

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday July 1. to Sunday July 5. 1703.

Venice, June 22. N. S.

OUR last Advices from the Imperial and the French Armies give an Account, That the Duke of Vendosme, after his Disappointment before Ostiglia, marched out of the Ferrarese towards Carpi, near which Place he is now encamped, having left a small Body of Forces at Gelo and Castagnolo. The French immediately after Monsieur Albergotti's Retreat, quitted Finale di Modena, of which Post the Imperialists have again possessed themselves. The Grand Prior, Brother to the Duke of Vendosme, is posted at Bondanella, near the River Secchia, with a Body of French Forces; and it is said the Sieur Albergotti is marching to join him. General Vaubonne is fortifying Rivoli, for the greater Security of the Supplies of Men and Ammunition which the Imperial Army receives by that way from Germany: It is said that the Body under his Command has been joined by so many Recruits and other Reinforcements from thence, that it is augmented to near 7000 Men; That he has few Horse, and no Cannon; but that some new Levies are marching from Croatia by the way of Friuli, in order to join him, who have with them 1500 Horfes to remount the Imperial Cavalry; and that he is to be supplied with Artillery from Trent. The French have a Body of Forces in the Veronese to observe him, who by their Marches and Countermarches do wholly ruin that Country, the Soldiers committing very great Disorders, without sparing even the Churches. Our Senate sent lately an Express to the French Court, to complain of it, who is returned with a Promise that the Damage which the Republick has suffered shall be made good; but little Dependence is to be had upon it. The Pope has also writ to the French King upon the like occasion, as little Regard having been had to his Territories, as to those of this Republick; and he reminded the Cardinal de Janson of that King's Promise, that his Forces should not enter into the Ecclesiastical State; to which the Cardinal answered little more than that the necessity of his Master's Affairs required it, and it could not be avoided.

Vienna, June 27. An Express arrived here last week from Lisbon, with the Treaty lately concluded there between the Emperor, Her Majesty of Great Britain, the King of Portugal, and the States-General. The Count de Mansfeld was declared this morning Great Chamberlain to the Emperor; and it is expected that Prince Eugene of Savoy will be named to morrow to succeed him in the Office of President of the Council of War, and that there will be several other Changes in the Ministry here. The Insurrection in Hungary is suppressed, the Count de Copari, with some Regular Troops, having entirely routed the Malecontents near Tockay, taken many of them Prisoners, and dispersed the rest. A Courier who was sent about a week ago to the Count de Schlick returned hither yesterday, with Letters from Riedau of the 24th Instant, giving an Account, That, according to the Directions of the Council of War, he would detach the Count de Solari the day following with 6 Battalions of Foot and 300 Granadiers to Tirol, by the way of Saltzbourg. The rest of the Foot of that Army is to remain in Garrison at Passau, and the two Regiments of Horse and Dragoons are to continue in the Upper Austria, under the Command of General Richman; And these Troops being thus disposed of, the Count de Schlick is expected here in 2 or 3 days. Letters from Italy make the Loss of the French in the late Action between the young Prince of Vaudemont and Monsieur Albergotti near Mirandola much more considerable than was at first reported, near 2000 of them having been either killed or disabled, or taken Prisoners, in that Action. The Body of Imperial Forces under the Command of General Vaubonne had also a lucky Encounter the 11th Instant with 800 French near Trent, whereof above 200 are said to have been killed, and then our Men made a very good Retreat, upon the Approach of 3000 French Forces which were ready to intercept them.

Ratisbonne, July 2. The Elector of Bavaria having made himself Master of Kueffstain, (as was mentioned in our last) he ordered the Fortifications of that Place, which had been greatly damaged by the late Siege, to be repaired; and on the 22d past, having sent General Weisched with a Detachment to observe the Count de

