

# The London Gazette.

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From Monday August 20. to Thursday August 23. 1705.

Vienna, August 15. N. S.

**O**N the 13th Instant Lieutenant-Colonel Uffelen arrived here with the Confirmation of the Action mentioned in our last, to have happened between the Imperialists and the Malecontents on Tuesday the 11th, between Bibersberg and Purmoritz, not far from Tirnau; of which he gives the following Account.

The Imperialists having left 5000 Men in the Island of Schurr, under the Command of General Schlick, to guard their Bridges and Bagage, Field-Marshal Erbeville marched from thence with 8000 Men to Leopoldstad; and being arrived there without meeting with any Opposition, he refreshed the Garrison, and supplied it with Provisions for several Months. In his return, he found the Malecontents had passed the Waag at Schintza, and were come on this side Szeret; whereupon he marched towards them, and engaged them about five in the Afternoon. After an Hour and half's Dispute the Hungarian Horse were routed, and their Polpatzes or Foot escaped into a Wood behind them. The Imperialists are said to have had about 200 Men killed and wounded; among the latter is General Viard. On the side of the Hungarians 400 Men were killed, and Colonel Orzkai is said to be of that Number. Our Men carried off 12 Pieces of Cannon, 12 more were taken, 8 whereof were thrown into a Morais, and the rest, with several Wagons laden with Provisions and Ammunition, were destroyed for want of Horses to draw them away. The Imperialists encamped on the Field of Bartel that Night, and the next Day continued their march towards the Island of Schurr, where all things are preparing for their passing into the Upper Hungary, in order to prevent the Designs of the Malecontents upon the Province of Transilvania. Yesterday the Emperor's Pleasure, was, by Count Wallensteyn, Great Marshal of the Court, notified to the Pope's Nuncio, That he should depart from Vienna in four days; whereupon he immediately dispatched an Express to Rome, and intends in a day or two to remove to a Country-House about half a League from this Place, and to expect there the Pope's further Orders. His Imperial Majesty has appointed Prince Herculant to be his Ambassador to the Republick of Venice, in the room of Count Berka, who is recalled; and Count Castellbarco, to be his Envoy to the Duke of Savoy, in the place of Count Aversberg, who lately died at Turin. Monsieur Alenclo, Envoy from the States General, arrived here last Night; and the Earl of Sunderland, Envoy Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from Her Majesty of Great Britain, is expected here in 4 or 5 days.

*Frankfurt, Aug. 23.* We have just now Advice, That the Enemy have repass'd the Rhine, having abandoned their Camp at Rechen, though it was very advantageous. The 20th our Army returned to their Lines at Stollhoffen; and Prince Lewis is gone back to Raftar, where he is making his Preparations to follow the Enemy. The Prussian Troops have received their Orders from the King of Prussia to march towards Braubach.

*From his Grace the Duke of Marlborough's Camp at Ra- we, August 27. N. S.* Yesterday the two Armies commanded by my Lord Duke of Marlborough and Monsieur d'Auverquerque marched from Corbais and Mount St. Hubert, and encamped together, with the Right near this Place, and the Left at Perwyz. His Grace received last night a Letter from Prince Eugene, dated at Treviglio the 17th Instant, with an Account, That he had the day before attacked the Enemy, and gained a very considerable Advantage, having killed great numbers of them, and taken many Prisoners, Standards and Colours. The Relation which his Highness has sent of this Action is in Substance as follows.

