The Oxford Gazette.

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Oxford, Nov. 22

His day Sir John Keeling rook his place in the Kings. Bench Court, as Lord Chief Juffice.

Hull, Nov. 19. The florm hath been so great, that the Ships in our Harbor suffered at least 400 pound damage. In Grimsbay Road a Vessel was lost, bound for Lyn; and a Coal thip purathore, which, it is feared, will not escape .

Tarmouth, Nov 20. The ship mentioned in the last upon the Cockle fand, is got off with little damage, and the loss of some Coals they were obliged to throw over-board. It is generally reported, that twenty Colliers have miscarried within

twenty miles of this Town.

Danizick, Nov. 7. The Letters from Torn of the third instant, advise, That the King of Poland was marched with his Army to Uladiflaw, and that day by nine of the clock before noon, intended to enter Torn; the Burgers at the coming away of the Post making ready for his Reception. This being unexpected, gives occasion of many strange conjectures; the most probable is, That either he intends to bring a Polish Garifon into Torn (which the Burgers have hitherto resuled to receive) or else, that he intends to leave Poland and reside in Pruffia.

Rome, Offich 3. The young King of Spain, Charles the Second, is proclaimed at Naples and Sicily, where all things feem to remain in their former Tranquility and Obedience. The Cardinal d' Arragen hach by an Express, which passed by here two days fince, advised this Court of his being chosen Archbishop of Toledo, which it is believed was principally done to hasten his return into spain, where he was left an Allistant to the Government in the Dutchess's minerity. The Duke de Medina Cali is named to be his Successor in the Vice

Royalty.

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Franckfort, Nov. 5. The Treaty of Oppenheim, figned and ratified the twenty for the past, gave us hopes the Lorrain forces would have he en by this in their way homewards, Mentz it felf being not without some trouble from them: But we are now told they have drawn a fresh Train of Artillery into the as if they had a defign upon some place of strength about Worms, where it is said, there hath been a brush between the Elector of Heidelberg's forces, and the Count de Vandemont. In the mean time this amicable Treaty at Spire is on foot, of which we hope we may yet see some good issue, by the friendship or authority of the Emperor and the Elector of Brandenburg, into whose hands the Arbitration is by the

Preliminary Treaty put Mentz, Novemb. 14. Three days ago Monsieur de Gravelle, Brother to the French-Kings Minister at Ratubon, past by herein post: He was two or three hours with his Electoral Highness of this place, and thence went for Cassel to visit the Langrave Dowager, and from thence was to proceed to the Duke of Newburg, the Elector of Cologne, and Duke of Brunswick, all on the same Errand, relating to his Massers concerns in this busic conjuncture. We apprehend here, that the Elector of Heidelberg doth not mean well to the late Truce. He scruples to subscribe the Recess (as that Preliminary Treary is called) demanding an Explanation of the fifth Article, and to know what shall follow, in case the Peace be not fully concluded in the four moneths, so as his Electoral Highness of this place, fent the Envoy of Lorrain yesterday, to demand a Cathegorick answer upon the whole. In the mean time our Troops are in Quarter upon the Elector of Heidelberg's Territories, till we see what comes of the Treaty which is on foot

Bruffels, Nov. 24. Mr. Temple, whom His Majefly hath appointed to be his Resident at Brussels, had audience of the Marquels Caftel Rodrigo the nineteenth instant, where he de-Livered his Credennials, and was received with all the expresfion of respect and kindness due to his Majesties Minister in that

Bortaign is not yet taken, but cannot in probability hold out long, there being little appearance how the Hollander can relieve it; the Prince of Munster, by means of the Bridge you formerly heard lie had made over the Marsh from Meppen tide to Terappel, remaining mafter of the fole passage, by which it can in likelihood be effected. It is reported, aftermany in certainties both ways, that the Duke of Lunenburgh will affile the States with 6000 men, and that the Elector of Branden burgh will affift the Prince of Munster with 7000. Those that write most imparially of the Prince of Munster, say, That his Army harh no want of any thing, unless of Beer and Wine, and that of all other Provisions he hath great abundance out of the Countrey it felf. It is believed the French succors are by the stime at Nimegen; many of their Infantry desert, being impatient of a Winter march, especially the sea on having proved to rainy. The Prince of Munfter to make their way the longer, is fortifying the Town of Dotechem, upon the Old Tssel, and that of Lochem up a Berkel, by which the French Troops must necessarily pa's ere they can reach the Body of that Princes forces. The first Squadron of French Succors of 1200 Horse, are passinto the Velaure, and have already given them a tafte of their carriage, h v ng faln upon the Peafants there, and in the Betauwe, who have not been uled thele many years to luch guefts.

