

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday July 13. to Monday July 17. 1704.

Turin, July 5. N. S.

THE Duke de la Feuillade decamped the last week from Suze with about 18 Battalions and some Dragoons, and marched by the way of Fenestrelles into the Valleys of Pragelas and Perouse. Upon his unexpected Approach, the Vaudois, who were to have guarded the Passes thereabouts, retired in some Disorder, so that the Enemy made themselves Masters of the Valley of St. Germain, where they burnt two or three Villages, and put all the Inhabitants to the Sword, offering at the same time to treat with the rest of the Vaudois, to whom they made large Promises, if they would put themselves under the Protection of the French King: Those of the Valley of St. Martin, frightened with what their Brethren in that of St. Germain had suffered, and compelled by the Papists that dwell among them, who threatened to join the French, were obliged to treat of an Accommodation; but the rest of the Vaudois would not hearken to any Terms, and resolved to shew their Loyalty to their Prince, and Steadfastness in their Religion, by detaching themselves to the last Extremity. The Enemy are now before Mirabou, an old Castle in the Valley of St. Martin, that leads into the Valley of Lucerne, and is defended by a Captain and about 50 Vaudois. His Royal Highness was no sooner informed of this Incurion of the Duke de la Feuillade into the Vallies, but he sent the Marquis de Parelle with all the Militia from the neighbouring Villages, and some regular Troops detached from the Camp at Velliano, who is arrived in those Vallies, and we hear has already driven the French from a considerable Post, with the Slaughter of 150 of their Men. While the Duke de la Feuillade is thus amusing himself in these Vallies, he loses abundance of his Men, who are destroyed from the Hills on all sides, without so much as seeing who hurts them. They write from Nice of the 30th past, that the French had sent a Detachment over the Var, to put some Villages thereabouts under Contribution, but that they retired upon the Approach of some Troops which the Governor of Nice had sent out to cover the Country. The same Letters add, that upon Advice that the Enemy had a design to send some Troops to Solpello, to cut off the Communication between Nice and Coni, the Commander Balbiano was marched thither with a small Detachment from Nice; whereupon the Enemy had given over that Design. The Squadron of Gallies commanded by the Duke of Turin passed by Nice the last week, going to Thoulon, and will be followed by those of Naples and Sicily, which (it is said) together with the French, will make about 40 Gallies in the whole, that are to join the Count de Toulouse. Some Deserters, who came hither this Morning from the French Camp before Verceil, say, that on the 2d Instant the Enemy made an Assault upon the Counterscarp of that Place, but was very warmly repelled, and lost 2000 Men. It appears by some Letters which have been taken from a French Officer, who was seized by some of our Peasants as he was going to Paris, that the Duke of Vendosme meets with so much Opposition, and such Difficulties in that Siege, that he does not expect to be Master of the Place before the 15th Instant. Our Duke is fortifying Ivrea, as the most likely Place to be attacked if the Enemy takes Verceil. We hear that the Imperialists have quitted Othigia, and are marching to meet the Reinforcements they expect from Germany: The Count de Leiningen, who is lately come from Vienna to command that Army, has brought a Supply of 3000 Men.

Vienna, July 9. On the 6th Instant the young Prince of Lookowitz, Nephew and Adjutant-General to the Margrave of Baden, arrived with the News of a compleat Victory obtained over the Bavarian Army near Donawert on the 2d Instant; and two days after a Courier from Count Wratislaw brought the Particulars of that Action, and of the Enemy's having abandoned Donawert. By this happy Turn of Affairs, the House of Austria and the Empire are saved from the Detraction to which they were inevitably exposed, if Her Majesty of Great Britain had not taken the generous Resolution of sending the best part of Her Forces where the Danger was most evident. Every Body seems extremely sensible of the great Obligations they have to Her Majesty, and that Nation on that Account, and they do Justice to the Bravery of the English Troops, and to the Duke of Marlborough, for

his Zeal and Conduct, without which it is generally believed the Opportunity might have been lost of attacking the Enemy with so much Advantage. The Air of this Court is quite changed upon this Success; and the King of the Romans, as he attended the Emperor to Chapel, was pleased to make a Compliment to George Stepney Esq; Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary at this Court, congratulating with him for the part Her Majesty's Troops had in this great Action; which is the more remarkable, since it is not usual at the House of Austria to speak to Strangers otherwise than at a formal Audience. Next Sunday Rejoycings will be made here, and *Te Deum* sung for this Victory, whereof the Consequences in this Part of the World can be no less than reducing the Elector of Bavaria in a very short time.