On the 10th Instant the Imperial and Confederate Army, under the Command of Prince Eugene, marched from Romanengo with all possible Secrecy and Expedition; and by the 12th was advanced as far as

Conceso and Trefo, having gained two days March of the Enemy. We designed to have passed the Adda between those two Places; but, contrary to our Expectation, finding the River unpassable there, Orders were given for viewing it some Miles higher; and those who were sent, reporting, that there was a convenient Passage, 11 small Boats were sent before, with other things requisite for making a Bridge; the Care whereof was committed to Major-General Scillen, who had with him all the Granadiers belonging to the Army, 1000 Fuziliers, and two Regiments of Dragoons. This Detachment arrived there before Day-light; but by the reason of the breaking of some Wagons and other unforeseen Accidents, our Boats did not arrive till noon: However the rest of our Army coming up, and the Enemy's Lines along the Adda being but slenderly guarded, we beat them from their Intrenchments; and having taken Post on the Banks of the River, began to make our Bridge: But here another Misfortune befel us, our Boats were too small to oppose the Violence of the Stream, which is very rapid in this Place; and it was 5 in the afternoon before we had fastened 3 of them together; so that the Enemy had time to get Reinforcements from all Parts, the Duke of Vendosme coming thither himself, with several Regiments, who posted some of his Troops upon the rising Grounds, and planted there some Batteries of Field-Pieces: Yet we continued our Bridge; which being finished the 14th, but not being strong enough to bear either our Horse or Artillery, besides that the Ground on the other side would have been extremely disadvantageous to us, Orders were given on the 15th, that the Army should return to our former Camp at Brembato; and the better to conceal our March, we made a shew of fortifying our Bridge; and Major-General Stilleh was left behind with the Granadiers and 1000 Fuziliers, who had Orders to break down the Bridge in the night, and then to rejoin the Army with his Detachment and with the Artillery. Accordingly the 16th by break of day the Army began to march in two Columns towards Trevilio; and our Vanguard, commanded by Baron Riedt, being arrived there, met with the Enemy's Foragers, of whom they killed several, and took many Prisoners, together with a great number of Horses and Mules. The Prisoners gave us to understand, that the Grand Prior was at Cassano, on this side the Adda, with 20 Battalions and 30 Squadrons, being advantageously posted between that River and an unpassable Canal that lay in his Front. The Army thereupon continued its March, with a Resolution to attack the Enemy; and being come into the great Road that leads from Trevilio to Cassano, did there draw up in order of Battle. The Attack began about half an hour past one in the afternoon, and was very warm; and having gained a Bridge on our Right over the Canal called the Ritorta, over which part of our Forces marched, the rest passed through the Water, though it was up to their Neck; and we forced the Enemy to retire, and drove some of them into the Water. The Enemy rallied, and beat us back again; but our Men charging them a second time, retook the Bridge, which part of them making use of, and the rest passing through

through the Water as before, we drove the Enemy quite to the other side of the Adda, and put them into so great a Confusion, that their Dragons dismounted, and turning their Horses loose, which fell to our share, got into their Works at the head of their Bridge over-against Cassano. While this was doing on the Right, our Left Wing had also made a very vigorous Attack, and some of the Enemy's Battalions seemed to be yielding; but observing that our Right Wing could not support the Left, because their Arms and Powder had been wet in passing the Water, they began to fire afresh; and we could not beat them from their Post, which was covered by two Canals, though our Troops did cross the first, and attempted the second, which being very deep, proved unpassable. We halted between these two Canals 3 hours, notwithstanding the Enemy fired very briskly both with great and small Arms, from the head of their Bridge, and from the Castle of Cassano. Orders were then given to repair the first Canal, and to march to this Camp, which we did accordingly. The Bravery of our Troops cannot be sufficiently commended, who surmounting all Difficulties arising from the Disposition of the Ground they fought in, besides the great Fire of the Enemy, which was in a manner incredible, defeated them, notwithstanding they had all the Advantages they could desire, as well as that of Numbers; for the Duke of Vendosme, and most of the Troops he had with him, had joined them a little before the Battle. We know not yet the number of the Slain and Wounded on either side, only that of our Generals, Count Leiningen, General of our Horse, was killed; and that among the Wounded are reckoned, our General, Prince Eugene, who received a slight Wound behind his right Ear; the Count of Raventlaw, Lieutenant-General; and Prince Joseph of Lorraine, and Prince Alexander of Wirtemberg, Generals of Battalia. We were Masters during the Engagement of 3 Pieces of Cannon, but could not bring them away for want of Horses. We took a great number of Horses and Mules, great part of their Baggage, and many Standards and Colours; besides which we saw greater quantities lost in the Adda. The Prisoners we already know to be taken are very numerous, and more are hourly brought in. We must refer you to our next Letters for further Particulars.

