

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday January 7. to Monday January 11. 1702.

Copenhagen, Jan. 6. N. S.

THE Envoy of Prussia had publick Audience yesterday of the King and Queen of Denmark. In the evening the King took the Diversion of running at the Ring: There were Three Prizes, whereof Monsieur de Cheuse, Colonel of his Majesty's Horse-Guards, won the first, Baron Koltz, First Gentleman of his Bedchamber, carried the second, and Monsieur Sheal the third. This morning the Queen was delivered of a Prince; whereupon the Cannon round the Town were thrice discharged; and this afternoon the young Prince was Christened by the Name of George; and in the evening there were publick Demonstrations of Joy through the City suitable to the Occasion.

Warsaw, Jan. 12. Conferences are frequently held here between the Cardinal Primate, the Imperial Envoy, and some other Persons of note, who act on the part of the King of Sweden, and the King and the Republick of Poland, in order to find some Expedient for restoring the Peace of these Countries, and putting an end to the Calamities they have been so long under. In the mean time the Swedes continue to raise Contributions, particularly in Russia, where they have seized the Weywode of Volhinia, whom they look upon to be in the King of Poland's Interest, and demand a considerable Sum of Money for his Ransom. The Starost Chelmsky, Governor of Lemberg, has resolved, it is said, to shut the Gates of that Place against them, and is making Preparations for his Defence in case they should attack him. We have an Account from thence, that the Cossacks, who have lately rebelled against the Crown of Poland, have taken the Town of Bialacerkiew, and commit such Disorders in the neighbouring Country, that most of the Inhabitants have chose rather to quit their Habitations; and retire into the Woods, than be exposed to their Barbarity. We hear 50 Companies of the Forces of the Crown have mutined against their General, and entred into a Confederacy to assist the Swedes, or rather under that pretence to live at Discretion, and plunder the Country in imitation of the Cossacks. The King of Poland has kept his Christmas at Thorn, but he intends to leave that Place shortly, and to reside at Elbing or Marienbourg.

Vienna, Jan. 3. The Elector of Bavaria has sent Letters of Compliment to the Emperour and the Empress, and to the King and Queen of the Romans, upon the new Year, assuring them of his Zeal for their Service; yet his Troops continue their Hostilities against the Emperour and the Empire, and he is making great Warlike Preparations on the Borders of Austria. The Duke of Moles, late Ambassador from Spain at this Court, who has remained here since his Embassy was ended, is fallen under the Displeasure of the King of Spain, who has caused his Estate to be confiscated. Cardinal Grimani arrived here two days ago from Rome, whose unexpected Journey hither has given occasion to many Speculations, but the truth of it seems to be, that

he is come only upon some private Affairs of his own, which require his Presence in this Place. A Courier arrived here the first Instant from Italy with the News; That the Duke of Vendosme in Person came out of Mantua with a Body of 9000 Men, and some Artillery, to attack Governolo, on which Place he made two Assaults, but was repulsd in both, with the loss of 1000 Men killed and as many wounded. The Imperialists are said to have lost not above 40 or 50 Men; however Prince Eugene thought it not advisable, by endeavouring too obstinately to keep a Place that was not tenable, to run the hazard of losing the Garison, and therefore set fire to the Town, having first withdrawn his Troops, Artillery and Ammunition, and he retired with his Forces to Ostiglia, which Place he was fortifying, intending to maintain his Ground there against the French if they should venture to attack it.

Ratisbonne, Jan. 8. This Place affords but little News at present, the Imperial Diet being adjourned till after the Holidays; and the bad Weather and great Floods keeping both the Forces of the Allies and those of the Elector of Bavaria from making any Attempt in these Parts. The Circles of Swabia and Franconia have writ to that Elector in very pressing Terms, admonishing him not to disturb the Peace of the Empire any longer, but to quit his unlawful Engagements with France, which can have no other Issue than the Ruine of his Family and of his Country. In the mean time Preparations are making to bring him to reason by more powerful Arguments, and in order thereunto, if he does not alter his Measures by the middle of this Month, 34000 Men are to be brought into the Field against him, whereof 10000 under the Command of the Generals Schlick and Gratz are to attack him on the side of Austria, 8000 commanded by General Solari are to do the like towards the Bishopricks of Saltzbourg, 4000 Men under General Geschwind on the side of Tirol, and 12000 under the Generals Herbeville and Thurheimb on the side of Bohemia. Our last Advices from Italy give an Account of Prince Eugene's having abandoned Governolo, after the French had been before it 5 days, in which time they lost a great many Men, among whom are reckoned one of their General Officers, two Colonels, the Marquis of Luxara Brigadier General and Colonel of the Duke of Vendosme's Guards, and some other Officers of note. On the 30th of the last Month a strong Party of French having passed the Lake de Guards in 7 large Boats, attempted to land at Torbole in the Bishopricks of Trent, but were hindered by the Inhabitants, and the Militia of that Country were thereupon raised, and posted along the Frontiers to prevent any Surprise.

Berlin, Jan. 6. The 18th Instant, being the Anniversary of the King of Prussia's Coronation, will be observed here with great Solemnity. It is said he intends afterwards to go to Magdebourg, in order to have an Interview with the Duke of Wolfenbuttel and the Landgrave of Hesse-