

The London Gazette.

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Rome, Sept. 9. N. S.

THE Ecclesiastical State being free from the Excursions of those that are in Arms for the Emperor in the *Araxzo*, who are now better satisfied with the Pope's Conduct in regard to the Dispute about the Spanish Succession, Orders are sent to Signior *Falconi* to return home with the Forces under his Command, leaving a sufficient Guard for the Security of those Frontiers. This Court is extremely pleased with the Behaviour of the Imperial Ambassador, who being applied to in behalf of a Jewd Woman, whom the Serri and other Officers of Justice were looking after in his Neighbourhood, refused to give her his Protection, saying in this case the Pretension so much insisted on by all foreign Ministers to the Freedom of their Quarters Letters from *Naples* of the 6th Instant give an Account, that the People there grew so uneasy at the Continuance of 6 *Francis* Gallies in that Port, that the Government was forced to make Applications for an Order from the French Court for their departure from thence, and that they are accordingly gone for *Madrid*: That the inhabitants of *Naples* are frequently in Variance with the French Soldiers in Garrison there, and that they had lately a Dispute, which proceeded so far, that coming to Blows, many were killed on both sides. Their Letters are full of Complaints of the Scarcity of Money and the Decay of their Trade, which will find little Advantage by an Order that has been lately published there, for all the Subjects of *England* and *Holland* to depart in 12 days out of the City of *Naples*, and in 20 days out of that Kingdom.

From the Imperial Camp near *Luzzara*, Sept. 10. N. S. The 4th Instant, Two of our Parties came home, who in several Rencontres with the French had killed about 40 of them, and brought home a Lieutenant and 9 Soldiers Prisoners, and 38 Horses: On the 5th a Captain of Dragoons and a Trooper were killed. We began this day the Exchange of Prisoners, and the Exchange of the Cartel lately concluded. The 6th, we heard great noise at *Guastalla*, the French pressing the Siege with great vigour. We foraged towards *Reggio* with a Guard of 200 Horses, and advancing too far that Place, the French Garrison there fired upon us, and did us no other damage than the wounding of 20 Horses. In the evening the Enemy sent home 560 Prisoners they had taken from us. The 6th, we received an Account, that 4 Companies of Foot were sent to be added to the Regiment of *Ringsvare* who arrived at *Osiglia*. The firing continued at *Guastalla*, and some Officers assured us, that above 100 Horses were killed and wounded that night by the Shot from the Garrison, notwithstanding the great Precaution they had used to preserve their Men, having opened Batteries before a Town that had neither Dutch nor French to defend it. The two Armies continue to fight, and then to fire at one another with their Cannon. The 7th, we foraged again on the side of *Reggio*, with only 4 Horses. We received an Account, that the Troops of *Wolfenbuttel*, to the number of about 1500 Men, were arrived at *Benedetto*, where they would stay a day or two. The 8th, a Party which was sent from hence over the *Mincio*, met betwixt *Gorso* and *Verona* 18 Wagons laden with Powder and other Ammunition under a Guard of 40 Men; Our Men attacked, and killed them all, 5, whom they brought Prisoners; but not being able to bring away the Wagons, they Laid, they blew up the Powder, and destroyed the rest of the Ammunition. The 9th, we foraged with a Guard of 200 Horses without any interruption. Some of our Parties killed several of the Enemy, and took some Horses and Mules, and destroyed several Wagons which were going with Provisions to the French Camp. This evening 2:1 exchanged Prisoners in our Camp, being the same which they had taken from us in the Action at *Santa Vittoria*. We gave an Account, that *Guastalla* had begun to Capitulate that day; and we cannot but wonder that *Maximilian* could defend a Place for 11 days, though it had neither the Fortifications, Provisions

or Ammunition, that were necessary to sustain a Siege. The 10th, we had a Confirmation of the taking of *Guastalla* by the French, and that it had surrendered upon Capitulation. Our Left Wing foraged with a Guard of Horses without any Loss. One of our Parties attacked the Enemy's advanced Guards, killed 30 of them, and brought in 2 Prisoners, and 41 Horses and Oxen. Our Army still continues encamped in the Field of *Battel* near *Luzzara*, as the French do in the same Camp, to which they retired after our late Victory there.

Warsaw, Sept. 16. The Deputies of the several Parliaments of the *Greater Poland*, who were met at *Sensomir*, are separated without coming to any Resolution, some being for a Confederation, and others for a Diet on Horseback; and both Parties have sent Deputies hither to lay the Reasons of their Proceedings before the King of *Poland*. The Cardinal Primate arrived here last night from *Radziowicz*, and had this day a long Conference with the King. The French Envoy is forbid the Court, upon a Discovery that he was obstructing the Differences between this Court and that of *Sweden*. We hear the Army of the Crown has passed the *Weissel* near *Baranow*, to the number of 12000 Men, with intent to march towards *Cracow* in 4 Bodies, and to endeavour to cut off the Provisions from the Swedish Army, which continues in and about that Place. The Saxons Army is partly quartered at *Praag*, not far from hence, and partly encamped on the other side of the *Weissel*, about a League off.

