

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority

From Thursday, October 28. to Monday, November 1. 1669.

Swansey, October 22.

**O**N Tuesday last a Ketch of *Plymouth* and a Bark called the *Cherubin of Barnstable* coming in here and having passed the Bar, was by the violence of the weather forced upon the Banks on the other side the River, and the same night beaten in pieces, the men escaping; several wrecks have been lately seen to the Westwards.

*Falmouth, Octob. 25.* The 22 instant came in here the *Freedom of London* from *Malaga*, her lading Salt, telling us that the Vintage of those parts has been exceedingly spoiled by extraordinary Rains. The next day arrived the *Virgin of Weymouth*, with Three or Four other ships laden with Wines from *Bordeaux*, and one other ship of *London* with Wines from *Nantes*.

*Cracovie, Octob. 5.* On Sunday morning last, being *St. Michaels* day, His Majesty went to the Cathedral in the Castle to His Coronation, through an extraordinary Throng of People: The Arch-Bishop of *Gnesne*, who, as Primate of the Kingdom, was Principally concerned in the performance of that Ceremony, was seated by the High-Altar in his Pontifical Habit, and by him the Bishop of *Cusavie*, *Cracovie*, *Plesca*, *Premisla*, *Culme*, *Kiovie*, *Ludowic*, *Camenietz* and *Posnanie*. Upon the Altar were 3 Cushions of Cloth of Gold, on which were placed the Crown, Scepter, and the Diadem, and by them lay the Sword. The Bishops were placed in a Semi circle before the Altar; on the Epistle-side within the Quire, against the Wall, was a Cloth of State, with an Oratory for the King, and in the midst of the Quire before the Altar was Erected a Throne, and over it a Canopy of State for that Ceremony. About 10 of the Clock His Majesty came into the Church, preceded by the Officers of His Houle, and many Senators and Principal Noble-Men, and was at the Door received by the Bishop of *Kiovie*, who gave him the *Holy-water*, and the Bishop of *Cracovie*, in their Pontifical Habits, attended by all the Canons of the Church. The King being entred took His Seate on the side of the Quire, and immediately Masse began with the Ceremonies of the Coronation, according to the Printed Ceremonial. As soon as His Majesty had put on His Royal Habits, He was by the Bishops of *Cusavie* and *Cracovie* attended to the Throne in the midst of the Quire, where the Crown was put upon His Head, with a general Acclamation of all the Assembly, and immediately a Distribution was made of several Coppies of Printed-Pieces composed in Praise of the King, and at the same time the Grand-Treasurer flung a great Number of Medalls amongst the People. This Ceremony ending, the Feast attended His Majesty in the Hall, where a Throne was Erected, with a Table Raised 5 Steps above all the rest for His Majesty, at whose Right Hand were placed the Popes Nuncio, and the Emperors Ambassador, and on His Left the Duchesse the Kings Mother, and the said Ambassadors Lady; below this Throne was a Table, where were Entertained about 48 Ladies of the Greatest Quality; and, on the other side of the Hall was another long Table, at which were plac'd about 50 Persons Bishops, Senators, and other Lords; but the Arch-Bishop of *Gnesne* thought fit to absent himself, to prevent all Disturbances with Publick Ministers about Precedency.

The next day His Majesty rode in State to the Great Place of the City, where was erected a Scaffold cover'd with Scarlet, and on it a Throne with a Cloth of State of red Velvet for

