

The London Gazette.

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From Thursday July 20. to Monday July 24. 1704.

Constantinople, May 22. N. S.

THE Captain Bassaw failed lately from hence with 11 Men of War and 23 Gallies to the Straights of Crimea, to protect those who are at work on the Fortresses and Castles begun there the last year, and carries with him 6000 Jamfaries to garison those Places, together with a considerable number of Cannon, and a proportionable quantity of Ammunition: This appears to be the sole end of their Preparations, which had given some Jealousie to the neighbouring States; and the Porte shews all the Disposition that can be desired to continue in Peace and Amity with them.

Vindis, July 15. On the 14th Instant the Count de Lecheraine was dispatched by the Elector Palatine with a Compliment to the Duke of Marlborough: He also carried a very obliging Letter from the Emperor to his Grace, complimenting him upon the great Victory near Donawert. The Elector of Bavaria having desired the Archbishop of Saltzburg to allow a Retreat in his Residence for the Electors and her Children, he was unwilling to grant it without first acquainting the Emperor therewith, and asking his Consent, which he did by a Courier, who arrived here two days ago; whereupon the Ministers have been since in Conference, but as yet are come to no Resolution. Letters from Stuhlweissenberg in Hungary of the 8th Instant say, That the Archbishop of Colocza, with the Two Deputies from the Malecontents, went from thence that day, in order to meet with Prince Ragotzi, and the other Heads of them, and to acquaint them with the Emperor's Answer to their Demands.

From the Duke of Marlborough's Camp at Aicha, July 20. Prince Eugene of Savoy having desired that some Forces might be sent from our Army to his Assistance, Prince Maximilian of Hanover marched the 13th Instant at night from our Camp, which was then at Burcheim, with 30 Squadrons of Imperial Horse, in order to join him; which being all the Reinforcement his Highness desired, will (it's hoped) enable him to prevent the Designs of the Enemy, who are marching to the Relief of the Elector of Bavaria. The same night the Trenches were opened before Rain, and our Approaches were carried on with so good Success, that by the 16th in the morning the Garrison desired to Capitulate, and the Articles being agreed upon, they marched out the next day to the number of about 400 Foot, commanded by the Count de Merzi, Brigadier-General, and were conducted by a Party of Horse to the Elector of Bavaria's Camp near Augsbouurg. A Detachment of 400 of our Men took possession of the Place at the same time, and we found there 24 Brass Cannon, and some Ammunition, besides a considerable quantity of Corn, with other Provisions, which were ordered to be applied to the use of our Troops. Orders having also been given for the providing of Magazines at Newbourg and Rain for the Subsistence of our Forces, we decamped the same day from Burcheim, and came with our Right to Haltz, and our Left to Oosterhausen. The 18th we continued our March, and encamped with our Right at

Kuepach, and our Left at this Place, the Inhabitants whereof at first shut their Gates, and refused to admit our advanced Parties into the Town; but upon assurance of good Usage, they let them in, and all the Generals who command the Left Wing have now their Quarters here. We have been these 3 days removing the Corn and other Stores from Newbourg, and the Places adjacent, to this Town, where a Magazine is to be erected, and a sufficient Garrison left to secure it. We shall advance to morrow so as to post our selves between the Elector of Bavaria's Army and his Country, in order to prevent his receiving any Provisions or other Supplies from thence, which must needs make him very uneasie. We are without any fresh Advices from Prince Eugene, and consequently without any certain Account of the Motions of the Marshals of Villeroy and Tallard. The latter had promised the Elector of Bavaria to be at Villingen with the Succours he is to bring him by the 14th Instant, but we are assured he was not got thither the 17th.

Frankfort, July 23. Prince Eugene having left a sufficient number of Men in the Lines of Stolhoffen, to defend them, is marching with the rest of his Forces towards Rotweil, in order to oppose the Marshal de Tallard, who is said to be advanced towards Villingen, in his March to join the Elector of Bavaria. The Marshal de Villeroy continues near Offenbourg with another Body of the Enemy's Forces; and the Count de Coignies is with the rest of their Army on the other side of the Rhine.

Hamburg, July 25. Letters from Warsaw of the 15th Instant bring a Confirmation of the Palatine of Polen's being elected King of Poland by part of the Confederated Nobility assembled there, which has occasioned great Divisions among the Confederates, of whom the most considerable have refused their Consent to this Election. The King of Sweden is advanced with his Army into the Neighbourhood of that Place. The King of Poland with his Army was returned to his former Camp near Sendomir, and had appointed a Meeting of the Senators and others of the Nobility who continue in his Interest to be held there the 21st, to consult about the fittest Measures to be taken in the present Juncture. He expected to be joined very soon by the Succours from Muscovy; And we hear, that the Reinforcement which is sent to him from Saxony passed the Oder about 3 weeks ago at Rostorf in their March to Poland. Narva continues closely blocked up by the Muscovites, and is said to be in Distress for want of Provisions. The Czar in Person was besieging Dorpt, upon which Place he had made two Assaults, but had been both times repulsed, and the Garrison continued to make a vigorous Defence.

Paris, July 26. Letters from Strasbourg of the 16th Instant give an Account, That the Marshal de Villeroy marched the 9th to Offenbourg, where he was still encamped: He had sent a Detachment of 500 Horse and 2400 Foot to Hornberg, to join the Marshal de Tallard, who was arrived there with the Forces under his Command; and had on the 15th detached the Marquis of Hautefort with 4 Regiments of Horse, 10 Battalions of Foot, and 14 Pieces of Cannon, to attack Villingen.

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