

The London Gazette.

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Rome, August 14. N. S.

THE Pope's Gallies are lately come into Civita-Vecchia, where they are making ready to go out again to cruise. Cardinal Grimani, who has the Care of the Emperor's Affairs at this Court, received an Express the 8th Instant from Munster, with an Account of the Proceedings there in relation to the intended Election of a Bishop of that See, and had Audience the same Day of the Pope, to acquaint him with the Contents of those Dispatches. Letters from Naples of the 10th Instant say, That the Viceroy there had received Instructions from the Duke of Anjou, dated from Burgos, directing him in what manner he should govern himself, for the preserving of the French Interest in that Kingdom; and particularly, that he should remove from their Places and Employments several of the Chief Nobility who are reputed to be Favourers of the House of Austria; which will give new Grounds of Discontent to the Neapolitans, who were already sufficiently disposed to throw off the Yoke of a French Government.

Venice, August 21. General Desfino, who lately came hither from Verona, is returned to that Place. The late Electress of Bavaria is gone from hence to Padua, where she intends to continue about a Fortnight, to return thither, and continue here a few Days, and to go afterwards to the French Court. A Commodity of the Confederate Army under the Command of Prince Eugene set out from this Place lately for his Highness's Camp with a Remittance of 50000 Ducats, being part of the Money which has been advanced in England for the Support of that Army. They write from Mantua, That the Duke of Orleans has reinforced that Garrison with 5 Battalions; and that the Prince of Hesse, with the Confederate Troops under his Command, is marching thro' the Brescian towards the Oglio, where the Sieur Medavi and General Toralba, with a Detachment of French and Spanish Troops, are casting up Intrenchments, in order to oppose his Highness's passing that River. Prince Eugene with his Army advances with great Expedition towards Piedmont, having secured his Communication with the Veronese and with Germany, by leaving strong Garrisons at Reggion, Carpi, Finale di Modena, and La Badia, and a Body of Horse in the Modenese, to block up the Enemy's Garrisons at Modena and Mirandola, and hinder them from intercepting his Convoys.

Geneva, August 25. The Garrison of Turin, being encouraged by the News that Prince Eugene is marching with all possible diligence to their Relief, continue to defend themselves with the utmost Vigour and Resolution, and make frequent sallies, wherein they are generally successful, doing much Damage to the Enemy's Works, and killing many of their Men. The Besiegers on the other side have been so weakened by Draughts made from their Army, to reinforce that which is commanded by the Duke of Orleans, that it is with great Difficulty that they carry on the Siege. The Duke of Savoy with his Army is returned into the Neighbourhood of Turin, to watch all Opportunities of sending Supplies into the Place, and to harass the Enemy's Troops by frequent Skirmishes. His Royal Highness has issued a Placart, promising a Reward to such of his Subjects as would voluntarily lift themselves under him, besides an Exemption from certain Taxes during 3 Years, to be computed from the time that a Peace shall be concluded, which has had the intended Effect, great Numbers of the Inhabitants of the neighbouring Country having entered into his Service, out of whom new Regiments are forming. We have a Report, which we hope the next Letters from Piedmont will confirm, That Prince Eugene, having gained two or three Days March of the Duke of Orleans, had possessed himself of Stradella, before the French Forces which were ordered to secure that important Pass could arrive there: And that in all probability there now remained nothing that could hinder his joining the Duke of Savoy, and obliging the Enemy to raise the Siege of Turin.

Frankfort, August 29. The Imperial Army continues in the Lines of Stollhofen, but, as is said, will shortly pass the Rhine to attack the Enemy, who, having very much weakened their Army by sending Detachments to the Netherlands, think fit to keep within their Lines at Lauterbourg. Prince Lewis continues at Swabach. The Count de Frise, Governor of Landau, died lately at Rastat, after a long Illness.

Trieste, Aug. 29. The French Intendant at Metz having forbidden the Country People under his Jurisdiction to pay any Contributions to the Confederates, a Troop of Hussars which were in Garison was sent out to make an Excursion into the Enemy's Country, who advanced within half a League of Metz, and burnt 3 Villages, which put the Inhabitants of the neighbouring Country under such a Consternation, that they have prevailed with their Intendant to take off his Prohibitions, and to permit the Deputies to enter to settle the Contributions, and to give hostages for the Payment thereof.