His Majesty: the Order of the Cavalcade was as followeth. First Marched a Company of Lances of about 90 Persons, 30 of them Persons of Quality, each of them excellently mounted and habited, and attended by 2 Gentlemen, they went all alike Armed, with Back, Breast and Poy, and a great Tigers Skin upon the left shoulder, only the Attendants distinguished by 2 great Wings of Black Feathers fastned to their Backs. After these followed 200 of the Nobles well mounted, and richly Clad. Then 2 Trumpeters in the Kings Livery, followed by the Senators and other great Lords, to the number of about 60 Persons, and amongst them the 3 Brothers of Prince *Lubomirsky*, who in gallantry much surpassed all the rest, except only the Standard-bearer who was covered with Jewels. Before the Standard rode the Bishop of *Posnanie*, and the Vice-Chancellor of *Poland*, preceded by 4 Lords, each of them bearing a Cushion of Cloth of Gold in his left hand, whereon were borne the Crown, the Scepter, the Diadem, and the Sword; After the Standard came the Emperours Ambassadors, attended by 6 Pages and 20 Footmen in Rich Liveries, and next the Grand-Treasurer, all the way casting Medalls amongst the People. Then came His Majesty richly Clad, and adorned with the Crown-Jewels, before whose Horse marched 12 Pages in their Rich Liveries, and about Him 12 Halberdiers, with Caskocks of the Kings Colour, and 8 rich Halbers; after them His Majesties Guard of Launces well mounted and Equippe'd, and then 12 of the Kings Footmen in Livery, and a Rich Coach of His Majesties. In this Order His Majesty Rode to the Grand-Place, where, having Ascended the Throne, He put on the Royal Robes, and took His Seat, before whom the Consuls and Citizens of *Cracovie*, after a Solemn Speech made upon that Occasion, took the Oath of Allegiance and Fidelity, which done, His Majesty made 12 Knights, 4 of them Citizens of *Cracovie*, 2 of *Dantzick*, 2 of *Thorne*, 2 of *Warsaw*, and 2 Strangers, one of them a Nephew of *Copernicus* the Famous Mathematician, the other the Sieur *Giralamo Brunetti*, Major-Domo to Prince *Lubomirsky*. This ended, the King putting off His Regalia went into a House near the Place, where, with the Duchesse His Mother he was diverted with Excellent Fireworks. That Day the City of *Cracovie* made His Majesty a Present of 1000 Ducats in Gold, and the Jewes of the Town the like, which Example will be followed by *Dantzick*, and all the other Cities of this Kingdom, according to their abilities.

*Rome, Octob. 18.* The Squadron of the Popes Gallies are daily expected at *Civita Vecchia*, since whose departure with the rest of the Auxiliaries, the Venetian General has been forced to surrender the long B.-sieged Town of *Candia*, upon more Honourable Terms then could easily have been expected from an Enemy whose losses have been so great before the place, and his hopes raised so high upon the desertion of the French, to which the Venetians impute the loss of the place, which otherwise might in probability have made a much longer defence.

There is lately arisen a dispute between the Pope and the Governour of *Milan*, the occasion this: The Pope having some time since been informed of several Convents of disorderly Monks in the Duchy of *Milan*, was pleased to give order for their suppression, allowing some small Annual Pension for the maintenance of the pient Religious persons of the said Convents during their lives, designing to employ the Revenues of these dissolved Convents to the assistance of the Republick of *Venice* in their Wars against

the Turks; this the Governour of *Milan* opposed, affirming the disposal thereof, did of Right belong to His Catholic Majesty his Master, the Pope much dissatisfied with this unexpected opposition, Orders the Cardinal *de Lissa* the Archbishop to pronounce the Church Censures against his opposers, and sent several Officers to collect and dispose of the said Revenues; those Officers were seized on by the Governours Order, who also gave the Cardinal to understand, that if he persisted in this practice, he should be forced to send him into *Spain* to answer it before the King: the Pope highly exasperated by this procedure, has sent his Complaints to his Nuncio at *Madrid*, of which we may expect the issue.

*Don Pedro d' Arragon*, Viceroy of *Naples* having ordered some Companies to harrasse some parts of the Countrey about *Abruzzo*, which was wont to give Reception and Entertainment to the Banditti; the Bishop of that place (though offered equivalent satisfaction) opposed it as injurious to his Revenue; whereupon the Viceroy summoned him to appear at the Chamber-Royal at *Naples*, but the Bishop appealing to the Pope, has refused to obey the Citation.

The Viceroy having thought fit to Levy a Tax upon the seacoasts for their defence, the Bishops who were mostly concerned in those Lands opposed the said Levy, and made their complaints to the Pope, who wrote a severe Letter to the Viceroy, and encouraged the Bishops to persevere in their opposition: the Pope has since farther declared his dissatisfaction, saying that he will not confirm the promotion of the Spanish Cardinal till he have full satisfaction given him both from *Milan* and *Naples*.

The Count *de Prado*, Ambassador Extraordinary from the Prince Regent of *Portugal*, is this day arrived in Extraordinary Pomp and State, and has this Evening a private Audience from the Pope.

*Legorn*, *Octob. 21.* The 16th Instant arrived the *Submission Ketch* from *Foy*, and yesterday the *Falmouth Merchant*, both of them laden with Pilchards; here is also come in the *Phoenix* in 8 days from *Tunis*, advising us that two English *Frigats* had been lately there and were passed thence to *Tripoly*, to Land and settle there a Consul, intending to return by *Messina* and this Port for Convoys to our Merchant ships; farther telling us, that *Sir Thomas Alton* continues before *Algier*, and had forced on shoar and afterwards burnt one of their men of War of 30 Guns, but the Turks escaped all of them to land; and that at *Tunis* the people were ordered to make great and publick rejoycings which were to continue for a whole Moon, for the surrender of *Candia* to the Grand Visier.

