

The London Gazette.

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From **Thursday August 8.** to **Monday August 12.** 1706.

Madrid, July 6. N. S.

HIS Catholic Majesty is shortly expected here with a Body of Troops. The Duke of Berwick, with the Enemy's Forces under his Command, continuing between Guadalaxara and Jadraque, the Marquis das Minas had thought fit to decamp the 4th Infant, and to march to the Bridge of Viveros, upon the River Jarama, for the better covering of the neighbouring Country. His Army has been augmented by the coming over of great Numbers of Spanish Officers and Soldiers, who have quitted the Duke of Berwick's Army, and joined the Confederates.

Lisbon, July 27. N. S. Letters from our Army under the Command of the Marquis das Minas of the 7th Instant give an Account, That they were then encamped at Sacongueira. Our Communication with them has been interrupted, by some Disorders that have happened in the Country between Lisbon and Madrid, which will soon be appeased: And in the mean time 10 Regiments of Horse and Foot from the Provinces of Alentejo and Alenteira are marching that way. We have an Account, That the King of Spain was the 2d Instant at Tarragona, intending to proceed from thence to Madrid by the way of Saragossa. The Earl of Peterborough was the 7th at Valencia. The Enterprize Man of War arrived here the 24th from the Confederate Fleet under Sir John Leake, which he left the 11th Instant before Alcazar.

Frankfort, August 12. The Imperial Army continues in the Lines of Stolhoffen. Letters from Italy give an Account, That the French had been obliged to quit Mondovi, Bollano, and several other Posts they had in Piedmont, in order to reinforce their Army before Turin; and that the Duke of Orleans was retired with his Army from Sr. Benedetto to Luzara. The Imperialists continued in the Modenese, and were in daily Expectation of being joined by the Troops of Hesse-Cassel.

From the Duke of Marlborough's Camp at Helchin, August 16. We have the following Journal of the Siege of Menin.

The 12th Instant 8 Mortars were placed in our second Parallel, to throw Stones into the Covered-way.

The Enemy pretended to make a Sally in the Night, and about 400 of their Granadiers came out of the Counterescarp, who having fired once, retired, without putting our People into any Disorder. One of their Lieutenants, advancing further than the rest of them, was taken Prisoner; who says, the Governor encourages the Garrison with Hopes of being relieved by the Duke of Vendome.

The 13th in the Morning we began to fire from a new Battery of 12 Guns, made close by the Inundation, which batters in Flank the Works we had before ruined in Front. In the Afternoon we continued to work upon a short Parallel that runs from the Point of the Ravelin towards that of a Work which is surrounded with the Water; and about Midnight we closed this Parallel in the middle.

At Night we carried forward two Saps towards the Ravelin, and two towards the Point of the other Work in the Water, about 14 Paces each, with little Loss.

The 14th we continued to batter the Work last mentioned with good Success; and in the Night advanced the two Saps, that on the Right close to the Palisadoes, and the other within 20 Paces of the Counterescarp.

The 15th the Enemy made a great Fire from a new Battery, without doing us much Damage; but their firing from thence is not likely to continue long, our Cannon being pointed at those of the Enemy, to dismount them.

The Besieged threw a great many Granadoes this Night into our Works; notwithstanding which we closed the two Branches of the Sap on the Left, and advanced a single one 6 Paces nearer to the Point of the Ravelin.

The 16th our Batteries continued to fire against that which the Besieged had newly made; and by the discontinuance of the Enemy's fire, we judge their Cannon are dismounted.

A Deserter came this Day out of the Town, who says, the Besieged have lately had above 100 Men killed, and 400 wounded.

The Army made a general Passage this Morning within a Mile of Tournay, with a Guard of 6000 Foot and 800 Horse: The Foragers came home without Loss; but Brigadier Cogan, as he was pushing two advanced squadrons nearer to the Town, had the misfortune to be taken Prisoner, and was carried by the Enemy into Tournay.