Madrid, Novemb. 24. The Marquels of Bellefourd is on his way hither from Paris; his errand is presended to be the usual complements of Condo ence us on the death of His late Majesty: What he hath surther of business is not yet known, but it is generally talked to be the investiture he is to demand in his Masters name, of the Dutchy of Brabant and County of Haynault, and a Copy of the lateKings

Testament.

Paris, Novemb. 23. All the Nobility of Auvergne are fled from their dwellings, upon the severity of the Chambre des Grands jours; and fuch of them as had sheltred themselves here, have peffed away, understanding that the Provost of the Isle of Paru had order to make fearch, and to fecure them.

Hrgne, Nov. 24. Though we have frequently Letters from our Deputies at the Head Quarter at Schembe, yet none of die last speak aword of Prince Maurice, which makes menthink here, there is not that perfect good correspondence that well to be defined, among the Persons that are employed in the management of our Councels upon the place. And indeed, some refl. clions are made, as if those in chief Command in the Army were a little too cold in the execution of what is defigned upon the Enemy, feeming rather to expect what their owl firaits and necessities would have brought them to: but these we finde our selves frustrated in; by the late Passages they have opened by the Marafs their new Retrenchments at Winfsho-ten, Heyhegerlee and Terappel, by which means those places have free communication among themselves, and with the Body of their Forces at Meppen and Reems, where the Prince of Munster is in person, giving all necessary Orders in the carrying on the War; which we are rold he hailf answered some moderate Interpoters, that he will now go through with whatever it cost him. It's writ from Coverden, that at Har denberg and Cramsberg, near that place, is a Body of 3000 Horse, from whom they, and the Neighbor-hood of Drens receive continual Alarms. On the 20th, arrived in the Vellaume, the first Brigade of 1200 French Horse; on the 21st the freend will be there, and on the 22, the third. They are much cryed our against for all their il! carriage in the Villagus about Nimegen, where they are faid not to have spared even the women. They are to be quartered ab. Dieren, and other

places upon the Iffell, and to make rooms, our own men are aken into the great Towns. It is apprehended there will be some difficulty in disposing the general Command, upon this

conjunction of Forces.

Amsterdam, Nov. 24 Our Merchints with much impatience, expect the coming of the rest of the East-India, and Smyrna Ships, but the ill weather gives them hope, that that is the only cause of their stay. The Admiral De Ruster was on the 19. at Roterdam, where with their Vice Admiral, and fome other Captains, heviewed the shipping that were build ing, among which, one of 70. Guns, which will be launched next week. Several Merchants ships belonging to Reterdam, lye there, and at the Brill, ready to goe out, if they duss venture. Since the English Fleet pun to Sea, the States seem to be in much apprehension of some design on the Coast of Groningen, or East Friesland, infomuch that they have ordered the Admiralry of Friesland, to send 3 or 40st their lightest ships before Grierziel, until farther order.

Ditio, Nov. 24. We are entred into Accounts with the Envoye of Denmark, about the satisfassion his Master takes this advantage of time to preis us for; and we finde he produces intricate and uncertain particulars, which he pretends must be discounted to hm upon those Debrs his Matter owes to this State, which are very vast, as well to the Generality, as so the Admiralty of Amsterdam, and the States of Holland.

The Lunenburgh Envoye is gone, leaving the Treaty made by Waldeck, about the Lunenburgh Forces, to rest folely upon the Bishop of Osnaburg and infishing that the States first make an end with the King of Smeden, and the Elector of Brandenburgh, and that his Master, the Duke George Guilliam, be warranted against the Prince of Munster, even for what the Bishop of Osnaburg his brother, shall agree to, in the Treaty proposed; so as it is doubted whether it will have any effect. He is in the interim gone to Prince Maurice, to adjust with him, and the Deputies there, how the Lunenburgh Forces and theirs shall unite, in case the treaty of Succor go on.

The Elector of Brandenburgh being arrived at Cleves, they are thinking here of fending to complement him, and by that pretence to reassume the Treaty, which is at present laid aside, Only Hollard flands off, and would fzinsce what we can doe of our selves with the Friendship of the French King, who feems to have as much jealousse of the rest of the Provinces, as they have of him, saying, upon this occasion, he findes to security to treat with the States General, with those of Holland he doth, and in it much frankness and secretic. In the wean time the Elector is railing five Regiments, and the

Duke of Newburgh is likewife upon new Levies.

The People here are infinitely defired of a Peace, and not without hopes of obtaining it, upon the terms we are willing to receive it on, were it not for the French Faction among us, which feeks to continue the War for their own ends; and this begins nowfram feerer murmuring, to proceed to open clamours, and to become a common Argument for the Press as well as the Pulpir, Prints frequently now of late, flying aprojet in different shapes upon this subject: And as to the bufiness of the Minister Landiman, for having preached publickly against the Alliance with France, it rests as it was. It is infifted upon, that he make a formal Recantation, and ask pardon under his hand as the late Sterremont heretofore did : which Landiman resuseth to do, nor ewning himself to be in

We are much scandalized as the City, of Bremen, for furnishing the Prince of Munsters Army with provisions of all kindes; and tis faid, the States have write fharp Letter to

them on that subject.