My Lord Duke intends to morrow to make Rejoycings for this Success.

*Hague, August 28. N. S.* Letters from Hamburg give an Account of the Death of the Duke of Cell, who died suddenly: He was in the 71<sup>st</sup> Year of his Age. They write from Paris, That the Marquis de Senneterre arrived at Marli the 23<sup>d</sup> Instant, being sent Express by the Duke of Vendosme, with an Account of the Engagement between Prince Eugene and him, which happened on the 16<sup>th</sup>. The French, according to their Custom, relate this Action to their Advantage; yet they own that the Duke of Vendosme was wounded, and had a Horse killed under him; that the Marquis de Pralin, Lieutenant-General, was dangerously wounded; and that a great number of their Officers, some of them Persons of Note, were killed.

*Plymouth, August 17.* Two of Her Majesty's Ships came in here the 15<sup>th</sup> Instant, with divers English and Dutch Merchant-men under their Convoy. The same Day came in Her Majesty's Ships the Mary and Windsor, as did also a Spanish Privateer of 8 Guns, which had been taken by a Dutch Privateer called the Eendraught.

*Bristol, August 18.* This Evening came in the Truelove of this Port from St. Malo. The late Storm has done very little Damage in these Parts.

*Deale, August 20.* Two Privateers, one Belonging to Dover, the other to Rye, brought in here last Night as Prize an English-built Ketch, formerly taken by the French: She is laden with Salt, and was re-taken off of Blacknefs.

If any Able-bodied Men are willing to serve Her Majesty in the Train of Artillery abroad, let them repair to Captain Silver, Master-Gunner of England, at his House in St. James's-Park,

they shall enter into present Pay of Seven Shillings a week, and be further encouraged and advanced as they shall deserve.

The Commissioners for Victualing Her Majesty's Navy give Notice, That on Wednesday the 29<sup>th</sup> Instant, and on the Monday following, in the Forenoons, they will be ready to receive Proposals, and treat with such Persons as are willing to furnish Bay-Salt for Her Majesty's Service, at the Ports of London, Dover, Portsmouth and Plymouth.

By the Principal Commissioners for Prizes. ON Wednesday the 5<sup>th</sup> of September next, (besides what has already been published in the Gazerre of the 20<sup>th</sup> Instant) will be exposed to publick Sale by the Candle, at Salters-Hall in St. Smith's-Lane, London, the Ship Belle Brune of Havreden-grace, Burden about 70 Tuns, with her Cargo of Salt; and the Ship St. John Baptist, Burden about 25 Tuns; both lying at Plymouth; as also the Carkuire Maurice, Burden about 90 Tuns, with her Cargo of Brown Sugar and Ginger, lying at Falmouth. Allotments of which will be finely printed and dispersed.

Advertisements.

FOR Sale by the Candle, at the Marine Coffee-house in Birch-lane, on Thursday the 30<sup>th</sup> Instant, at 3 in the afternoon, 120 Hogheads of new Red French Wines, viz. Pontac, Margose, Orian, &c. in 60 Lots, free of all Duties: To be seen in a Warehouse at Brewers Key Gate-way, N<sup>o</sup> 9. Also 80 Hogheads of ditto Wines, in 40 Lots, free of all Duties: To be seen in a Warehouse in Custom-house Key Gate-way, N<sup>o</sup> 130. Attendance will be given from Friday the 24<sup>th</sup> till the time of Sale. Catalogues may be had at the Outports-Office on the Royal Exchange, and at the Place of Sale.

