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Barbadoes, Febr. 6.

HER Majesty's Ship the Dreadnought, having on board Colonel Seymour, Governor of Maryland, arrived here on the 2d Instant: She was part of the Virginia Convoy that sailed from England in September last, and was separated from the rest of the Fleet by Storms of Weather.

Turin, April 15. N. S. We have received an Account of the Success of our Duke's Arms in Savoy, which has been as glorious as could be wished. The French had left 5 Battalions and 2 Regiments of Dragoons, with some Militia, to guard the Passes in that Duchy, but they always retired as fast as our Troops advanced towards them; and there are now none of the French left in Savoy but what are Prisoners of War. This Conquest is so much the more advantageous to his Royal Highness, in that the Enemy had with great Labour and Expence fortified several Passes, and erected Magazines in several Places, which are fallen into our hands: He has recovered that Country from the Enemy, at a time that they were threatening to besiege his Town of Nice, and in order thereunto they had drawn their Forces down into Provence, yet to good Care was taken for the Security of that Place, that the Enemy has not yet thought fit to attempt it. The Marshal de la Feuillade is thereupon come back in great haste to the Borders of Savoy, and has sent a Battalion to secure a Post between Chamberry and Fort Barreau; but our Duke has ordered Major-General de St. Remi to attack that Battalion, and we hope he will shortly be able to give us a very good Account of them. It is said his Royal Highness is willing to leave his Duchy of Savoy to the Guard of the Swiss Cantons, and to pay such Troops as they shall send thither for that purpose. We are now assured that the Grand Prior's Design was upon Mirandola, where he had a Correspondence with the Prince of that Place; but that Enterprize having miscarried, the Grand Prior has fortified Concordia, from whence he sends out Parties to interrupt the Communication between the German Quarters at Mirandola and those at Revere, which last Place he is preparing to attack. The Count de Vernon, Ambassador from his Royal Highness to the French King, set out from Paris the 3d Instant, with a Guard, for Antibes, where he is to be exchanged for Monsieur Phelippeaux, the French Ambassador to this Court. The Duke of Mantua is on his Journey to Paris: It is said he will marry either Mademoiselle de Conde, d'Armagnac, or d'Albeuf. About 4000 French Recruits came last week by Sea from Thoulon to San Piero d'Arca, near Genoua, which make up the number of 10000 that are already arrived there.

Copenhagen, April 19. The King presided last Wednesday in Person in the High Court of Justice, as usual, it being the first day of their Meeting since the last Vacation. His Majesty has appointed Monsieur Springell and Monsieur Justman to be Colonels of the two Regiments of Dragoons of National Troops, or Militia, which are by a late Regulation to be always in a readiness for Service; and will be mounted very soon. The King intends to go to Norway about the latter end of next Month; and 5 Men of War and as many Frigats are fitting out to attend him in his Passage thither.

Vienna, April 16. N. S. Prince Ragozi, Count Berzeni, and others of the Chief among the Malecontents in Hungary, have lately met at Gaengus, where the Archbishop of Colocza has been to confer with them; and on the 10th Instant the Provost of Colocza, and one Occolucciani, a Protestant, who is 30 years old, and much revered among the Hungarians for his Probity and Knowledge of their Laws, arrived here from thence, to give the Emperor an Account of what passed in that Assembly, and to endeavour to settle Preliminaries with this Court, in order to treat of an Accommodation. The same day Monsieur Stralenheim, the King of Sweden's Minister here, made an Offer to the Emperor of his Master's Mediation towards composing these Troubles, which is said to have been accepted. On the 13th Count Heister, Son to the Field-Marshal, arrived here from Hungary, with the welcome News, that after the Town of Papa had submitted to the Emperor, the Field-Marshal advanced without any opposition by the way of St. Martinsberg, and on the 8th Instant came within sight of Struhlweissenberg, or Alba Regalis,

