

The London Gazette.

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From Thursday January 31. to Monday February 4. 1705.

At the Court at St. James's, February 3. 1705.

PRESENT,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

UPON Reading this Day at the Board a Memorial from his Royal Highness Prince George of Denmark, Lord High Admiral; Her Majesty, by the Advice of Her Privy-Council, is pleased to Order, as it is hereby Ordered, That the Time limited by Her Majesty's late Proclamation, bearing Date the Eighteenth of December last, for granting several Rewards and Allowances therein mentioned, as of Her Majesty's Free Gift and Royal Bounty, to such Seamen and able Bodied Landmen, as shall between the Twentieth Day of December last, and the Eleventh of this Instant February, Voluntarily Enter themselves into Her Majesty's Service at Sea, as is Directed in the said Proclamation, be Prolonged, as the same is hereby Prolonged, to the First Day of March next, for a further Inducement to the said Seamen and able Bodied Landmen to come into the said Service; Whereof all Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, Chief Magistrates of Cities and Towns, Vice-Admirals, Captains and Commanders of Her Majesty's Ships, and other Commission Officers, and all others whom it may concern, are to take Notice and Govern themselves accordingly: And to that End Her Majesty's further Pleasure is, That this Order be forthwith Printed and Published in the Gazette.

JOHN POVEY.

Gibraltar, January 23. N. S. The Squadron of English Men of War commanded by Sir John Leake came into our Bay the 9th Instant, and failed again the 16th for Lisbon. Vice-Admiral Waffenaer, with the Squadron of Dutch Men of War under his Command, came in here 3 days ago, and will proceed on his Voyage to Lisbon with the next fair Wind. We have an Account by several Vessels which came lately from Malaga, That Alicant, and the greatest part of the Kingdom of Valencia, had declared for the Catholick King Charles III. That Major-General Ramos, Governor of Denia, had got together a great Body of Horse and Foot for his Majesty's Service; and that a Person of great Note, with a considerable number of other Persons from Castile, had joined his Catholick Majesty. The Damage which the Enemy had done to our Fortifications during the late Siege is in a great measure repaired; and we are adding some new Works to them, which will make this Town in a manner Impregnable. A small Body of Spanish Troops are encamped near this Place, but do not commit any Hostility against us: On the contrary, we have had several Interviews with them, and they appear disposed to come over to his Catholick Majesty's Interest.

Lisbon, Jan. 30. N. S. Sir William Jumper failed hence the 22d Instant with several English Men of War, and divers Merchant-men under their Convoy. Sir John Leake arrived the 27th, having been 13 Weeks in his Passage from Barcelona, and has brought in with him several Prizes, one of them very richly laden. He met with the three Ships that went out with Provisions for him near this Place, and sent them forward to meet the Dutch Squadron under the Command of Baron Waffenaer, which he had left in the Streights, judging that by this time Provisions would begin to grow scarce with them. Our Forces have been in Motion these 8 or 9 days towards Alentejo; the Earl of Galway is on his Departure for the Frontiers; and the necessary Preparations are making with all possible Diligence and Application for their taking the Field, in order to give the Enemy a powerful Diversion on that side, which will be of very great use towards facilitating the King of Spain's Progresses in Catalonia. We have no late Advices from thence.

Vienna, January 26. Prince Eugene arrived here the 21st Instant from Italy. Count Rechteren came to this

Place the same day from Tyrnau, but will return thither in three or four days with a Declaration from this Court, which (we hope) may have a good Effect on the Malecontents at the opening of their Assembly at Miskotz; in order whereunto, their Deputies set out from Tyrnau the 18th Instant. The Troubles of Bavaria are now composed, upon General Kirchbaum's having made a great Slaughter of the Peasants in 2 Rencontres: The remaining part of them have pray'd the Archbishop of Saltzbourg to intercede in their behalf, whose Chancellor had Audience of the Emperor 3 days ago to that purpose. The Suppressing of this Insurrection will very probably be a great Inducement to the Malecontents of Hungary to contribute their part towards restoring likewise the Tranquility of their Native Country, and bringing Matters to a friendly Composition.

Berne, January 30. We received an Account last week, which has since been confirmed, That 80000 Louis d'Ors had been seized in Tirol, which the French were transmitting to Bavaria, to be laid out in encouraging and supporting the Insurrection there. Monsieur Melarade, the Duke of Savoy's Envoy to the Swiss Cantons, set out this morning for Turin, from whence he is expected back again about 4 Months hence.

Berlin, Jan. 30. By Letters which came in this day from Poland, we have an Account, That the Swedish Army continued its March towards Pultawsk and Tikozy; and that the King of Poland had sent Orders to his Troops to retire from those Places upon the Approach of the Swedes, and to join him at Grodno, where he was drawing together his whole Army, with intent, as was thought, to give Battle to the Swedes.

Bransfort, Febr. 3. The Peasants in Bavaria, who had taken up Arms against the Emperor, being entirely dispersed, the Duke of Wirtemberg, who was to have commanded the Forces to be employed against them, is returned to Strugard; but those Forces are to remain some short time in that Electorate in Quarters of Refreshment. Both our Troops and those of the Enemy upon the Rhine continue very quiet in their Quarters. Our Forces which are posted near Fort Louis do still keep that Place very closely blocked up.

Paris, Febr. 5. The Duke of Vendome having obtained Leave to be absent from his Command for a Month, is shortly expected here from Italy. Our Letters from Spain give an Account, That the Duke of Anjou's Departure for Arragon was again put off: That since the Disorder which happened at Saragossa, the French had begun to fortify the Palace of the Inquisition there; and a Garrison would be left in that Place for the better keeping the Inhabitants in awe: That another Dispute had happened between the French and Spaniards at Carega, a small Town about 9 Leagues from Saragossa, where two French Battalions having been quartered, committed such Disorders, that the Inhabitants of that Place, and of the adjacent Country, took up Arms against them, and there was a sharp Action between them, wherein many of the French were killed: That the Conde de las Torres, who commands a Body of Spanish Forces in the Duke of Anjou's Service in Valencia, had attacked St. Matheo, and afterwards another Town that had declared for the King of Spain; but was repulsed in both Places: And some Advices add, That a considerable Reinforcement of English and Dutch Troops, and Miquelets, being sent from Catalonia towards Valencia, the Marshal de Tessé was thereupon marched that way to join the Conde de las Torres; but that he was under great Inconveniences for want of the necessary Magazines of Provisions and Ammunition.

Hague, Febr. 9. N. S. The French Troops on the Demer have made some Morions, as if they intended to attack Sout-Leeuwe; but they have not yet undertaken any thing. The Enemy have also been endeavouring