Schlick, who was then at Riedau with a Body of Imperial Troops, he advanced with the rest of his Army, consisting of about 12000 Men, among whom there are 10 French Battalions, to Rothenburg, another Post on the River Ibm, considerable for its Strength and Situation, where Major-General Wolkensteyn, late Governor of Kueffstain, was with a Garrison of 400 Soldiers and 600 Militia; and the Trenches being opened that evening, they surrendered the next day, upon Condition that they should March out with Arms and Bagage, and two Field Pieces; but that they should not serve against the Crowns of France and Spain, and the Elector of Bavaria, for the space of one Year. The 25th the Elector proceeded to Hall, where he was met by the Councillors of the Regency of Inspruck, who made their Submission to him, and at his desire did themselves order the Inhabitants of that Place to lay down their Arms, and recalled their Troops which were posted in Scharnitz, the chief Pass in Tirol on the River Iser. The Elector promised to leave all things at Inspruck in the condition he found them, and his Forces have observed a very exact Discipline, and paid regularly for what they have had; and now the Elector having proceeded thus far, and finding his Design of opening a Communication with the French Army in Italy to be too full of Difficulty, is shortly expected back in these Parts with most of his Forces, to succour the French Army under the Command of the Marshal de Villars, which begins to have great need of his Assistance. That Marshal decamped the 24th from Godelsingen, and took his head Quarters at Dillingen. The next day he received a Courier, in the evening, from the Elector of Bavaria, with the News of his having taken Kueffstain, whereupon the Marshal caused Te Deum to be sung, and his Forces to make a triple Discharge of their great and small Arms. He is now encamped between Lawingen and Dillingen, and has cut down all the Trees about those Places, and employed 1000 Peasants to draw a Line along the Zwerge, a little Rivulet at the Head of his Camp, near Lawingen, and laid a Bridge of Boats over the Danube a little lower. The 27th, in the evening, he ordered his Bagage to pass over that River; and that same night dispatched an Aide de Camp to the Elector of Bavaria at Inspruck, to desire Succours, to enable him to make head against Prince Lewis of Baden, who had the day before pitched his Camp at Langenau, where he was making all the necessary Preparations to fight the Enemy. The Accounts we have had since of his Highness's Motions are very different; for Letters from Augsburg of the 29th give an Account, that he had already passed the Danube with a strong Detachment; and other Advices say, that he was advanced with his whole Army to Godelsingen, with intent to attack the French on that side. The 28th a Body of 5000 French arrived near Ulm, and are encamped under the Gate of that Place, called the Danube Gate, in order to reinforce that Garrison, if Prince Lewis should make any attempt against it. The Margrave of Bareith was the 26th at Freyenthal, and has since passed the River Achnul, and is marching towards the Danube, in order to act in Concert with Prince Lewis. The 27th a Party of his Hifars advanced near to Donawerth, and having drawn a Detachment of the Bavarian Forces in Garrison there into an Ambush, they killed about 200 of them, and took several Officers Prisoners. The King of the Romans is shortly expected at Nuremberg; where some of his Servants are already arrived with part of his Bagage.

Francfort, July 5. The French Army under the Command of the Duke of Burgundy decamped yesterday, and is marching towards Fort Louis, in order, as is supposed, to endeavour to pass the Rhine there, and to attack the Forces of the Allies under the Command of Major-General Thunigen, who is looked upon to be strong enough to oppose any Design the Enemy may have on that side. Four Regiments of Horse of the Elector Palatine's Troops are marching to reinforce him. Our Advices from Swabia say, Prince Lewis had posted his Forces in such a manner, as that he had cut off the Communication between the Marshal de Villars's Army and the Town of Ulm, near which Place 5000 French are posted, and that he had by that means

In a great measure deprived the Enemy of the conveniency of receiving Provisions, which thereupon began to grow scarce in their Camp.

Cologne, July 6. Four Regiments of the Prussian Forces which were posted about Gelder arrived yesterday in the Neighbourhood of this Place, and are to be followed by several more, who are all marching to the Upper Rhine. The Furor of the Duke of Hesse-Cassel, which were encamped near Antwerp, is the same from thence two days ago, in order to march towards Cologne, and to march towards Linn. Letters from thence say, the Duke of Burgundy is marched back towards Fort Louis, and that during his stay near Linn, abundance of Defectors have come over to the Army into that Place.

Hamburg, July 6. Letters from Linn give an Account, that the King of Poland arrived there the 15th past from Ebing, and on the 16th the General Diet met, and made choice of Prince Wolfenbutel as their Marshal, or Speaker; And they write from Hesse, that the Cardinal Primate and several other Persons of Note were gone from thence, in order to repair to the Diet. The Crown Army, according to our last Advice, was near Linn, and the Swedish Forces continued encamped near Torm.

