

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday, August 9. to Thursday, August 12. 1669.

Plymouth, August 7.

ON Wednesday last sailed hence two Dutch and one French ship laden with Wines, Brandy and Salt, which lately put in here on their return from France; also a ship of London lately arrived from *Gutney* put to sea with a fair wind; several ships outward bound, may sail with the first opportunity of weather.

Dantzic, July 30. From *Warsaw* we are told, that a Sovereign Council is there established to consider of the Affairs of greatest importance, and their power to continue till the Assembly of the Estates, in Order to the Coronation of the King; that the Ambassadors, or rather Deputies from the Cossacks are returned seemingly satisfy'd, though not comply'd with in their demands, which were very extravagant, and amongst other things, that the King would break the union between the Latine and Greek Church, but His Majesty answered them only, by referring the consideration of all to the judgement of the next Diet.

We have here a confident report that the Tartars having over-perswaded the too credulous Cossacks, that they had an Intention to make an inroad upon the Muscovites, had invited about 30 thousand of those Cossacks to joyn with them in the service; who getting together, the Tartars surprizing them by an Ambuscado, put them miserably to the sword, very few of them escaping.

Marseilles, July 30. A small Ship arriving here in 20 Dayes from *Milo*, met on her way hither a *Maltha* Ship, a little before come from *Candia*, informing, That the Duke of *Beaufort* had Landed his Forces at *Candia*; and drawing them up together, began to enter upon Action with the *Turks*; farther affirming, That he had done great Execution upon the *Turks*, but had lost about 600 Men, of the Kings Guards, which in that Action led the Van. That the *Turks* had upon this Dispute a little retired themselves; but the *Vizier* had ordered his whole Force to be drawn together, being resolved to storm the Town with all his Army, and if possible to enter it by force, which he accordingly put into Execution; his People passing in great Numbers over the Graft, and entering the City; but, the Besieged Springing their Mines with great Execution, forced the rest to retire, whom they pursued with great slaughter: Which ill Success has so wrought upon the *Vizier*, that 'tis believed he will suddenly Raise his Siege, and withdraw his Men, who openly muturre at the Oostinacy of their General, and wholly despair of Success.

Vienna, August 4. The Conference which was here held with the Nobility of *Hungary* is ended without any Fruit of resolution, which is not at all to the satisfaction of the Court. The *Turks* about *Neuhauzel* begin to be more concerned then formerly at the Fort which has been re-fortified by the Emperours Order neer *Comorra*, and have lately taken information of the strength thereof, and have drawn some considerable forces together, which admittin'g cause of jealousy, the Emperour has ordered the Garrison to be increased, the place furnished with all sorts of conveniencies, and has commanded large quantities of all sorts of Ammunition to be sent to the Frontiers of *Hungary*, and resolved in Council to defend the Fort against any attempts that shall be made upon it.

Here has been lately offered a project which is under consideration, of cutting a Channel between the River *de La Mark* and the *Oder*, through 8 Leagues of the Coun-

try, the most part thereof full of Hills, and may prove a work of great difficulty and expence, but such as will probably sufficiently repay it, by opening a considerable Trade into the Northern parts to the great advantage of the Hereditary Countreys.

Here is lately arrived an express from the Governour of *Milan* to inform His Imperial Majesty, that His most Christian Majesty had lately purchased some Lands lying between *Savona* and *Milan* which were Feudataries to the Empire, and consequently were not to alter propriety without the consent of his Imperial Majesty, and that a strong Garrison was placed in the Forts thereto belonging, from whence it was conceived the Government of *Milan* might receive much prejudice in time of War.

The Count *de Tot*, at present, Ambassador from the Crown of Sweden in *Poland*, is said to be designed hither under the same Character.

Hague, Aug. 15. The States having considered of the disputes between the Bishop of *Munster* and the Province of *East-Friesland*, Ordered a Letter to be written to the said Bishop the 10th instant, importing, that the affronts which he pretends to have suffered, and for which he has required satisfaction, were done without the knowledge and consent either of the Princes or States of *East-Friesland*, and therefore it were not reasonable to call them to account for the faults of others, but offering to use their endeavour to bring the Delinquents to punishment as soon as they can be discovered or named; but for the Letter settlement of a right understanding between all parties, they desire he would give Order for the release of the Heer *de Freyberg*, who was by his people seized on in *East-Friesland* upon the account of the Customes of *Bourtang*.

The Government of *Elclose* being vacant by the decease of Monsieur *de Nordevijk*, whose body was lately with much Funeral solemnity carried hence to *Norddevijk*, to be entered with his Ancestors; the *Sieur de la Lecque* of *Beverwaert* is made choice of to succeed in that Charge.

The States being informed that several new Gabels have been set upon Merchandises passing upon the River *Maine* to the great prejudice of Trade, have ordered that the Deputies which are appointed to go to *Brussels* about the business of the ships which were formerly taken by the Ostenders, shall also enquire into this affair, and endeavour to learn from the Constable of *Castille* what pretensions they have for these new Impositions, and to desire Commissioners may be appointed for the Regulation of this affair.

The States have lately received a Letter from the Reformed Cantons of *Switzerland*, giving them an account of their zeal to close with them in a strict friendship and correspondence; and their readines to raise such forces for their service as may be requisite for the defence of their Countrey and Jurisdiction.

Amsterdam, Aug. 16. A ship lately arrived at the *Texel* brings Letters from the *Cape of Good hope*, bearing date the 13th of *April*, advising, that the ship *Delflandt* going for the *East-Indies*, was about the height of 36 Degrees, set upon and boarded by Turkish Capers of 40 Guns, but had acquitted her self so well, that the *Turks* were beaten off with much damage.

Letters from *Cadiz* inform us, that a small vessel putting in there from *Tunis*, speaks of the arrival there of 10 men of war of *Algiers*, designed for the Luccor of the Grand *Vizier* in *Candia*, but had by the way met with three able Dutch Merchants ships with a man of war their Convoy, whom they set upon, but that our ships for two days together