

and after the day of the date of publication in the London Gazette of any Order of Your Majesty in Council ratifying this Scheme the boundaries of the said parishes of East Rainton and Hetton le Hole shall be altered in the manner described in the Schedule and delineated on the map annexed to this Scheme.

“THE SCHEDULE.

“The territory to be annexed to the parish of East Rainton being:—

“All that part (coloured pink on the map annexed hereto) of the parish of Hetton le Hole which lies to the west of an imaginary line commencing at a point on the boundary which divides the parish of East Rainton from the parish of Hetton le Hole at the northwestern end of the wall or fence which forms the western boundary of close numbered 288 and continuing thence generally southwards along the last mentioned wall or fence to its end and continuing thence in a straight line southwards across the Murton, Durham and Elvet Branch railway line of British Railways (North Eastern Region) to the northern end of the wall or fence which forms the western boundary of close numbered 263 and continuing thence southwards along the last mentioned wall or fence to its end and continuing thence in the same straight line to a point in the middle of Moorsley Road and continuing thence northeastwards along the middle of Moorsley Road to a point opposite the northern end of the wall or fence forming the western boundary of the house and premises known as No. 28 Coalbank Terrace and continuing thence southwards to and along the walls or fences forming the western boundaries of the houses and premises known as Nos. 28 to 50 Coalbank Terrace and along the walls or fences forming the western boundaries of closes numbered 243, 570 and 585 to the boundary which divides the parish of Hetton le Hole from the parish of Pitlington.”

“And whereas the provisions of the New Parishes Measure, 1943, relating to the preparation and submission of this Scheme, have been duly complied with:

And whereas the said Scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said Scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately upon the publication of this Order in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Measure.

And Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Durham.

W. G. Agnew.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of November, 1956.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Church Commissioners have duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a Scheme bearing date the 16th day of November, 1956, in the words and figures following, that is to say:—

“We the Church Commissioners, acting in pursuance of the Pastoral Reorganisation Measure, 1949, and the Union of Benefices Measures, 1923 to 1952, now humbly lay before Your Majesty in Council the following Scheme which we have prepared with the consent of the Right Reverend William, Bishop of Salisbury (in witness whereof he has signed the Scheme), for effecting the union of the benefice of Broughton Gifford and the benefice of Great Chalfield both situate in the diocese of Salisbury.

“SCHEME

“1. *Union of Benefices.* The benefice of Broughton Gifford and the benefice of Great Chalfield shall be permanently united and form one benefice with cure of souls under the style of ‘The United Benefice of Broughton Gifford and Great Chalfield’, but the parishes of the said benefices shall continue in all respects distinct.

“2. *Taking effect of union.* Upon the day when any Order of Your Majesty in Council affirming this Scheme is published in the London Gazette the union shall forthwith take effect and the Reverend John

Chudleigh Way if he is then incumbent of the said benefice of Great Chalfield shall, with his consent (testified by his signature hereto), be the first incumbent of the united benefice.

“3. *Parsonage House.* Upon the union taking effect the parsonage house at present belonging to the benefice of Broughton Gifford shall be the house of residence of the incumbent of the united benefice.

“4. *Patronage.* In every series of three turns of presentation or nomination to be made to the united benefice after the union has taken effect, the patron of the benefice of Broughton Gifford shall have the first and second turns and the patron of the benefice of Great Chalfield shall have the third turn.”

And whereas the provisions of the Union of Benefices Measures, 1923 to 1952, the Union of Benefices Rules, 1926 and 1930, and the Pastoral Reorganisation Measure, 1949, relating to the preparation and submission of this Scheme have been duly complied with:

And whereas the said Scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to affirm the said Scheme and to order that it shall be and become effectual in law immediately upon the publication of this Order in the London Gazette.

W. G. Agnew.

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

St. James's Palace, S.W.1.

4th December, 1956.

The QUEEN has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following appointment to the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire for leadership and courage of a high order when fighting a forest fire in the Paphos District of Cyprus on 17th June, 1956:—

To be an Additional Member of the Military Division of the said Most Excellent Order:—

Captain Richard Francis Gerard MEADOWS. Royal Marines, 45 Commando, Royal Marines.

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

St. James's Palace, S.W.1.

4th December, 1956.

The QUEEN has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following appointment to the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, in recognition of distinguished service in Cyprus:—

To be an Additional Member of the Military Division of the said Most Excellent Order:—

Lieutenant Stanley Graham SUTTON, M.B. (444090) Royal Army Medical Corps.

On the 17th June, 1956 a disastrous forest fire in the Paphos Area of Cyprus trapped a considerable number of troops many of whom lost their lives or suffered severe injury as a result of the flames. Hearing that some soldiers had been burned Lieutenant SUTTON gallantly drove towards the scene along a mountain track in his Land Rover ambulance. He was caught by part of the fire which, sweeping across the track, forced him to take refuge in a small patch of shale and completely destroyed his vehicle and equipment. Undeterred by this and in spite of burns on his right arm he pressed forward on foot to the assistance of the injured men. He attempted to go for help using a stranded vehicle but was again cut off by the flames whereupon he once more returned to the injured on foot. With the help of other survivors, he got water from a spring and tried to salvage another vehicle to move his cans of water. Equipment of this vehicle was on fire, so he returned to the wounded on foot with a jerrican of water. After a second narrow escape in the fire, he continued to treat and move burned soldiers until they had all been evacuated.

Having been burned himself and lost all his medical equipment in his first contact with the fire, for five hours he moved about in the burning area succouring the wounded. He did his duty with complete disregard for his own safety and burns. His brave conduct and devotion to his duty was beyond praise.