

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday October 1. to Thursday October 4. 1705.

Turin, September 16. N. S.

THE 10th Instant the Duke de la Feuillade, having caused two Bridges to be made over the Doire, passed that River with a strong Guard and 4 Pieces of Cannon, in order to view the Ground on this side, and advanced so near to our main Guard, that they were obliged to retire under the Cannon of the Town. He ordered a Redoubt to be traced at the head of the two Bridges on this side the Doire, and afterwards returned to his Quarters. The 11th the Enemy received a great Convoy of Mortars, Bombs, &c. from Chivas, and, as we are told, a considerable Sum of Money from Milan. We had also an Account, That they had repaired their Bridge at Buffolini, ordered the Roads from their Camp to Sufa to be mended, and sent 400 Oxen thither to draw the Artillery they expect from that Town. The 12th we perceived that the Enemy were making several Redoubts and Intrenchments about their Camp, to prevent any Surprise from our Parties. Divers Deserters which came over to us this day gave an Account, that the 5 Battalions which went lately from Nice into Provence are on their March to join the Duke de la Feuillade, as also a Detachment of 500 Men from the Troops which are before Montmelian. We are told, that the Enemy's quitting Asti about a fortnight ago was the Effect of a Mistake in the Orders dispatched for that purpose, their Intention being to have abandoned Acqui, in the stead of which the Person who wrote those Orders inserted Asti. The Duke de Vendome and the Duke de la Feuillade were surprised when they heard of their Troops having abandoned that Place, and gave Orders that they should march back again, and repossess themselves of it, which 500 Men of the Militia of Montferrate, supported by two Regiments of Foot, endeavoured to do last week; but our Duke had already sent thither a Garison of 150 Foot; so the Enemy having no Cannon, were soon obliged to retire, and in their Retreat they committed great Disorders, and burnt several Country Houses. His Royal Highness has since sent 250 Horse towards Asti, to cover and support the Garison. The 14th the Enemy having erected a Battery of 4 Pieces of Cannon on the other side of the Doire, began to fire upon one of our Redoubts, in hopes to have disturbed our Workmen; but finding it was to no manner of purpose, they gave over; and their Artillery has been very silent ever since. They have finished the Redoubt that covers their two Bridges, and have placed four Pieces of Cannon there. We hear they have ordered 6000 Pioneers and 3000 Carts to be provided by the Inhabitants of the Milanese and Montferrate, to be employed in the Siege of this Place. The Sickness continues to rage in their Camp; and yesterday they sent 500 more of their sick and wounded Men down to Casal; besides which they have above 2000 sick still in their Camp. His Royal Highness has ordered the Towers of the Old Castle and Palace to be vaulted and trassled, to prevent the Effect of the Bombs in case of a Siege or Bombarding; and has given several Orders for the securing of the Houses in the Town, and appointed Commissaries in every quarter of the Town to see them put in execution. About 500 French who settled here since the last War were ordered to leave

the Town, and most of them are removed to Quieri, Montcullier, and Fossano. A Party of our Hussars being lately sent out towards Crescentino, fell in with 300 of the Enemy's Foot, who were marching thither: They placed themselves at the head of them, as if they had belonged to the same Party, and marching thus unsuspected till they came near to the Town, took their opportunity to get into the Meadows, and brought off about 30 Horses they found there, without suffering any Loss. The Prince of Piedmont is perfectly recovered of his late Indisposition, to the great Joy of this Court.

Vienna, Sept. 23. An Officer arrived here the 20th Instant from the Archbishop of Colocza, with Passes from Prince Ragorski for the Ministers of Her Majesty of Great Britain and the States General, who are to act as Mediators in the Negotiation for putting an End to the Troubles in Hungary, to repair to the Place of Treaty. The Imperial Army under the Command of General Herbeville having passed the Danube the 16th, to march towards Transilvania; the Chief of the Malecontents, who were met at Serzchin, have broke up their Assembly, and are gone to their respective Posts, in order to oppose the Imperialists. Yesterday the Emperor received the Homage of the States of the Lower Austria, which was performed with great Solemnity; and on this Occasion *To Deum* was sung, and our Cannon was thrice discharged, as were also the small Arms of our Garison, which was drawn out for that purpose. Monsieur Oberg, Envoy Extraordinary from the Elector of Hanover, who was sent hither to make the usual Compliments to the Emperor, in the Name of his Electoral Highness, upon his Imperial Majesty's Accession to the Throne, set out from hence last night for Ratisbon.

Breslaw, Sept. 26. Letters from Dresden give an Account, That the King of Poland had caused the Bishop of Ermland, one of the principal senators of that Kingdom, who was then at Dresden attending his Majesty, to be seized, upon the intercepting of some Letters, which made Discovery of some dangerous Correspondencies he held in Poland. His Majesty's Forces continued encamped at Guben; and it was said he would shortly put himself at the head of them, in order to march into Poland. The King of Sweden, according to the last Advices from thence, continued near Warsaw, with the main Body of his Troops. It was said that the Cardinal Primate persisted in his Refusal to perform the Ceremony of Crowning the new Elected King Stanislaus, or to concern himself with publick Affairs. The Garison of Mittau having surrendered to the Muscovites the 15th Instant upon Articles, was conducted to Riga. A Detachment of the Muscovite Troops was going to attack the Cattle of Bauske; but it is believed the Siege of Riga will not be undertaken by them this Year, the Czar having sent part of his Troops towards Grodno, and intending, as was said, to follow in Person with the rest of them, except a Body of 12000 Men, which was to be left in Courland, under the Command of Lieutenant-General Rosen.

Bern, Sept. 26. Letters from Milan of the 19th Instant say, that Prince Eugene had received a Reinforcement of 1800 Men and some Pieces of Cannon from Germany, and was expecting further Succours; which would enable him to attempt a second time to pass the Adda; and march to the Assistance of the Duke of Savoy.

Frankfort, Octob. 1. The Imperial Army under Prince Lewis, and the French Army commanded by the Marshal de Villars, continue in the same Camps, the former at Wierzhin, and the Enemy at Bischoen. A Detachment of the Imperial Forces, consisting chiefly of those of Prussia, Saxony, and Wirtemberg, under the Command of General Thungen, began the Siege of Haguenau the 28th past; and it is said, that after they have made themselves Masters of that Place, the Prussian and Wirtemberg Troops will be detached to attack Hombourg. The Circles of Franconia, Swabia and Bavaria, are to send Deputies to Ratisbon, to meet there the 19th Instant, in order to settle divers Matters relating to the Coin which is current in these Countries.

Hague