Breda, July 10. The Confederate Army under the Command of the Duke of Marlborough marched the 7th Instant from Tilen, and encamped with their Right at *Vorselaar* and *Beersse*, and their Left at *Gierle*, for the better covering of their Convoys from this Place, the Enemy being come out of their Lines, and encamped at *Smitsooven*. The 8th his Grace led the Army under the Command of Monsieur d'Arverquerque, and came thither, with the Count de Noyler General of the Foot, the hereditary Prince of Hesse, and some other General Officers. Yesterday morning my Lord Duke went to *Bergenopzoom*, where a great Council of War was held, wherein were present, besides his Grace and the Generals that accompanied him, a Deputies of the States, Monsieur d'Oudam, Monsieur Slangenburg, and Monsieur Coehoorn, which last being indisposed, could not come to this Place, where the Council was first intended to have been held; and this day his Grace returned thither. Monsieur d'Oudam is going to the Hague.

Hague, July 10. N.S. The States General have received from Monsieur Stagenbourg a Relation of the late Action at *Eckeren*, upon the reading whereof they rejoiced, that he should be thanked for his good Conduct, his Courage, and Zeal for the publick Service; and should be desired to make known in the most effectual manner, both to the Officers and Soldiers who fought under him, how well their High and Mightinesses are satisfied with the Bravery and Resolution which they shewed on this occasion. As this Fight was long and very sharp, it could not be expected but a great Number of Men must have been killed, especially of our Army, which was not near half the Number of that of the Enemy; yet there appears to have been but 517 of our Men killed, and 800 wounded; besides which there are 600 missing, who are either dispersed or taken Prisoners; and we are assured that the French had above 5000 Men killed and wounded: Yet they did not fail, after their wonted manner, to make publick Rejoycings as for a Victory gained; though besides that their Loss was so much greater than ours, our Men remained absolutely Masters of the Field of Battle, having driven the Enemy from several advantageous Posts, whereof they had possessed themselves. Lieutenant-General *Fagel* is come thither, to be cured of the Wounds he received in this occasion. Baron *Spaar* is made Governor of *Sas van Ghent*, in the room of Colonel *Vassy*, who was killed at the forcing of the French Lines near *Steken*. A Body of about 4000 of the Enemy's Horse advanced lately to *Westmael*, with intent to have surprised a Convoy of Provisions, which, as they were informed, was coming from *Breda* to our Camp, which was then at *Tilen*; but upon our Army's marching to *Beersse*, they immediately retired to their Army, which is encamped before their Lines, yet so near them, that they may soon re-ent into them if they see occasion. It is said that the Count de *Zinzendorf*, the Emperor's Minister at *Liege*, has received News that Prince *Lewis* of *Baden* has defeated the French Army under the Command of the Marshal de *Villars*; but there being no Advice of it come thither directly, we know not how far this Report may be relied upon. We hear the French Men of War which lately engaged the Convoy of the Herring Busses belonging to *North-Holland*, proceeded afterwards to *Seiseland*, and burnt and destroyed many of those Busses which had escaped thither. Several Yachts and Transport Ships, under Convoy of some Men of War, are arrived in the *Muse* from *England*, having on board Lieutenant-General *Churchill*, Baron *Bosc*, the King of *Poland's* Minister, and a good number of Recruits.

Portsmouth, July 1. Sir *Cloudesly Shovel* sailed from *St. Helens* this morning, with the English and Dutch Men of War under his Command, with a fair Wind;

having under their Convoy a considerable Fleet of outward bound Merchant Ships.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to grant Her Royal Licence to the University of Oxford, for the sole Printing and Publishing of the *Journal* of *Clarendon*; *History* of the *Civil Wars*, in 3 Volumes; strictly forbidding all other Subjects to reprint or abridge the said History or any part of it, or to insert, send, utter or distribute any Copy of the same, or part thereof, or printed copy of the same, without the Licence of the said University, for 14 Years, as they will appear by the Statute in this behalf made.

The English Company, Trading to the East-Indies do hereby give Notice, That they will pay at their House at *St. Martin-Hill*, or such Person as shall be appointed to the same, all their Bonds, and the Interest thereon, from the 15th of 1703, till after the 15th of October next, and also from the 15th of October next, or before the 15th of October next, all their Bonds, and the Interest thereon, till the 15th of October next, and that the Transfer-Books will be shut up from the 25th Instant to the 31st of the same Month inclusive.