Berlin, July 12. This being the King's Birth-day, on which he entred into the 40 Year of his Age, he has received the Compliments of all the Foreign Ministers, and other Persons of Quality at his Court, where the Day has been spent in Diversions suitable to the Occasion. Letters from Warsaw of the 28th past give an Account, That the Heads of the Contedrated Nobility being assembled on the 26th, being the day to which the Election of a new King had been put off, their Marshal proposed the reading of a Paper, by way of Answer to several Matters contained in the Instrument of Confederacy, signed by those who adhere to the King of Poland's Interest; but this was opposed by the Deputies of Plosko, till such time as their Demands should be fully satisfied in relation to the putting an end to the Contributions demanded by the Swedes from the Estates belonging to the Confederates, and the finishing of the Treaty of Peace and Alliance with that Crown, declaring, That till this were done, they would not concur with the rest of the Assembly in any of their Proceedings, which (as the Custom is there) must consequently have been void: It was not without much Perswasion that they were brought to content themselves with the sending of a Deputation, in the Name of the Assembly, to Count Moorn, the Swedish Commissioner, with a Representation about those Matters; then they went through the Paper above-mentioned, and afterwards adjourned to the 27th, when they met, and adjourned to the 28th, and that day again to the 30th, without doing any thing material.

From the Duke of Marlborough's Camp at Burchen, July 13. The 5th Instant the whole Army passed the Danube, over several Bridges made for that purpose, near Donawert and encamped in the Elector of Bavaria's Country. Upon our coming on this side, we found most of the Enemy's Pontons, which they had not time to carry off, and a great quantity of Meal in Casks, on the River side. We had Advice, That the Elector was retired to Munich, and his Army lay encamped on the other side the Lech, near Augsburg; and we made Preparations to pass that River, in order to press the Enemy before they recover out of the great Conster-nation they are yet under from our late Victory. The 6th was, by the Duke of Marlborough's Order, observed as a day of Thanksgiving throughout our Army, for the Success where-with it has pleased God to bless us: And Prince Lewis also directed *Te Deum* to be sung on this Occasion in his Camp, and in all the Towns adjoining. The Danish Horse, commanded by the Duke of Wirtemberg, encamped the 5th on the Schellenberg, and having the 6th passed the Danube, marched to the Ground appointed for them in our Camp, where Count Palfi arrived that day with a Compliment from Prince Eugene to the Duke of Marlborough, upon his Grace's late Victory. The 7th the Count de Frize, with a Detachment of 4000 Men and 12 Pieces of Cannon, was ordered to prepare the Bridges for the Army to pass over the Lech near Ginderkingen, which were finished the same Evening without any Opposition from the Enemy: This Detachment thereupon immediately marched over, and took Post in the Country of Bavaria, where they were reinforced the 8th in the Afternoon by 6000 Men more. The whole Army marched at the same time, and came and encamped with the Right at Hamler and the Left at Ginderkingen near the River. Upon the first Notice of our Troops having begun to pass the Lech, the Garison of Nicubourg marched out, and retired to Ingolstadt: A Detachment of Dragoons was thereupon immediately sent by the Duke of Marlborough to take possession of that Place; and Prince Lewis of Baden or-

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dered General Herteville, who commands a separate Body of between 5 and 6000 Men on the other side of the Danube, to remain there for the Security of a Place of so great Importance for our drawing of Provisions, for the Subsistence of our Troops, out of Franconia, while the Army continues in Bavaria. The Enemy has left a Garrison at Rain, a small Town about half a League on the other side of the Lech, which it was resolv'd we should attack the 10th, and that the Army should pass the River at the same time. The Elector of Bavaria's Army are intrenching themselves near Augsburg, in hopes of receiving a strong Reinforcement from the Rhine. The 8th in the morning a Party of German Horse brought in a French Colonel of Foot, whom they had taken Prisoner in Bavaria, his whole Parry having deserted him upon the first Firing. The Count de Strumsted the 9th in the Afternoon of his Wounds. The 10th the Army decamp'd from Ginderkingen, pass'd the Lech, and came with the Right to Stauda, and the left to Burkham; so that we are now in the heart of the Elector's Country. The 10000 Men who had pass'd the River the day before, were at the same time relieved by 9 Battalions and 15 Squadrons that are to carry on the Siege of Rain, under the Command of the Count de Erize. Yesterday the Army made a Motion to the Right to favour the Attack of that Place, and our heavy Artillery being now arriv'd, we shall open the Trenches this Night, and prepare the Batteries in order to fire upon the Town to morrow Morning. The Bridge on the Lech which the Enemy destroy'd is repairing, as is likewise that over the Danube at Nieubourg, and we are making another Bridge over that River between that Town and Donawert. The Count de Vehlen, General of the Palatine Horse, is come hither from Prince Edgense of Savoy, with an Account, That the Marshals de Villeroi and Tallard have pass'd the Rhine above Fort Kehl, and that they give out they design both to March to the Succour of the Elector of Bavaria, which 'tis not doub'd one of them will attempt. Prince Eugene has thereupon desired a Reinforcement of Horse, and accordingly 30 Squadrons will March this night to enable him the better to observe the Enemies Motions. An Express is likewise sent to him this Evening to let him know, that if he thinks it necessary a further Number will follow. The Strength of the two Marshals, with them, is computed at 45 Thousand Men; The Swiss, to the Number of 7 Thousand, refused to pass the Rhine, and are left with some French Troops on the other side of that River.