*Venice*, *Octob. 26.* On Saturday last the Senate ordered that speedy notice should be given to all Princes of Christendom, especially such as are most concerned with them in the affairs of *Candia*, of the peace lately made with the Turks, of which they advised the several Ministers residing in this City.

On Monday last the French Ambassador went to the Colledge to make his Compliments of Condolency for the surrender of the place, and of Congratulation for the Honourable Articles of the Peace, which were the same evening they arrived, approved of by the Votes of the whole Senate, Three only excepted, and their Ratification dispatched away to the Captain-General. *Signior Cavalier Molino* is since cholen to be sent Ambassador Extraordinary to the Grand Signior, with an ample Ratification of the said peace, with a Present of Cloth of Gold for himself, and a considerable sum of Moneys for Presents to his Ministers.

Orders are sent to the Captain-General not to dismiss as yet any ships from his service, but to attend for the security and transportation of our forces from *Candia*, whose Conduct was committed to *Monsieur de St. Andre Montbrun*, and 21 Gallies and all the Galeasses lay ready to receive them; the Generalissimo was departed thence for *Standia*, having left *Signior Pattaaglia*, Proveditor General of the Forts and Islands of that Kingdom which remain still in our possession.

The Proveditor General of the Three Islands has by a severe Edict forbid all Armed Brigantines and other vessels to go abroad for prizes, and has sent his Compliments upon the peace to his Neighbour *Bassas* on the Continent, desiring the restoration of Commerce.

*Paris*, *Nov. 6.* On Saturday last the Turkish Minister having been conducted from *Fountainbleau* to *Iffy*, two Leagues distant from this City, the place appointed for his entertainment during his continuance in those parts, was from thence brought to an Audience at *Surenne* from *Monsieur de Lionne*, who sitting on a Couch, after the mutual salutes after the Turkish manner by touching only the Hat and Turban; *Monsieur de Lionne* received his Letters of Credence, from which he told him, he could not collect his Character as Ambassador, but only as Envoy; to which the Turkish Minister answered, that he had other Letters but was Commanded on pain of his head, not to deliver them but into the hands of the Emperour of the French (as he filed His Majesty) with which, *Monsieur de Lionne* promising to acquaint His Majesty, the Audience ended.

The Bishop of *Besceze* intends about the end of this week to set forwards on his voyage for *Spain* with the Character of Ambassador, and with him is to goe the *Sieur de Gourville* as Envoye from the Prince of *Condé*.

From *Heidelberg* we have Letters of the 21<sup>st</sup> past advising, that the Treaty is in all points of difficulty concluded between the Prince Elector Palatine and the Duke of *Lorraine*, and that the House of *Nassau* is willing to accept of an equivalent offered for the Town of *Hombourg*, which is believed may conduce much to the union of the Princes of *Germany*, whose Deputies are met at *Heidelberg*, but may in little time adjourn to *Cologne*.

*Yarmouth*, *Octob. 26.* On Monday last upon the mistake or negligence of a Fisherman, two ships laden, one with Deals and Raft, and the other a Fly-boat with Pitch, Tarr, and Iron, ran upon the Sand called the *Newark*, lying about Four miles off from this place, where they were cast away, but the men happily escaped, excepting only the Mate, Cook, and one Boy which perished with the Fly-boat.

*Deal*, *Octob. 28.* The Town of *Diepe* continues to be severely visited with the Plague, by reason whereof, a stop is put to all Entercourse with that place, and His most Christian Majesty the better to prevent the spreading of the Infection in the Neighbourhood, has Commanded Two Companies of Foot and one Troop of Horse to lie near the Town to keep in the Inhabitants. The Infection is also broken out in *Callise*. One House in *Dover* is said to be also infected and shut up, but great care is used to prevent its farther spreading.

#### Advertisements.

The unreasonableness of ATHEISME made manifest, in a Discourse to a person of Honour, By *Sir Charles Wolfeley Baronet*, the 2d Edition Revised and Enlarged by the Author, Sold by *Nathaniel Ponder* at the Peacock in Chancery Lane, price bound 2s 6d.

The Officers of the Receipt of His Majesties Exchequer having paid the 1153 Order, Registered on the 26<sup>th</sup> for the 1250000 l., shall proceed to the payment of the ensuing Orders to that number as the remain of that Tax and the remain of the First Month of the Eleven Months Tax shall come in.

They have also paid the 1344th Order on the 26<sup>th</sup> for the Eleven Months Tax, and shall proceed to pay the subsequent Orders as the Money shall be brought in.

They have also paid the 144th Order Registered on the Country Excise, And 40000 l. in part of the First Order, Registered on the Hearth-Money,