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From Donday April 12. to Chursday April 15. 1703.

Rome, March 24. N. S.

HE Pope has been of fate very much indifposed, which it is believed will occasion the putting off his intended Journey last Week to the Count de Cataneo, Envoy of the Republick of Genous, who is preparing for his Departure home. Signior Conti, the Pope's Nancio at Lucon, is made Archbithop of Ur-Fine; and it is believed he will be advanced to the Dignity of a Cardinal at the next Promotion. Signior d'Afti is returned hither from Civita l'exclis, where he has been giving Directions for repairing and augmenting the Fortifieations of that Port. This Court having refufed to make good to the French a cerain Quantity of Provisions, which had been bought up at Bologna for their use, and was destroyed near that place by a Party of Imperialist; the French. out of Revenge, have plunder'd the Estates of the Marquis of David, the Count de Marsigli. and f me other Persons in the Boloneze, who are locked upon to be Favourers of the House of dustria; The Pope being informed thereof, sent for the Cardinal de Janssen, and expressed to him his Resentment of these Hostilities committed against his Subjects, dectaring he should

expect Savis Ction for the Injury.

Dantzick, April 7. The great Dutchy of Lithanila has sent Deputies to the great Council of the Polish Senators and Nobility, which is met at Mariemburg, who have declared to that Assembly their Resolution to stand by their King, according to the Confederacy which they had entered into at Wilda on the 7th of the last Month: We hear the Nobility of the Palatinate of Cujavia is drawing together for his Defence; whose Example will in all appearance be followed by several other Pulatinates. The Saxon Forces, commanded by General Steynau, were advanted to Pulcon, within 7 Miles of Warsaw; and the Army of Lithania was come to Surts, not sat from them: and General Steinbech was drawing together a Bidy of Swedish Troops near Warsaw; in order to appose them. Some Advices say, a Body of Swedish had engaged another of Polish and Muscouite Forces near Birzeu, and had totally defeated them.

Viema, April 4. The Duke of Moles, who was Ambaffador from the late King of Spain to the Emperor, and has ever fince his Mafter's Death continued near this Court, thô without declaring himfelf, has at length put himfelf under the Emperor's Pretedion, whom he has acknowledged as his lawful natural Sovereign: On the 15th paft he had Audience of the Emperor, and 3 days after was fworn of his Privy Council. He is by Birth a Neapolitan, and, as Great Chancellor of Milan, had the chief Direction of the Affairs of that State while the Count de Melgar, now Almirante of Caffile, was Viceroy there: He was fince employed at Genova, and afterwards

Ambassador at Venice for about 3 Years; and his is generally reputed to be a Minister of an extraordinary Capacity.

Wefel, April 14. A great Magazine of Pro-

Wefel, April 14. A great Magazine of Provisions and Ammuniti n is preparing at Santes, for the Service of the Forces which are employed in the Blockade of Gelder. Yosterday a Party of 28 Men of that Garison, which ventured to come out and make an Excursion towards Udera, fell in with a Party of our Forces, who killed

of the Enemy, and took the rest Prisoners.

Cologne, April 13. The Diet of the Circle of
Westphalia, which is now assembled in this place, has refolved forthwith to furnish their Quota of the Forces which the Imperial Diet has agreed to fet on foot for carrying on the War against France and Spain; and in order thereunto General Hogkirchen has already begun to raife a Regiment of Dragoons for their Service. Monsieur Fazel, Lieutenant-General of the Dutch Forces, having been at Duffeldorp to press the Elector. Palatine to have in a readiness what he has promited to furnish towards the Besieging of Ben, and to concert the last Measures with him in order to this Enterprise, came hither from that Court on the 8th Instant upon the same Errand, as well to the Diet of this Circle, as to our Man gistrates; and has had several Conferences with them upon that Subject. Several Regiments of Horse and Dragoons, who are to invest that place; are in motion, and will be before it by the 16th. 200 Boats laden with Artillery and Ammunition are coming up the Rhine, from several Places in Holland and in the Dutchy of Cleves, besides what is to be provided here and by the Elector of triers and the Elector Palatine, so that it is computed the Allies will have, ready to be made use of in this Siege, 100 Pieces of Cannon, 50 great Morters, and between 2 and Ammunition; and a proportionable quantity of Ammunition; and great Magazines of Provinous are creeking at Duits and Milheim, where they have begun to bake Bread for the Army; and the Country People in the Dutchies of Berg and Jaliers, and in this Atchbishoprick, are ordered on the Country People in the Dutchies of Berg and Jaliers, and in this Atchbishoprick, are ordered on very severe Penalties to provide Fascines, Ga-bions and divers other Necessacies for this De-On the other hand the Marquis d'Allegre; who commands at Bon, is making the best Provision he is able for his Defence; and it is faid; That fince the Resolution of besieging that place has been certainly known, about too French Forces have found the means to get into it at feveral times, and in small Parties, which has augmented his Garison to near 4000 Men; yet it is not believed they can hold our above a Fortenth of the state of th night after the opening of the Trenches, which is to be done on the 20th. And there being Advice that the famous Party-man La Creix has undertaken to bring them a Reinforcement of 1500 Men from Luxemburg, some Troops are sent that way to prevent him. On the 11th Instant that way to prevent him. On the rith Instant a Parry from Bon came in the Night, with intene to let fire to a great Magazine of Hay, lying hear our Walls, but was attacked by our advant