MR. Henry Langly, who lately dwelt at Jacob's-Well near Bristol, is desired to give notice where he is to his Friend at Bristol, in order to receive his part of the Cowslip Brigantine Cargo, which is claimed by Isabella Norris.

A Plate Value 30 Guineas to be run for on Datchet Common near Windsor, on Wednesday the 26<sup>th</sup> of September, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, carrying to Stone, each Horse, Mare or Gelding, (not belonging to the Contributors) to pay two Guineas, and to be shown and entered at William Dear's at Datchet Common aforesaid, the day sevenight before they run.

This is to give notice, That the Plate designed to be run for on the Heats near Winton, on Wednesday the 29<sup>th</sup> of August, is put off till Monday the 3<sup>d</sup> of September; each Horse to carry 12 Stone, not to be above 7 years old, Gentlemen to ride, the Horses to be entered the day sevenight before they run. Likewise on Tuesday the 4<sup>th</sup> of September, will be run for on the aforesaid Heats, a Plate of 10 l. Value, each Horse to carry 10 Stone. And on Wednesday the 5<sup>th</sup> of September, will be run for on the aforesaid Heats, a Plate of 20 l. Value, each Horse to carry 10 Stone.

A Commission of Bankrupt being awarded against Francis and John Andre, late of London, Merchants, and Farmers; All Persons that owe them any Moneys, or that have any Goods or other Effects of theirs in their hands, are forthwith to pay and deliver the same to Mr. Bartholomew Midy, of London, Merchant, and Mr. George Monke, of Thames-street, London, Dyer, Assignees appointed by the Commissioners, or they will be sued.

A Commission of Bankrupt being awarded against Thomas Boteler, late of London, Merchant; All Persons that owe him any Money, or that have any Goods or Effects of his in their hands, are not to pay or deliver the same to any Person, but to such only as the Commissioners shall appoint: But they are desired forthwith to give Notice thereof to Mr. Peters, Attorney at Law, in Bow-Lane, London, one of the Commissioners.

STolen the 5<sup>th</sup> Instant, out of the Hon. Mr. Hill's House in Cleaveland Court, St. James's, one Silver Cup, holding 3 Pints, one Bason and Ewre, one pair of Candlesticks, one Porringer and Cover, two Salts, one Ladle, 12 Spoons, 12 Forks, 7 Tea-Spoons, 3 Silver-Hafted Knives, one pair of Glass and Gold Canisters, all with a Coat of Arms, viz. the Castle and Ermin. Whoever stops the same, and gives notice (so as they may be had again) to the said Mr. Hill, shall have 20 l. for the whole, or proportionable for any part.

RObert Wilborn, Apprentice, aged 22 years, of a middling Stature; pale lank Hair, leaning a little to his left Side, having on a Copper-colour'd Druggert Coat lin'd with yellowish Stuff; went away from his Master on Saturday the 18<sup>th</sup> Instant, on a bay Mare 14 hands high, 5 years old. All Persons are desired not to entertain him; And whoever gives notice of him to his Master, Henry Gerrard, Salesman, at the Three Celts the corner of Great Eastcheap, London, (so as he shall be delivered to him) shall receive a Guinea Reward, and reasonable Charges.

DEserted from Tilbury Fort, out of Captain Tho Glemham's Company, in the Hon. Col. Soame's Regiment of Foot, Matthias Howard, of Framingham in Suffolk, aged 38 years, about 5 foot 7 inches high, with short dark-brown Hair, thick set, and lisps a little when he talks; Likewise James Gayle, of the same Town, aged 20 years, about 5 foot 5 inches and half high, very well set, with brown lank Hair: They both run away in their Regimental Clothes. If they will return to their Garrison any time this Month, they shall be kindly received, and pardoned, or otherwise whoever secures them, and brings them to Tilbury-Fort, shall receive Three Guineas for each, of the Captain above-mentioned, and reasonable Charges.