The news we told you of in our last, of the Prince of Munflers having intercepted a confiderable Convoy of provisions palling from Groningen to Prince Mawite's Borces, and kill'd 500. men upon the place, comes confirmed to us from feveral good hands; so as in the whole, we do not doubt of the truth; but not having as yet received any farther particulars, fave that it was done by a party of the Nunfter Forces, commanded by Colonel Offery, and not far from Greningen; we must expect the other circumstances by our next.

Paris, Nov. 25. It is observed here that the Clergy presses the King much to bring those of the Resormed Reli-

gion to a general Synod, where all their Churches thall figne a Formulaire of the Concessions of his Majeslies Predecessors; to compare if they agreed with those that were fisst granted in regard 'tis pretended there is some alteration, particularly in having made an association with the Lutherans, which perswasion being not of the growth of France as that of Calvinism, his Majesty will in no wife tolerate. Parliament of Roken, in obedience to the Orders they received from the King, have made an Arrest to prohibit all French ships to trade or pass to any parts of the Kingdoms of England, Scotland or Ireland, or so much as to go into the Channel, upon the penalty of a thousand Livers Tournois, and confiscation of fuch thips and goods; and 'tis further discoursed here that an embargo is laid upon all English ships and goods in several Ports of this Kingdom, and some Letters are shown from the Ports themselves which say as much.

The Hague Letters of the 15th tell us, that Monfieur Friquet, the Emperors Envoy, had by way of discourse fignified, that his Master would not act in the difference betwint Munfter and Holland, as long as the French Forces stand onely on the Defensive part; but if they should attaque the Prince in his Country, that then he should assist him against France and Holland.

Dublin, Nov. 16. Much of the time, fince the Houses of Parliament met here, has been spent by the House of Com-mons, in the Examination of which of their Members were tainted with any contagion of the Plot that was here in the Year 1663. wherein they have provided with much care of the honour of that House, and with expressions of great zeal to the safety of his Majessies Person and Government. day Robert Shapcott, Alexander Staples, Thomas Scot, John Roockston, John Chambers, Abel Warren, and Thomas Boyd, Were called to the Bar, where they received on their knees Senrence to be expelled the House and made incapable of ever fitting in any Parliament of this Kingdom for the future, whereof you shall see the particulars at large elsewhere. The additional Act for Settlement has been read once through, and a great part of it a second time.

Sherborn, Nou 18. About a formight fince, irpleased God to visit this Town with the Plague; but since for these seven days last path, we have not had one Person dead of any Discase whatsoever, which gives us great hope that the Town is

now free from Infection.

Plymouth, Nov. 19. Captain Knevet, Commander of the Kichmond, hath brought in hither a ship, called the Hope of Dunkirk, laden with Hides, Tallow, and Butter, which it is

supposed will prove good Frize.

Falmouth, Nov. 18. A Plymouth thip bound for Virginia, being far on her Voyage, at Sea, in the late Storm, lost all her Masts, but happily putting into Milford, she was in company of 20. Sail of Colliers, convoy'd by the Richmond Frigat to

Dartmouth, Nov. 21. On Sunday night a prize was sent in hither, laden with Bourdeaux wine, a ship of 150 Tuns taken by a Privateer. The same Frigor took off of the Lizzard,

three other Vessels, which are sent into Falmouth.

Oxon, Nov. 23. This day the French Ambassadors took their leaves of his. Majesty in the usual manner, being conducted to their Audience in his Majesties Coach, by Sie Charles Cotterell Mafter of the Ceremonics ; where they acquainted his Majesty, that their Master finding their Mediation to prove unsuccessful, had commanded them to return home; and at the same time to assure his Majesty of the persect Frendship and Esteem their Master had for him, and that he would on all occasions give refirmanies of it: whereupon they took their leave, and were from thence conducted in the fame manner to the Queen, and thence to their Royal-Highnesses, where they made the like Complements.

Novemb. 24. Sir William Moreton being sworn before the ord High Chancellor, as Justice of his Majesties Court of the

Kings-Bench, took his place accordingly.

Novemb. 25. This night that Reverend Prelate, Dector John Earle, lare Lord Bishop of Salisbury, was Interred in the Chappel of Merton Colledg, of which he was sometimes Fellow; the principal Persons both of Court and University paid the last Offices due to his excellent Memory, in a numerous Attendance on this Solemnity.

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