Frankfort, July 16. The Marshal de Tallard pass'd the Rhine the first Instant with the French Forces under his Command at Strasbourg, and encamp'd near the Fort of Kehl; the 4th he march'd to Hofwibr, the 5th to Miertheim, and the 6th to Heibelsheim, near Kenziggen, from whence he has sent several Detachments towards the Black Forest, intending, (as is said) to attempt the carrying of further Succours to the Elector of Bavaria by that way. The Marshal de Villeroi, with the remainder of the French Army, pass'd the Rhine at Strasbourg the 5th, and on the 7th sent 10 Squadrons to reinforce the Marshal de Tallard. According to our last Advices, the latter was encamp'd between Fribourg and Biesack, and the Marshal de Villeroi between Offenbourg and Gengenbach. The Count de Coignes remains on the other side of the Rhine with a separate Body of the Enemy's Forces. Prince Eugene has sent the best part of his Forces from the Lines of Seiboden to Roswell, and set forward thither in Person the 13th, in order to prevent the Designs of the Enemy.

Hague, July 22. N. S. The Army commanded by Monsieur d'Auverquerque decamp'd from Montenaken the 14th Instant, pass'd the Meuse, and march'd to Herbaie; the 15th they encamp'd with their Right at Marlin, and their Left at Seil upon the Maest, which River they pass'd the 19th over several Bridges, and encamp'd within Two Leagues of Namur. They have with them 4000 Wagons laden with Bread for 15 days, and Meal for the same time, 60 Pieces of heavy Cannon, 40 Mortars, 10000 Cannon Bullets, and a proportionable quantity of Powder and other Ammunition. Their Design is yet a Secret. The Enemy have drawn their Forces towards Namur, and have reinforced the Garrison of that place with four Battalions. They have demolish'd some Works they had on a rising Ground near the Town; and the Elector of Cologne, fearing a Bombardment, is retir'd from thence. General Salisch has taken upon him the Command of the Dutch Forces which lay near the Sas of Ghent, and has sent his Horse towards Bergen-op-Zoom. He has at Fort Phurppine about 200 Boats, which have been sent him for several Paris for the use of his Infantry, which he may transport in 2 Tides to Lillo, and thereby gain 2 days March, or the Enemy if his Design be upon their Lines near Auwerp, as is generally believed. He had sent out a Detachment towards Fort Alabella, which is returned to his Camp, having laid the Country under Contribution. Monsieur Duxen and the Prince of Holstein-Beck are appointed to succeed the late General Goor and Count Bentheim in their Commands in the Army on the Danube. The States have given Orders for sending two Battalions to Portugal.

Falmouth, July 10. This day came in here the Jamaica Gally of London, homeward-bound from Jamaica, the Master whereof reports, That in his Passage he fell in with the homeward-bound Virginia Fleet, under Convoiy of several of

Her Majesty's Ships, two whereof had with them two French Prizes they had taken, which were homeward-bound from Martinico, and very richly laden.

Farmouth, July 14. Her Majesty's Ship, the Kinsale came into our Road the 10th Instant, with several light Colliers under her Convoiy from the Southward, and they sail'd the 14th for Newcastle. About 50 Sail more of light Colliers came in this day from the Southward. Her Majesty's Ship the Bristol and a Dutch Man of War sail'd out of our Road this morning for Holland, with about 30 Sail of Dutch Dreggers laden with Coals, and 20 Corn Ships.

The Commissioners for Victualing Her Majesty's Navy do hereby give Notice, to such Persons who shall be inclinable to serve Her Majesty's Navy, at the Ports of London, Portsmouth, and Plymouth, with Butter and Cheese for the next Year's Service, they will be ready to receive their Proposals in Writing, sealed up, at their Office on Tower-hill, on Friday the 11th of August next.

Whereas a Paper hath been sent to the Office of his Royal Highness, Lord High Admiral, signed R. G. C. D. and R. D. giving an Account, that they are able to make Discovery of some Abuses: His Royal Highness hath commanded Notice to be given, that if the said Persons will attend, and so far discover those Abuses, as that the Offenders may be punished, they shall have all fitting Encouragement for their said Service.

