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Westminster, May 25.

THE Queen came this day to the House of Peers, attended with the usual Solemnity, and being in Her Royal Robes seated on the Throne, the Commons were sent for up by Sir David Mitchell, Gentleman-Usher of the Black Rod, and attending Her Majesty accordingly; Her Majesty was pleased to give the Royal Assent to

An Act for preventing Frauds in the Duties upon Salt, and for the better Payment of Debentures at the Custom-house.

An Act to Declare the Alterations in the Oath appointed to be taken by the Act, Entituled, An Act for the further Security of His Majesty's Person, and the succession of the Crown in the Protestant Line, and for Extinguishing the Hope of the pretended Pretended Prince of Wales, and all other Pretenders, and their open and secret Abettors; and for declaring the Association to be determined.

An Act for continuing the present Sheriffs in England and Wales until the First Day of Hillary Term next, unless Her Majesty shall think fit to determine them sooner.

An Act for Importing into England Thrown Silk of the Growth of Sicily from the Port of Leghorn in Italy.

An Act for raising the Militia for the Year One thousand seven hundred and two, notwithstanding the Months Pay formerly advanced be not repaid.

An Act for continuing the Imprisonment of Counter and others, for the Horrid Conspiracy to Assassinate the Person of his late Sacred Majesty King William the Third.

An Act for Relief of poor Prisoners for Debt.

An Act to oblige the Jews to maintain and provide for their Protestant Children.

An Act for Relief of the Masters of Hoys and other Vessels, carrying Corn and other Inland Provisions within the Port of London.

An Act for the Importation of Fine Italian Thrown Silk.

An Act for making more effectual the Provision out of the Forfeited Estates in Ireland, for the building of Churches, and Augmenting small Vicarages in Ireland.

An Act for Relief of the Protestant Purchasers of the Forfeited Estates in Ireland.

And to 43 Private Acts.

After which, Her Majesty made a Most Gracious Speech to both Houses, which follows:

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I cannot conclude this Session without repeating my hearty Thanks to you all, for your great Care of the Publick, and the many Marks you have given of your Duty and Affection to me.

And I must thank you, Gentlemen of the House of Commons, in particular, both for the Supplies you have given to support me in this necessary War, and the Provisions you have made for the Debts contracted in the former: Your great Justice in making good those Deficiencies will be a lasting Honour and Credit to the Nation: I wish the Difficulties, they have brought upon us, may be a Warning to prevent such Inconveniences for the future.

I must recommend to you all, in your several Countries, the Preservation of the publick Peace, and a due Execution of the Laws.

I shall always Wish, That no Difference of Opinion, among those that are Equally Affected to My Service, may be the Occasion of Heats and Animosities among themselves. I had be very Careful to preserve and maintain the Act of Union, and to set the Minds of all My People at Quiet; My Own Principles must always keep me intirely Firm to the Interests and Religion of the Church of England, and will incline me to Commendance those who have the truest Zeal to Support it.

And afterwards the Lord Keeper (by Her Majesty's Command) Prorogued the Parliament till Tuesday the 26th of July next.

St. James's, May 26. The following Address from the Town of Monmouth was presented to Her Majesty by John Morgan Esq; their Representative in Parliament.

To the Queen's most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Bayliffs, Clergy, Gentry; Common-Council, Burgeses; and the rest of the Inhabitants of the Town of Monmouth.

Dead Sovereign;

That we so late Condole with Your Sacred Majesty the Death of the best and bravest of Mortals (the most illustrious Monarch, our late Sovereign William the Third; of most Glorious and ever Blessed Memory) we hope will be graciously imputed to the true Cause of our Delay, namely, That we in particular (as well as Europe in general) wanted Words to express our Concern for so Universal a Loss. In truth, we seemed like dead Men; nor could any thing revive us, and bring us out of our Lettingick Condition, but the News of Your Majesties happy Accession to the Throne of your Royal Ancestors: For which great and unspeakable Blessing (in the midst of so many late severe Straoks of Divine Wrath and Anger) we heartily bless, and praise and adore the Divine Providence that exalted you to this high Station, and humbly crave Leave to Congratulate Your Majesty upon this Occasion.

We should be the most ungrateful People on the Earth, if we should not publickly own and acknowledge our Obligations to Your Majesty, your Princely Zeal for the Advancement of Gods Glory, for the Reformation of Manners, the Suppression of Vice, Prophaneness, and Immorality; Your great Care for the Security of the Protestant Religion abroad, and the Church of England (as by Law established) at home; That Church, which Your Majesty was early made a Member of, whose Doctrine you imbib'd in your Infancy, and have ever since adorn'd by a most pious and exemplary Conversation, whose Sons and Daughters you are become a Nursing Mother to, and whose Faith God hath rais'd you to be (under him) the Defender of, That very Catholick and Apostolick Faith which your Great, and Good, and Just Grandfather (the Royal Martyr) defended with his Pen, and at last seal'd the Truth of it with his Blood: That Faith, which we have great Reason to hope, Your Majesty, and your Great and Wise Council (in Parliament assembled) have secured to us, and our Posterities after us, mangre all the Malice of Hell, the Fraud and sophistry of Rome, and the united Power of France and Spain.

Your most Gracious Assurances (since your Coronation) have likewise transported us, we are filled with Rapture and Extaste, our Mouths with grateful Hymns and Songs, our Hearts with Duty and Thankfulness, our Eyes with Tears of Joy. In short, we pray that God would prosper you in all your Righteous Undertakings; That he would bless you (and your great Council) with a numerous Offspring to Rule and Reign long over us, that you may be as happy in your Subjects as they are in Your Majesty; That God would be pleas'd to make you the Glorious Instrument to reduce the Exorbitant Power of France, to pull the Spoil out of the Jews, or else break the Jaw-bones of the Common Oppressor. We owe (blest'd Queen!) our Lives and Fortunes to Your Majesty, which shall soon be sacrific'd (against the Hungry Monarch of France, and the two Nephew Kings of his own, not God's making) whenever Your Majesty shall Command our Assistance in Defence of Your Person, our Country, and Religion.

These are the Prayers, and shall be the most zealous Endeavours of those, who are resolv'd to live and die, Your Majesties most dutiful and obedient Subjects and Servants.

Which Address Her Majesty received very graciously.