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St. James's, October 25.

THE following Address was presented to Her Majesty by *Constantine Phips* and *William Vaughan* Esqrs; introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Earl of *Nottingham*, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State.

To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Governor, Council, and Representatives of Your Majesty's Province of *New-Hampshire* in *New-England*, convened in General Assembly.

WE Your Majesty's most Loyal and Dutiful Subjects of this Province, humbly pray to be admitted with all other Your Majesty's good Subjects, to offer our Condolence for the Loss of that most Excellent Prince, our late Sovereign Lord King William *III. of Glorious Memory; and humbly to prostrate our selves at Your most Sacred Majesty's Feet, with our hearty Thanksgivings to Almighty* GOD, *that has preserved Your Majesty for the great Benefit and Comfort of Your Majesty's Three Kingdoms, and of all the Provinces and Plantations under your Royal Government; and with all humble and sincere Assurance of our constant and entire Obedience to Your Majesty's Commands at all times, and our most earnest Prayers, That God will give Your Majesty a long and happy Reign over us, and prosper your Arms, to the Subduing the Exorbitant Power of* France, *and all other Your Majesty's Enemies whatsoever.*

Which Address Her Majesty received very graciously.

Venice, October 21. N. S. According to our last Advices from the Imperial and the *French* Armies, they were still encamped in the same Places, and the former continued to send out Parties with very good Success: They confirm all that has been said of the famous Excursion of General *Davia*, who having ventured into the Capital City of the State of *Milan*, after a very long March, returned to the *German* Camp with a Booty of above 3000 Pistoles, 100 fine Horses, a great quantity of rich Silks, and other Goods, to a very considerable value; and add, that the smaller Parties sent out from the said Camp have within these few days taken from the *French* near 200 Prisoners, 70 Horses, 12 Mules, about 200 Oxen, 100 Sheep, and 240 Sacks of Corn, besides other Booty; We hear also, that the *French* Soldiers desert daily in great numbers. Orders are come from *Vienna* to the Valley *del Sole*, near the *Veroneze*, to provide Quarters for 4000 *Germans*, which are on their way from *Germany*, in order to join the Imperial Army commanded by Prince *Eugene*.

Copenhagen, October 24. Orders were sent from hence some time ago to all the Governors of the Forts and Castles on any of the Coasts in the *Danish* Dominions, not to harbour any *French* Privateers, or their Prizes; Since which we hear from *Norway*, that none of them have appeared in those Parts. Letters from *Lithuania* give an Account, that Monsieur *Bonac*, the *French* Envoy to the Court of *Sweden*, going from *Riga* to *Cracow*, on purpose to oppose the Negociations that are on foot for restoring the Peace of the North, fell into the hands of a Party of *Oginsky's* Troops, who took him Prisoner. Here is a Report, that the *Muscovites* have besieged *Narva*; but it needs Confirmation.

Berlin, October 28. The Letters from *Poland*, which came in this day, bring an Account, that the Fall which the King of *Sweden* had lately from his Horse does not prove to be of so dangerous Consequence as was at first reported, the Hurt he received in his Thigh being only a great Contusion, so that he was able to go abroad in a Litter, and was marched with his Army from *Cracow*, intending to proceed by slow Journeys towards *Prussia*. The Deputies appointed to offer him the Mediation of the Republick, for adjusting Matters between him and the King of *Poland*, having sent him a Letter to acquaint him with the Commission they were charged with, he has writ them an Answer, desiring first to be satisfied, Whether the Forces of the Crown acting in an Hostile manner against the *Swedes*, was by Direction from the Republick. It is said these Deputies, who were on their way to his Camp, are thereupon gone back to *Warsaw*, looking upon this Demand as a Refusal of accepting the Mediation, since it implies that the Republick is a Party concerned in the War.

From the Camp of the Allies before Liege, *November 2.* On the 25th past a Detachment of 14 Squadrons of Horse, and 10 Battalions of Foot, under the Command of the Prince of *Hesse*, Lieutenant-General, marched over the *Maese* to besiege the *Chartreuse*. The Weather proved so bad, that we could not open our Trenches until the 28th, which was done by the Brigade of *Murrey*. At night they were relieved by Brigadier-General *Withers*. The Batteries and Lines of Communication were all finished that night, so that our Mortars began to play the 29th in the morning, and our Cannon about noon: In an hour after the Enemy beat a Parley, and the Capitulation was agreed to; The taking of this Place cost us 2 Officers killed and 7 wounded, none of them *English*, and 12 Soldiers killed and 50 wounded. The 31st, the Garison marched out of the Place, being upwards of 1500 Men, besides near 300 that are computed to have deserted from thence before the Capitulation. The Troops of *Liege* came out first, and immediately quitted the *French* Service, marching off in a Body, and their Colonel came to his Excellency the Earl of *Marlborough*, who was present to see them march out, and made him a Compliment upon his quitting that Service: Of the *Swiss* there deserted likewise above 400 as soon as they came out, so that this Garison will be very much lessened before they get to *Antwerp*, whither they are marching, being conducted by a Squadron of Brigadier-General *Woea's* Regiment. To morrow the Army will separate, and the next day his Excellency designs to embark in a Yacht at *Mastricht*, and to go down the *Maese*, intending to visit *Stevenswaert*, *Ruremonde*, and *Venlo*, and to be at the *Hague* on Tuesday next. We have begun to repair the Works of the Citadel of *Liege*, which will soon be in Perfection again.

Paris, October 27. *Te Deum* was sung yesterday in the Cathedral Church of this City, for our late pretended Victory over the Imperial Troops near *Heuningen*, which, as great as it is reported to be, has not enabled our Forces to join those of the Elector of *Bavaria*. The *French* King has made the Marquis *de Villars* a Marshal of *France*. The Court returned this day from *Fountainbleau* to *Versailles*. Our last Accounts from the *French* Army in *Italy*, which are of the

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