Hague, August 17. N. S. The King of Prussia went yesterday to Amsterdaam. His Majesty intends to be at Utrecht the 19th Instant, and to proceed the next Day towards Hanover, where he will arrive the 25th. The Confederate Army under the Command of his Grace the Duke of Marlborough has made a small Motion, for the better covering of the Siege of Menin. The Enemy are forming a Camp behind the River Duclie. The States of Holland and Westfriesland are assembled, and have under Consideration the finding of a Fund towards raising Money for carrying on the War, whereby they may ease the Houses and Lands of the Tax of the Hun-

dreth Penny. Letters from Paris give an Account, That the Imperial Army commanded by Prince Eugene had passed the Secchia; whereupon the Duke of Orleans, with the French Army under his Command, retired from San Benedetto, crossed the Crostolo, and encamped behind it, near Guastalla; and that Prince Eugene was advanced to Luzara, on the other side of that River. These Letters add, That the French Forces before Turin had taken the covered-way of the Ciradell of that Place, that is defended by double Outworks, which cost them a considerable Number of Men killed and wounded, some of them Officers of Note; and that the Garrison being very numerous, and well provided with all Necessaries, continued to make a vigorous Defence.

Bristol, August 7. The Berbery Galley of this Place, Captain Saunders Commander, arrived here this Day from Jamaica, having been 6 Weeks in her Passage: She came from thence in the Company of 14 Sail of homeward bound Merchant-men, and left that Island very healthy. This Day also came in the Winry and Francis Sloops belonging to Cork, being both homeward bound from Lisbon.

Tarmouth, August 7. Divers laden Gallies from Newcastle passed yesterday through our Road to the Southward. A Fleet of Merchant-men from Hull, bound for Holland, sailed this Day by the back of our Sands, and was joined by several Ships from hence.

Portsmouth, August 10. Her Majesty's Fleet under the Command of the Earl Rivers and Sir Chudessly Shovel left Sail this Morning from St. Hellens with a very fair Wind.

Cambridge, July 28. The Vice-Chancellor of this University having received Information, That Mr. Tudway had spoken Words highly reflecting on Her Majesty, he convened the Heads of Houses at the Regent-House, where Mr. Tudway was cited to appear, which he did; and the Words being positively proved upon Oath, they all unanimously found him guilty, and proceeded to Sentence, which was solemnly pronounced in the Presence of the Heads, and entered as an Act by the Publick Register as follows;

“ That Mr. Tudway be suspended of all Degrees taken and to be taken; That he be deprived of his Organist's Place in St. Mary's Church, and of his Professorship of Musick in the University.

Mr. Tudway being of King's-College, the Provost has deprived him of his Organist's Place in that College; and the Register there has likewise entered his Deprivation; and the Butler and the Pantler have taken his Name off the Tables in their Offices.

The Matter of Pembroke-Hall, where he was also Organist, has in like manner deprived him of that Office; and the Register there has entered it accordingly.

So that he is deprived of all he held in the University of Cambridge.

Windsor, August 4. Baron Schurz, Envoy Extraordinary from the Elector of Hanover, had this Day a private Audience of Her Majesty, where in he presented a Credential Letter from the Princess Sophia, Electress Dowager of Hanover, pursuant to the Act of Parliament passed the last Session, Entituled, *An Act for the better Security of Her Majesty's Person and Government, and of the Succession to the Crown of England in the Protestant Line*: To which Audience he was introduced by Mr. Secretary Harley.

Windsor, August 11. The following most dutiful and loyal Addresses, congratulating Her Majesty upon the most glorious and happy Success of the Arms of Her Majesty and Her Allies, and more especially those under the Command of his Grace the Duke of Marlborough, have been presented to Her Majesty.

The humble Address of the High Sheriff, Gentlemen of the Grand Jury, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, and other Gentlemen, met at the Lammas Alizes at York; sent up to his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, Lord Privy-Seal, and Lord Lieutenant of the East and North Ridings of the County of York; and presented by the Marquis of Harrington, one of the Knights of the Shire for the said County.

The humble Address of the Bishop and Clergy of the Diocese of Oxford: Presented the 4th Instant by his Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Jurats, Freemen, and other Inhabitants, of Her Majesty's ancient Town and Cinque-Port of Winchelsea: Presented by George Dodington Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament.

The humble Address of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, and Grand Jury, assembled at the last Alizes for the County of Cambridge; together with the Clergy, and other Gentlemen and Freeholders of the said County: Presented by the Rt. Hon. Mr. Secretary Hedges, in the Audience, and at the Desire, of his Grace the Duke of Bedford, Lord Lieutenant of the County.

The humble Address of the Lord Lieutenant, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Grand Jury, and other Gentlemen and Freeholders, of the County of Salop, at the General