where he found a considerable Body of Malecontents, under the Command of Count Daniel Esterhazy, drawn up in a Plain; but upon the first Attack they gave ground, and a considerable number of them was either killed or drowned in a Morass between their Camp and the City, which having capitulated, was surrendered by the Malecontents to the Field Marshal General Heister for home the Feathers that were found there, having first dismounted and dismantled them, and received the regular Troops into the Emperor's Service. He intended to continue his March on the 10th, which it is thought he may direct towards the Island Schutt, where a Body of Hungarians is yet together, and the Ban of Croatia is also advancing towards the same with the Militia of that Province. Thus our side of that River is now entirely reduced under the Emperor's Obedience. The Province of Moravia, to revenge the Inroad lately made on its Frontiers by the Malecontents towards Brod, hath raised between 10 and 12000 Militia, who have done the like upon the Borders of Hungary; but we hear they commit great Disorders, sparing neither Friend nor Foe, for they have plundered the Estates of Count Zabor, Count Ardedi, and others, who are known to have always adhered inviolably to the Emperor and his Interest.

Zurich, April 19. The French have demolished the Town of Newenbourg below Huningen, and the Bridge they had there over the Rhine, and it is said they design to go the same way to the Fort of Kehl. The Marshal de Laillard is marched with his whole Army towards Spire, where it is said he will attempt to lay a Bridge over the Rhine, and to pass that River. A Body of German Forces is posted on the other side to oppose him. The French Ambassador to the Swiss Cantons, Monsieur Puitieux, pretends that his Master's Forces are still at Chamberry, yet we are assured by the Duke of Savoy's Envoy, that they are wholly driven out of Savoy. Some say there are still 200 French in the Castle of Chamberry, who were left behind by the rest of their Forces in their hasty Retreat; but should they pretend to make any Resistance, it is impossible for them to defend that Place. The Envoy of Savoy has Letters from Nice of the 5th Instant, which give an Account, that the Cavaliers keep the Field, and have passed a Branch of the Rhodne, called the Little Rhodne. The French Agent here gives out, that the Grand Prior took Refuge from the Imperialists on the 8th Instant. Our Letters from Milan make no mention of it, except one to a private Hand, which says, that the Grand Prior being marched to attack that Place, the Germans not thinking it enable against his whole Army, quitted it, and retired to Olighia, which last Post they are resolved to defend, the young Prince of Vaudemont being there in Person.

Hague, April 29. N. S. On the 23d Instant his Grace the Duke of Marlborough was attended by a Deputation of the States General, who were some time in Conference with him, to concert Measures against the Campaign. The same day part of the Garisons of Liege and Maastricht, with the Troops which have been cantoned for some time in that Neighbourhood, consisting of 73 Squadrons and about 40 Battalions, were ordered to assemble on the rising Ground of Leon, between Liege and Maastricht, and to encamp with their Left at the Village of Harcourt, and their Right near the River Jaar: His Grace has likewise given Orders to the Troops in Garrison in these Parts to be in a readiness to march by the first of next Month, in order to join them, his Grace intending to go thither about the same time to put himself at the head of the Army. Yesterday the States General regulated the several Posts of their General Officers. Monsieur d'Auverquerque, their Field Marshal, is to command their Forces on the Meuse, and will have under him as Generals the Counts de Tilly and Noyelles; and General Slangenbourg will command those on the Moselle; Lieutenant-General Sabin in Brabant; Lieutenant-General Spaar in Flanders; Lieutenant-General Fogelli in Portugal; and Major-General Belcastil in Savoy. The 23d Instant a French Privateer of 4 Guns, belonging to Calais, came into Scheveling Road, seized several Fisher Boats, and ransomed them for 1500 Florins, which was sent off to him in Schelings, but he refused to take that sort of Money, and would be paid in Gold, and some of the Fishermen came ashore to procure it for him; but night coming on 50 Graveliers were put on board two Boats, and sent after the Boat