

# The London Gazette.

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Oxford, January 1.

**T**HIS day, in Demonstration of the Joy of this University for the Glorious Successes of the Arms of Her Majesty and Her Allies the last Campaign, a Publick Play was held on that Occasion in our Theater, consisting of Verses, Spoken by young Noblemen and Gentlemen, on the following Themes: *Viz. Strenue Oxonienses; Carolo-Torinus Hospes; Glades Hoefstadiensis; Bavarus Profugus; Germania Restituta; Mariburitus Germanicus; Fœdus Lusitanum; Calpe Expugnata; Imperium Pelagi Prolatum; Rookius Italia Major; Landina Recepta; Mercurius Parisiensis; Academia.*

**S. James's, Jan. 4.** This day Dr. Delaune Vice-Chancellor of Oxford, accompanied by several of the Heads of Houses, Professors, and other Principal Members of the University, appeared for that purpose, attended Her Majesty with a Copy of the Speeches and Verses which were spoke in the Theater on New-Year's-day, and presented the same to Her Majesty, together with the following Address, being introduced by Mr. Secretary Harley.

To the **QUEEN's** Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, of the University of Oxford.

May it please Your Majesty,

**W**E Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, of the University of Oxford, humbly beg Leave to present to Your Majesty the Exercises performed in our Theatre on New-Year's-Day, in Honour of your Success of Your Majesty's Arms the last Year in Germany, under the admirable Conduct, and invincible Courage, in Grace the Duke of Marlborough; and at Sea, under Your Majesty's brave and faithful Admiral Sir George Rooke: Actions as glorious as they are Glorious; by which the Empire is freed from the Power of France, and Treachery of Bavaria; Charles the Third of Spain possessed of the strong Hold of Gibraltar, a safe Passage of his speedy Settlement in his Kingdoms; Trade and Commerce in the Mediterranean secured to Your Subjects in Asia; and the greatest Check that was ever given to the ambitious Designs of France.

We humbly presume, Madam, That the Sincerity of our Congratulations will not be questioned by Your Majesty, who knows our Security advances equally with Your Majesty's Greatness and Power.

As it is not our Interest so much as our inviolable Loyalty, which obliges us to put up our constant Prayers to God, that he will be pleased still to reward Your Majesty's pious Care and Condescension to the Established Church, by the Continuance of Victory to the Arms; That at the Beginning of every New-Year Your Majesty may look back upon the last with as much Satisfaction as You are at present.

Which Address Her Majesty was pleased to receive most graciously, and to return the following Answer.

Mr. Vice-Chancellor,

Desire you will let the University know how kindly I take the Evidence of their Zeal: And as they may be assured of My Protection, so I will not doubt of their Care to encourage those Principles which will promote the Peace and Welfare of all My Subjects.

**Paris, Dec. 27. N. S.** The Imperial Forces under Count Leiningen, as also the French Troops Comman-

ded by the Grand Prior, continue in the same Posts. The former have lately made a great Forage, and are in a readiness to march as soon as they have received a considerable Reinforcement which they expect from Germany; whereof four Regiments are already advanced as far as the County of Lodrone, and the rest are following with all possible Expedition.

**Vienna, Dec. 31.** Prince Eugene of Savoy arrived here yesterday from Bavaria, having regulated the Quarters for the Forces which are to Winter in that Electorate, and put Garisons into all the strong Places there, which have been evacuated by the Bavarian Forces, in pursuance of the Treaty lately concluded with the Electors. They write from Buda, That a Body of the Malecontents lately attempted in the night to surprize the Town of Pest, on the other side of the Danube; but being timely discovered, the Garison and Burghers obliged them to retire, after an obstinate Fight which lasted 3 hours. It is reported, That General Heister marched the 26th instant towards Tirnau, to attack a great Body of the Malecontents, who lay within half a League of that Place, and gave them a considerable Defeat, the Enemy retiring with such Precipitation, that they left behind them all their Cannon, which they had before nailed up, having lost a great number of Men, and several Standards; and that the City of Tirnau had afterwards submitted to him: Of all which we must expect a more certain and a particular Account.

**Francfort, January 7.** The French are very quiet in their Quarters, their Horse being in so ill a Condition, that they cannot make Excursions as they did the last Year; and they apply themselves at present wholly to the fortifying and strengthening of their Lines, and to the augmenting of the Fortifications of the Town of New Brisac. The Count de Frife, Governor of Landau, is repairing the Fortifications of that Place, and levelling the Trenches and other Works which the Germans had cast up against it during the late Siege. Orders are also given for putting Weissenbourg and Lauterbourg into a posture of Defence.

**Hamburgh, January 9. N. S.** The Hereditary Prince of Hesse-Cassel came the 5th instant to Berlin, with the Princess his Wife, who is Daughter to the King of Prussia. The King of Poland arrived at Leipsig the first instant from Dresden, and the Queen is also come thither. They write from Cracow, That Prince Lubomirski, Great Marshal of the Crown, the Bishop of Culm, the Palatine of Ruffeland, and several other Persons of Note, were come into the Neighbourhood of that Place, in order to be present at a great Council which his Majesty had Summoned to meet the beginning of this Month. It is said, That several of the Bishops in Poland have excused themselves from Crowning the new King Sranislaus, upon the strict Commands which the Pope has laid upon them to the contrary. The Muscovites in Livonia make Preparations, in order, as is said, to attack Riga this Winter; and if they can possess themselves of that Place, to make an Irruption into Courland, and oblige the Swedish Forces in that Dutchy to retire from thence.

Hague,