Show at Night, hanging out Candles as thick as possible; they could be hung, and some firing several Sky-Rockets.

Whereas several Pieces of Plate, as Dishes, Trencher Plates, Knives, Forks, Spoons, and Salts, together with Pewter of all sorts, Table Linens, and several other Necessaries, which were provided and used in Westminster-Hall at Her Majesty's Coronation Feast on the 23d Instant, have been taken away from thence, and are yet concealed: All Persons who have any of Her Majesty's Goods of what sort soever in their Custody, are hereby required forthwith to bring them to Whitehall, and there give Notice of the same at Her Majesty's Board of Green-cloth, upon pain of being prosecuted according to Law; And if any Person or Persons shall there make Discovery of any such Her Majesty's Goods so unlawfully detained by any Person whatsoever, they shall receive 12 d. per Ounce for all the Plate recovered, and so proportionably for any other Goods.

For making up a true Record of the Claims at Her Majesty's Coronation, all Persons who claimed to perform any Service in Westminster-Hall at or about the time of Dinner, are to return to the Herald, or to *Lawrence Cromp Esq;* their Deputy Register, at the Herald's Office near Doctors-Commons, London, a true Account how and by whom their several Services were performed, on or before Monday Evening the 25th of May next, to the end the same may be drawn up in Form, and presented to the Court of Claims at the next Sitting, which will be on Wednesday the 6th of May.

Advertisements.

This day is Publish'd, A Sermon Preach'd at the Coronation of Queen ANNE, in the Abbey Church of Westminster, April 23. 1702. By the most Reverend Father in God John Lord Archbishop of York. Publish'd by Her Majesty's Especial Command. Printed for *Walter Kettilby* at the Bishop's-Head in *St. Paul's Church-Yard*; and *William Rogers* at the Sun against *St. Dunstan's Church* in *Fleet-street*.

The Case of the Schedule stated: Wherein an Account is given of the Rise and Design of that Instrument, and of the Influences it hath on the Adjourments of the Lower House of Convocation, and all the Authorities, Urged in behalf of the Archbishop's sole Power to Prorogue the whole Convocation; are occasionally examined, by a Member of the Lower House of Convocation. Printed for *Thomas Bennet* at the Half-Moon in *St. Paul's Church-Yard*.

There will shortly be published, *The Schedule Revis'd*: Or, A Defence of the Archbishop's Right to Continue or Prorogue the whole Convocation, against the forced Interpretations put upon the Schedule and Registers by two late Pamphlets, viz. *The Narrative Vindicated*; and, *The Case of the Schedule*: With a brief Comparison of the Evidences and Authorities on both sides.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt hath been awarded against *John Steer*, late of the Liberty of Westminster, Brewer; all Persons that owe him any Money, or that have any Goods or Effects of his in their Hands, are forthwith to pay and deliver the same to *Mr. Richard Haley*, or *Mr. Samuel Wallis*, of London, Malt Factors, Assignees, or they'll be sued for the same.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt hath been awarded against *Thomas Smith*, late of *High Holborn* in *Middlesex*, *Woolen-Draper*; There are to give Notice, That the said *Thomas Smith* having satisfied all his Creditors, the said Commission is superseded under the Great Seal of England, And that all Persons that have any Effects of his in their hands, or owe him any Moneys, are to deliver and pay the same to the said *Smith*.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt hath been awarded against *Mary Presbury*, late of *Ludgate-street*, London, Gold and Silver Lacceller; and an Assignment of her Debts and Estate being made to *Mr. Samuel Turner* of *Fleet-street*, and *Mr. Gilbert Page* of *Parer-Noster-Row*, London, Silkmen; There are to give notice, That whoever discovers from whom any Sum of Money is due, or in whose hands any of the said Bankrupt's Books or Accounts, Goods or Effects are, shall have 10 l. per Cent. out of such Sums as shall be received. And whoever gives notice to the said Assignees, or to *Mr. H. Mills*, Attorney, in *Norfolk-street* in the Strand, London, where the said *Mary Presbury* is, is as she be secured, shall have Ten Guineas Reward.

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