Whereas his Royal Highness, from his Princely Regard to the Safety of Navigation, was pleas'd to direct the Master, Wardens and Assistants of Trinity-House, to cause some proper Steamers to be placed upon Abby-Down in the Isle of Wight, in the room of a Mill which lately stood there, and serv'd as a Direction for Ships in their Passage into St. Hellens, to avoid running at woman's Land: Notice is hereby given, That a Building, about the height of that Mill, is accordingly erected upon the very Spot, and that by keeping the same open with the tops of the Trees between it and the Shore, Ships will be carried clear of the said Shoal of No-man's Land.

The English Company Trading to the East-Indies do hereby give Notice, That they will pay, at their House at Skimmers-Hall, to such Persons as shall be entru'd to the same, all their Bonds, and the Interest due thereon, from N^o 8000 to N^o 10000, on or before the 20th of October next; and that they will pay no interest on the said Bonds after the said 20th of October next.

The Governour and Company of Merchants of London Trading into the East-Indies do hereby give Notice, That a General Court of the said Company will be holden at the East-India House in Lendenhall-street, on Thursday the 20th of this Instant July, at 10 in the forenoon, about special Affairs.

This day is published, A new Map of the War in Spain and Portugal, from the newest Observations; in which are set large the Ports of Barcelona, Port Mahon, Alicant, Cartagena, Cadiz, Vigo, Lisbon, St. Ubes, Porto, Gibraltar, and the Groyne. By C. Brown at the Globe by St. Paul's; by whom is sold, Moll's Map of Germany; the War on the Rhine and in Flanders, by De Fer, and Jalliot's War in Italy, two Sheets each; the War in Sivoi, one.

Notice is given, That on Friday the 28th Instant, at 4 in the afternoon, the reputed Manor of Heys-Park-Hall, in the Parish of Heys in the County of Middlesex, with the Lands thereto belonging, will be sold to the best Purchaser, by William Rogers Esq; at his Chambers in Lincoln's-Inn, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery for that purpose.

Whereas Mr. Tho. Ward, who lately kept the Unicorn in St. Mary's Parish in Norwich, (and dealt considerably as a Factor in selling Wooll and Yarn, &c.) is dead; This is to give Notice to all Persons concerned in that way of Trade, That John Page of Norwich succeeds the said Ward in the House and Business, where any Person may have as good Entertainment as heretofore, and their Business carefully and faithfully done in their absence.

In Leicester-Abbey Meadows, on Thursday the 7th of September next, will be run for a Plate of about 50 Guineas Value, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, carrying 12 Stone, besides Bridle and Saddle, and that never run for the Value of 10 l. in Money or Plate, or ever won 5 l. in Money or Plate, the Horses to kept in Leicester 14 days before the Race.

A Commission of Bankrupt being awarded against Lawrence Lord, of Tower-hill in the County of Middlesex, Salesman; All Persons that owe him any Money, or that have any Goods or other Effects of his in their hands, are not to pay or deliver the same to any Person, but only as the Commissioners shall appoint: And they are desired forthwith to give notice thereof to Mr. John Cole, Attorney at Law, in Winchester-street, near the Pay-Office in Broad-street, London, one of the Commissioners.

A Commission of Bankrupt being awarded against Thomas Summerall and William Dickson, of the County of Middlesex, Chipmen, and Copartners; All Persons that owe them any Money, or that have any Goods or other Effects of theirs in their hands, are not to pay or deliver the same to any Person, but such only as the Commissioners shall appoint: And they are desired forthwith to give Notice thereof to Mr. Edward Clive, Attorney at Law, in Ironmonger Lane, London, one of the Commissioners, or they'll be fined.

Lost or m'glaid some time since, a Note on Sir Francis Child, and Partner, payable to the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Abingdon, or Bearer, for 60 l. dated on or about the 12th of July, 1701. and signed by the said Sir Francis Child, or Partner, or one of their Servants for them. If offered in Payment or otherwise, you are desired to stop it, and give Notice to the said Sir Francis Child at Terminus, and you shall have a Guinea Reward, it being of no Value.

THE Her Majesty's Commission, was renewed to be again; and presented by which follow

Her Majesty

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My Lord's NOETH

the Affairs in We hope, that to do not lie so much in the hands of the Government.

But we are not such as we were of low and Unconsiderable voices. And given Us by they will use the ple of the Act for we have Mistakes did it Us, but the Government.

This being treatment and our can be and gathering In order to date Our Copy and Priority, and the Colon And We have able Proofs of both in Clou Our Kingdom found wanting venting all En Thus, how we will not Oppression, or selfishness made Country, and in the want of two magnificent and summing.