Vienna, Sept. 20. The Imperial Officers continue to raise Recruits in these Parts with very good Success for our Army in *Italy*. Orders are dispatched to *Croatia* for 6000 Men to be sent to the Emperor's Sea-port Towns on the *Adriatick* Sea, where several Frigates are to be fitted out, to convey the Ships that are sent from thence with Provisions and Men for the Army in *Italy*. *Te Deum* is ordered to be sung to morrow in all our Churches for the taking of *Landau*.

Ratisbonne, Sept. 25. The Declaration of War against *France* and *Spain*, and their Adherents, having been proposed in the Imperial Diet, all the Votes were given for it except those of the Ministers of *Bavaria* and *Cologne*: On the 19th, the Directors of the several Colleges drew up the Resolutions in form, which they call *Conclusions*, which were read on the 20th; and when the Minister of *Saltsbourg*, as Director, read his in the College of Princes, there arose some Dispute among the Members about the wording of it, which being referred to the Imperial Commissioners, the Matter was soon adjusted. Yesterday Cardinal *Lamberg*, the Emperor's First Commissioner, received an express from *Vienna*, with the Emperor's Approbation of the *Conclusions* of the Three Colleges of the Empire drawn up some days ago, upon the Occasion of the Elector of *Bavaria's* seizing of *Ulm*; to whom the Emperor has writ a Letter, to admonish him to return to his Interest, and that of the Empire; and his Imperial Majesty has sent another to the Confederate Circles, to encourage them in their Alliance, and advise them to concert their Measures with the King of the *Romans*. We have had several groundless Reports of the Elector of *Bavaria's* Motions since his seizing of *Ulm*; but we are well assured, that he is still at *Oeffingen*, within two Leagues of that Place; and a Trumpeter who was sent to him with a Message from Cardinal *Lamberg*, and is since returned, reports, that he had ordered his forces back towards *Munich*. Several Letters from Monsieur *Chamilly* have been intercepted, whereby and by the Confession of a Colonel, who being dispatched by the Elector to the Marshal *de Carinac*, was seized at *Rainfeld*, his Designs have in a great measure been discovered.

Frankfort, Sept. 27. The Imperial Army continues at *Croonweissenburg*. The Forces of the Circles of *Swabia* and *Franconia*, with 3 Imperial Regiments of Horses and Dragoons, and two of *Hulzars*, have been detached

Febr. Hamilton's, Major-General's, Duke of Bolton's, Lord Street's, Regiments of Foot, Col. G. of Cornwall, St. James's, Port of Portsmouth.

Virtualing Her Majesty's Ship the Ship *Bonadventure*, taken off which was put on board, made out by them to the sum of £1. each, and One for each of the Gazette of the 5th Instant.

Company of Merchants of London, do hereby give notice, that they are up from the 26th Instant in order to the making of the Warrant by Payment or Allowance to the Direction of the Goods of April last; which Warrant is the Adventurers by the said

logium de Casu quodam Epitola Doctissimi Viri, Inquisitione de Periphrasi, Author Gualtero Socio. Prostant Ven. apud H. de vulgo dicto Plebsiret. Pro Anno 1702. Company will expose on Thursday the 1st of October, parcel of English Allomies, their House in Aldermanbury, to be had, and the Goods to be

the 11th Instant, Thomas Wood, now stands indicted at York for the current Coin of this Kingdom, pale, full Face, black and blue Coat, Leaden Buckles, black and away with him Tho. Heber, pale, full Face, dark-brown Coat, and a Black Hat. Warrant of Reward, and for the full Charges, giving notice to Mr. G. or to Mr. Robert Wood, or at his House in St. James's

age, middle Stature, smooth face, and somewhat curled, such a few several Names, sometimes a Patch on his right Eye, and in the last, with a brown-bay Gallop, hath some Saddle Girths, Man or Horse, and gives notice to Tho. Hutton in George-yard, to have a Guinea Reward, and

Creditors of the late Lord Lowther, and yet paid none (and others) of the Charges of the said, that if they do not forthwith pay the England in King-street, Westminster, notified: And such as have paid forthwith to send their Exhibits to the Clerk's Office, having their Debts

a Box, having in it a Purse, was sent by Derby-Coin, mistake, or lost. Whoever has word of Nottingham, or to Mr. Pett-Smith, in London, to have a Reward.

payable to Mr. Andrew Bach, under the Hand of Samuel Pole, Sept. 18. Whoever brings in a Alley in Cornhill, full

Chancery-lane, of above 21 years of three Houses in King-street, to come, and other Houses, fell Esq; deceased, to be sold, at Putney in Surrey, or Jan. 20, Hill, London.

an Instant from Richard Davenport, a young Gentleman, 7 years old, about his Forehead, a Pitch Mark, a Tail, brand-marked in the Spain or one of his hind legs, gives notice to the Owner about Inn on Holborn-hill, London, for reasonable Charges.

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