

# The London Gazette.

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Lyms, July 17.

**T**his week arrived here one French Vessel, with one of this place from *Croyssick* laden with Salts, who speak of some Turks men of war which were lately seen upon those Coasts, and had taken two or three small Merchants Ships, one belonging to that place.

The French are busily preparing for sea; one of their Brigades are equipped at *Brest*, and six at *Thoulon*, all of them ready to put to sea; they have also lately built in *Calais* of considerable force, and have taken care for the supply of their Stores and Ammunition, with Ordnance and Materials for Marine service.

The Duke *Maximilian* is lately removed from his Government of *Bretagne* to that of *Elzace*, but his successor is not yet known.

*Warsaw, July 5.* The 28th past, a motion was made in the Assembly at *Kolo* for the reading of the *Pacta Conventa*, which were to be sworn to by the King, which was opposed for some time by the three Brethren *Zamoski* who desired that a cause of theirs might be first stated, in reference to an Estate now in the possession of the Princess of the same name, Mother to the present King, who claims it, as inheriting to the late Prince *Zamoski*, to which the King upon his nomination was pleased to renounce all his interest and pretensions, but the majority of voices overbearing them, they fell upon the Articles, putting off this cause till the Diet for the Coronation.

In the first point relating to the Oeconomy of the Kings Estate, they made little progress, only voted the Administration thereof to be committed to the Nobles, referring the whole finally, with that about the Sak to the following Diet.

The next point was, That the succeeding Kings should not confer two Charges upon one person, *salvis modernis possessoribus*, which was much pressed by *Polobinski*, who pretended to the Charge of General of *Lythuania* now possessed by the Duke *Michael Radzevil*, who is also Vice-Chancellor of the same place, which began to be debated with much heat, the said *Polobinski* being seconded by the Family of the *Parzi*, but the Arch-Bishop of *Gnesne* and the Bishops interposing, seemed to prevail with them for the time, that this business should be referred to the cision of some persons unconcerned.

This ended, they fell upon the debate of the allowance made to King *Casimir* of 50 thousand Crowns, which after some opposition was concluded on, and ordered to be duly paid.

The 29th, the Brethren *Zamoski* again demanded that justice might be done them in their cause according to the Kings promise upon his Nomination, and that they might be better presently sealed in the Estate contended for, or have a firme promise made them of such a firm settlement, but a great Rain falling, dismissed the Assembly for that day.

On Monday July 1. The Director of the Assembly desiring to proceed upon the *Pacta Conventa* the Brethren *Zamoski* opposed it, plainly saying, they would consent to nothing, nor the Election of the King, till their cause was first determined; several Speeches were in response made with much Oratory, but the *Zamoski* perceiving nothing would be done for them, made a protestation of the Nullity of any thing that should pass, and went out of the

Assembly: the Diet fell then to examine the Legality of this protestation, which if good would dissolve the said Assembly, but concluded it faulty, as being not made in due time, and a motion was made, that the *Zamoski* should be declared Rebels, if they persisted in their protestation, but it was at last more mildly concluded that they should be sent to quirely to appear the next morning at *Kolo* to revoke their protestation.

In the mean time, things grew to some height between the *Parzi* and the house of *Radzevil*, both parties rallying up all the force they could, and putting them in form of battle near *Kolo*, inasmuch as 'twas feared they would charge one another, and with their swords dispute the Generalship of *Lythuania*, of which the King having intelligence, sent to them, requiring them to desist from their violent purposes, lest they obliged him to send his Circular Letters to the Nobles of *Poland*, to proceed against them as Rebels to the State, and disturbers of the public peace.

Whereupon the *Parzi* finding themselves much the weaker party, were forced to quit their pretensions, leaving to Duke *Michael Radzevil* the possession of both his Charges; after which, the Dukes Brother, Duke *Bogislavus* was also declared Grand Marshal of *Lythuania*, *Polobinski* thus defeated of his purpose, the Chancellor *Parzi* assigned him the Revenue of two Governments in his Province for two years, towards his better subsistence, and General *Parzi*, in lieu of satisfaction of his own pretensions, had the Palatinate of *Vilna* conferred on him: but he is highly relenting what had past, sent a challenge to Duke *Radzevil* to fight the next day Twelve to Twelve, which had so far proceeded that the persons were named on each party, all of them of Quality and Honour, but the King with the Lords Spiritual interposing, the Duke *Michael Radzevil* and General *Parzi* were reconciled before the King, and embraced one another.

On Wednesday July 3. The *Zamoski* not appearing, the Senators and Deputies from the Palatinates could not proceed upon their Articles as they intended, whereupon several of the Assembly made invectives against them, desiring they might be declared Traytors and Enemies to their Country; moving that the French Ambassador might be dismissed, whom they accused as the Author of all that had past to their disturbance, but at last broke up the Assembly for that day without any resolution.

The next day they resolved to proceed notwithstanding the protestation, but agreed not upon any one point that day; but the Sieut *Polanoski* the Lieutenant-General of *Poland* having been refused a Charge, which both the Arch-Bishop and the General had desired the King to give him; openly showed his dissatisfaction, declaring his resolution to leave the service upon the first opportunity.

*Genova, July 10.* This State being unwilling to enter into a farther contest with the Pope in the affair relating to the Inquisitor General, whom for his too great entrenchment upon the liberty of this Republick, and his insolent behaviour in presence of the Senate, they expelled from their City and Government, hath lately sent away an express to Rome with a submissive Letter to the Pope, humbly referring the whole business to his consideration, to make what end he pleases of it.

*Centurioni's* Squadron is entertained upon the French accounts, and freighted for the service of *Candia*. The Turkish Corsairs have lately seized upon five French Barks of *Tabarca*, laden with Corn and beun, in *Candia*.

On Monday the 4 instant the Three Governours and