## The London Gazette.

## Publiched by Authority.

From Thursday October 7. to Donday October 11.

Dublin, Octob. 3.

N the 30th past the Commons of this King-dom, with their Speaker, attended his Grace the Lord Lieutenant with the following Ad-dress, humbly desiring his Greece would trans-mit it to Her Majesty, as the Address of that House.

The humble Address of the Knights, Cirizens and Burgesses, in Parliament assembled, to the Queen.

Most Grecious Sovereign,

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We from Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commins of Ireland in Parliament assembled, beg Leave to embrace this our first Opportunity of expressing the great Satisfultion me receives from Your Majesty's most bappy Accession to the Torone of Your Royal Ancessor's and to congratulate the Glorious Success wherewith it has pleased God to blest Your Majesty's Arms by Sea and Land. Thur Majesty's contant Zeal for the Protestant Religion as by Law Established, and sincere Concern for the Wilsare and Happiness of Your People, justly challenge a grateful Advantagement from all Your Subjects: But we of this Kingdom are in a more particular manner sensible of Your Royal Goodness and Farvary, and unshaken Loyalty to the crown, and tender Care for this his Native Country, have rewired him equally acceptable to Your Majesty, and to us.

We connot but with the deepest Concern take Notice to Your Majesty, That our Enemies, by many groundless and fauter Especially, as if we thought our selves, or desired to be, inaependant of the Crown of England.

In Duty therefore to Your Majesty, and to windicate our selves from such for and united to the Inperial Crown of England; and by the Laws and Statutes of this Kingdom of Ireland is anuxed and united to the Imperial Crown of England; and by the Laws and Statutes of this Kingdom is declared to be justly and rightfully depensing upon, and bedonging, and for ever united to the same, and that it never entru

by the Laws and Statutes of this Kinzdora is declared to be julily and rightfully depending upon, and belonging, and fir ever united to the same, and that it never entral moory Troughts to wish the contrary; the Happiness of this Kingdom entirely depending on a feeddy Duty paid to the Crown of England, and a good Correspondence with Your Mijesty's Subjects of their Kingdom. And we do unaming a sure Your Majesty, That we will, to the utmost of our Power, support and maintain Your Majesty's rightful milawful Title to the Crown of this Realm, and the successor in the Protestam Line, as the same is settled by Asso Parliament in England. Alls of Parliament in England.

To which his Grace was pleafed to return the following Answer:

Will take care of fending this Address to Her Majelly; and am very glad when you give me these Opportunities of assiming Her Majesty of the Duty and Assettion of Her Subjects here, for Her Royal Person and Government.

Her Majetly's Ship the Kings fisher arrived yesterday at Kinsle, with 9 Essi-India Sinps under her Couvoy, viz, the Wentworch, Hampshire, Phamix, Fleet Frigat, Jelm and Mary, Macclessielu, Upton Galley, Bengal Merchant, and declin Ession and the Salland.

Her Majetty's Ship the Tork is also come in there, with 17 Sail of homeward-bound Merchant Ships from Virginia, being part of the fleet that failed from thence in the beginning of August, under Convoy of the faid York, and of Her Majetty's Ship the Fulmouth, from whom, and a good number of the Merchant Ships; these were separated by stress of Weather.

Genoua, Sept. 16. N.S. Letters from Marfeilles, and other Places in Provence, which came in yesterday, say, other Places in Provence, which came in yesterday, say, That the Count de Toulouse having received Advice, that Sir Cloudesty Shovels was entred into the Mediterranean with the English and Dutch Fleet under his Command, and had been sten off of Malaza, had ordered the French Men of War which then lay in the Road of Toulon to sater into the Parbour, for their better Security. Legborne, Sept. 21. The Queen Anne Galley arrived here the 18th instant, being come in 30 days from Dublin, and in 14 days from the Sereights, but brings no manner of News. They write from Nice of the 11th, Than the French Fleet was not yet failed from Toulon the 7th. Letters from Nifmes fay, the Malecontents in the Cevennes had fallen upon a ftrong Party of the French King's Troops, and killed 30 of them upon the place.

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Venice, Sept. 28. The French continue to withdraw their Forces out of the Country of Trent, their Foot pailing to Devenano over the Lake di Garda. It is generally believed their Horse wit, return by Landon the West fide of that Lake. It is said they have undermined the Fortifications of Arco and Nego, in order to blow them up when they have wholly withdrawn their Troops.

Vients, October 3. N. S. General Nigress detected the 23d Instant at Cascan, where he has resided several years as Commander in Chief in Upper Hungary. A Party of the Rebels in that Country did some days ago plunder the Town of Bargan, over-against Gran; and their Detachment which lately took Zolnech being advanced to Pest, has summoned the Inhabitants to surrender, allowing them but two days time to give their Answer. General Rabutin, the Emperor's Commander in Chief in Transstanta, has got together 2000 German Forces, and as many Rascians and Militia of that Province, and is marched to the Frontiers of Hungary, to relieve Kegar, which Place is surrounded by another Body of Rebels. Major General Forgatsch has also drawn a Body of Hungarian Troops together near Nitria, to hinder the Rebels from matching to Presburg. Cologne, Ostab. 12. The King of Spain having pessed through the Bishoptick of History, was to arrive at Harnelan the 9th Instant, and is expected the 15th at Dussilatory, whither the Count de Zinizendorf, Envoy from the importor, is arrived from Liege. The Baron of Els is come hither from the Court of Triers, being sent by that Elector to compliment his Catholick Majesty. The Forces of the King of Prassa, which are encamped before Gelder, began to bombard that Place the 7th Instant, and have in a manner reduced it to Ashes; the Governor however still holds our, norwithstanding he can have no propoct of any Relieu. According to our Advices from Sundia, Prince Lewis vas thill encamped near Augsburg on the 5th Instant, and t

Hamburgh, Octob. 12. They write from Berlin, that the King of Sweden has owned the King of Prussia; and writ a Letter to congrarulate him upon his Advancement to the Royal Dignity; and that a Solemn Embassy was expected from Swedin to pay these Compliments in form. Letters from Graudenz, which came in this day, say; That the Swedish Forces carry on the Siege of Thosara very vigorously, and that there being a large Breach made in the Place, they had twice assaulted it, but the Besieged having cast up new Works behind the Breach, desended themselves with so much Recollution, that the Sweder were repulsed both times with considerable Los: But our Advices from those Parts are so uncertain, that we know nor what Credit to give to this or other Accounts we receive from thence, this they are consistent by second Advices.

From the Camp at Alderbectten, Ostob. 15. On the 9th Instant, being the day appointed for the Exchange of Prisoners between us and the Frenth, Colonel Casagnan and Colonel Cromstrom, whom the Duke of Marlborough had appointed to be Connsissioners to this purpose, went to Wiles, a Village between St. Trom and Leewer, where they were to meet Messious Parch and Leewer, where they were to meet Messious Parch and Leewer, where they were to meet Messious Parch and Leewer, where they were to meet Messious Parch and