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Lisbon, Nov. 10: N. S.

Monsieur Harteloire is come to Cadix with 5 French Men of War from Brest. The Cardinals d'Estrees and Portocarrero having left the Court at Madrid, a new Cabinet Council is established there, which consists of Don Manuel d'Arias, President of the Council of Castile, the Marquis de Mansera, and the Abbod'Estrees, Nephew of the Cardinal d'Estrees, and now Ambassador from France. The Spanish Soldiers continue to desert in great Numbers, and to come over into this Kingdom, where they meet with all Encouragement, and this Desertion will probably be increased, by the Advice which we have received of their King Charles the Third's being arrived at Dusseldorp, in his way hither: This News hastens all the Preparations here for his Reception, which will be very magnificent.

Vienna, November 3. The Count de Castelbarco is gone from hence to the Trentine, to see his Houses and Lands in that Country, which have been very much ruined by the French in their Expedition thither. Letters from the Imperial Army commanded by General Staremberg say, Prince Eugene's Secretary was arrived there with Money and Bills of Exchange, amounting to a considerable Sum, to pay the Forces. Colonel Ebergenni was also returned to the Army from Germany, with 500 Horse to remount his Hussars. These Letters add, That General Visconti, who had been sent with a Detachment of Horse to join the Duke of Savoy's Army, and had marched as far as Seravalle without any opposition, was met there by a much stronger Body of French Horse, with whom he had had a sharp Dispute, and lost near 200 Men; that however he continued his March by another way, and got into Piedmont: Of all which we expect a more particular Account.

Copenhagen, November 10. Yesterday the King of Denmark made an end of reviewing all the Foot in Garison here, which amount to 6500 Men, besides the Horse Guards and Artillery Men, making 600 more; but this Garison being thought too great in time of Peace, 6 Companies of the Foot Guards, and as many of the Regiment of Granadies, have their Winter Quarters assigned them in the other Towns of this Island. It is said, That Monsieur Urbig, late Envoy from this Crown to the Court of Vienna, is to be sent to the Court of Hanover, in the room of Monsieur Meinke. Letters from Stockholm say, that 300 Dragoons had been put on board there, in order to be sent to Prussia, and would be followed by more Forces.

Vienna, Nov. 4. The Emperor has issued a Commission to the Count d'Ottinsgen, President of the Aulick Council, General Heister, and the Baron de Weber, for settling Affairs in Tirol, and to proceed against such Persons in the Regency there as shall appear to have been Favourers of the Elector of Bavaria's Designs against that Country. The Report we had lately of the Surrender of Kuessteyn, the only Place whereof

the Bavarians remained possessed in Tirol, is not confirmed; but our freshest Advices from thence are, that General Heister had reduced it to the last Extremity. Letters from Italy of the 22d of the last Month give an Account of the Duke of Vendosme's being arrived in the Monastery with the French and Spanish Forces which are to be employed against the Duke of Savoy, to whom he had sent a Proposal of restoring his Troops, and putting him into Possession of the State of Milan, if he would make over to France his Duchy of Savoy, with the County of Nice; To which his Royal Highness's Answer was, That he would defend himself as well as he could. We hear the French have abandoned Carpi, and some other Places in the Modenese, to strengthen their Army along the Secchia. The last Letters from the Imperial Army under the Count de Staremberg left them in a readiness to march. The Emperor's Council of War meets very frequently, to consult upon the Preparations to be made for carrying on the War the next Campaign; and they talk of making a considerable Addition to his Troops.

Cologne, Nov. 13. Our Advices from the Upper Rhine mention several vigorous Actions that have passed at the Siege of Landau, where the French do daily lose abundance of Men. They have possessed themselves of a Ravin, after a dispute of 5 hours, in which time it was thrice taken and retaken, and the Besieged being forced from that Work in a fourth Attack, set fire to a Mine and blew it up. The Enemy in this Occasion had 1200 Men killed and wounded, and the Besieged lost near 300 Men, among whom are reckoned a Lieutenant-Colonel, and 3 or 4 other Officers. We are assured, that the Garison is able to hold out several days longer, so that we hope the Prince of Hesse, who is marching thither with all possible Diligence, will arrive time enough to relieve it. Monsieur Precontal, to prevent this Design, is marching with a Reinforcement of 10000 Men to the French Camp before that Place; but he was on the 10th Instant no farther than Triers, and the Confederate Troops under the Prince of Hesse were that day advanced to Creutznach; so that they will probably be able to Attack the French Army before Landau before Monsieur Precontal can arrive there.

Falmouth, Nov. 8. Her Majesty's Ship the Leopard sailed from hence this day to the Eastward, having under her Convoy the Elizabeth of London, Henry Connall Master, bound home from Barbadoes, the Endeavour of Barbadoes, Samuel Payne Master, bound likewise to London, the Reek of London, William Cherry Master, bound home from Vienna, the Ann and Mary, James Sands Master, a Tin Ship, belonging to this Place, bound to London, and the America of Plymouth, Thomas Josephyn Master, bound home from Virginia.

Plymouth, Nov. 9. Yesterday came in here the Smirna Galley of Amsterdam, Jacob Anthony Master, bound to Lisbon; and a Prize, laden with Fruit from Bourdeaux, and sent in by the Severn Galley, Captain Thompson Commander. This day came in Her Majesty's Ship the Leopard, with several Merchant Ships under her Convoy, bound for London, and one for this Place.