The Court of Directors of the English Company Trading to the East-Indies give Notice, to the Members of the said Company concerned in the Capital Stock, that they do, on or before the 25th of October next, pay into the said Company's Treasury Ten per Cent. on their Capital Stock; and that whoever pays in their Money on or after the 25th Instant, and before the 15th of October next, shall be allowed Interest after the Rate of 6 per Cent. per Ann. to the said 25th of October next; and that the Transfer-Books will be shut up from the 25th Instant to the 31st of the same Month inclusive.

A General Court of the Corporation of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, (being one of the Quarterly General Courts appointed by their Charter) will be held at the Bank on Wednesday next the 7th Instant, at 10 of the Clock in the forenoon.

The Committee for letting the City's Lands in the Account of the Chamberlain of the City of London, give Notice, That the Lease of the Publick Markets of the said City, viz. *Leadens-street*, *Stocks*, *Honey-lane*, and *Newgate Markets*, will expire at *Michaelmas*, One thousand seven hundred and five; and that the Committee will receive Proposals till *Michaelmas* next, from any Person or Persons who are willing to take a Lease of the said Markets; which Proposals are to be in Writing, and Subscribed by the Party, and sealed up and delivered to this Committee, who usually sit in the Council-Chamber at *Guildhall*, every Wednesday afternoon.

The Post will go from the General Post-Office on Tuesday next to *Tunbridge*, and so on every day (Sundays excepted) during the Summer Season, from whence the Letters will be conveyed to the Wells, as usual.

The Propos'd Mausoleum, or Monument of Composite Architecture in Perspective, adorned with Figures, Emblems, Histories, Medals, &c. to the Memories of *R. William* and *Q. Mary*, with both their Lives; also his late Majesty's last most excellent Speech, with his Character; The whole curiously written and engraven in variety Hands, in one Broadside 34 inches long and 26 broad, having been delivered to the Subscribers, to their general Satisfaction, are now sold by *J. Sturt* Engraver at the *Cross* in *Ridolf-street*, *J. Stuart*, Stationer, on *London Bridge*, *J. Bowack* at *Chelsea*, *Writing-Master*, and by *J. Nutt* near *Stationers-hall*. Price 7s. 6d.

The first Thursday in August next, a Plate of 30 l. value will be run for on *Nottingham Course*, Jockies to ride, to carry 10 Stone weight; the Horses to be entered that day forthnight before the Plate is run for.

A Commission of Bankrupt having been awarded against *William Alwood*, late of the Parish of *St. Mary Magdalen* *Bermondsey* in *Surrey*, Merchant, deceased, all his Real and Leasehold Estate, lying in *White's Gardens*, and Places adjacent thereunto, in the Parish aforesaid, is by consent of *John Alwood* of *London*, Factor, Son and Heir and Executor of the said *William Alwood*, settled and conveyed to and upon Trustees, to be forthwith sold for the Payment of his Debts, due upon Mortgage and otherwise. The Title, Settlement, and Particular of the Estate, is left with *Francis Arterbury Esq.* at his Chambers in *Brick-Court* in the *Middle Temple*, No. 5.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt hath been awarded, against *John Elly*, of *Hinckley*, in the County of *Leicester*, Apothecary; All Persons that owe him any Moneys or that have any Goods or other Effects of his in their hands, are not to pay or deliver the same to him, or his Order, or any other Person, but whom the Commissioners shall appoint.

A Commission of Bankrupt being awarded against *John Robinson*, late of *Cambridge*, Salesman; All Persons that owe him any Moneys, or that have any Goods or other Effects of his in their hands, are not to pay or deliver the same to any Person, but such only as the Commissioners shall appoint.

Strayed or stolen the 2d Instant, out of the Grounds of *William Hewer Esq.* at *Clapham* in *Surrey*, a Bay Nag about 13 hands and half high, with a black Mane, and black bob Tail, about 7 years old, all his Paces, had lately a French Rowel in the inside of the near Leg behind above the Hock. Whoever secures him, and gives notice to the aforesaid Mr. Hewer at *Clapham*, or to Mr. *Ethersey*, Apothecary, in *Henric-street*, *Covent-Garden*, shall have 20s. Reward.