Cologne, Sept. 1. N. S. The French Party-man La Croix having lately acquainted the Inhabitants of Mulheim, That if they did not pay him a certain Sum of Money by way of Contribution within three Days time, he would plunder and burn their Town, the Guards there and in all the neighbouring Places have been doubled, and Care is taken to prevent any such Attempt. Signior Buffi, who was the Popes's Intercuncio at Brussels, is lately come from thence, being to reside here with the Character of Nuncio, in the room of Signior Piazza, whom the Pope has appointed to be his Nuncio in Poland. The Prince of Taxis, Postmaster-General to the Emperor, is also arrived here from Francfort, in his way to Brussels.

Whitehaven, August 31. Yesterday and this Morning came in here about 18 Sail of light Colliers from Dublin.

Falmouth, September 2. This Day came in from cruising the Eendragt, a Privateer of 36 Guns, belonging to Rotterdam.

Plimouth, Sept. 3. Yesterday came in here Her Majesty's Ship the Worcester, and brought in with her as Prize a French Privateer of 16 Guns and 80 Men. The same Day came in Her Majesty's Ship the Hound from Scilly, with 5 Vessels under her Convoy, bound for the Isle of Wight.

Shermouth, Sept. 4. Several light Colliers failed out of our Road yesterday for Newcastle. The Herring Fishers from the North and West Countries are come thither, in order to go to Sea on the Fishery.

Portsmouth, Sept. 5. On Tuesday last in the Afternoon came into our Harbour Her Majesty's Ships the Royal Sovereign, Triumph and Albemarle. Yesterday Morning sailed from Spithead Her Majesty's Ship the Nonuch. The same Day the William of London, a Victualling Ship, was driven on Shore by bad Weather near the Platform; but she will get off again without any Damage.

There are Four Mails due from Holland.

Windsor, Sept. 8. This Evening came in Letters from Lisbon of the 7th Instant, N. S. which say, they had Advice from Lagos of the 3d, That a Danish Ship was come in there from Cadix, which sailed thence the 28th past; the Master whereof reports, That the Governor of Cadix had received an Account from the Marquis de Villadarias, who commands in Andaluzia for the Duke of Anjou, That there had been a Battle between the two Armies near Madrid, wherein that of the Duke of Anjou was totally defeated. There were also Letters from Albuquerque to the same Effect, with these Particulars, That the Enemy's Horse gave way, and left their Foot, who were all cut off, and their Cannon and Baggage taken; and that the Duke of Anjou is fled towards Navarre.

Windsor, Sept. 8. A most dutiful and Loyal Address of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, and other Gentlemen, assembled at the Assizes held at Kingston for the County of Surrey, was this Day presented to Her Majesty by Sir William Scawen, one of the Knights of the Shire of the said County; being introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Lord High Treasurer: In which Address they congratulate the great and glorious Success of Her Majesty's Arms, conducted by his Grace the Duke of Marlborough, and Her other Generals; and express their hearty Wishes, That the Union proposed between Her Majesty's Kingdoms of England and Scotland may be happily concluded, answerable to her good Intentions, and to the Advantage of both Nations; That there may be no Divisions among us, but a constant Endeavour who shall most fear God, and honour the Queen.

A most dutiful and loyal congratulatory Address upon the same Occasion from the Mayor, Bayliffs and Burgesses, of the Borough of Newcastle under Line in the County of Stafford; was presented to Her Majesty by the Hon. Henry Paget Esq; one of the Representatives in Parliament of that County.

Both which Addresses Her Majesty received very graciously.

His Royal Highness's Prince George of Denmark, &c. Lord High Admiral of England, is pleased to direct, That the Men which Captain Mitchell, Commander of Her Majesty's Ship Weymouth, lent to the Merchant Ships which came under his Convoy from Barbadoes, and are arrived in the River of Thames, do forthwith return to their said Ship Weymouth, at Chatham.

If any Able-bodied Men are willing to serve Her Majesty in the Train of Artillery, let them repair to Capt. Silver, Master-Gunner of England, at his House in St. James's Park, or at the Exercise on Black-Heath, they shall enter into present Pay of Seven Shillings a Week, and be further encouraged and advanced as they shall deserve.

By the Receiver-General for Prizes.

Notice is hereby given, That the Officers and Company of Her Majesty's Ship Orford will, on Thursday the 19th Instant, Levee their Proportions of the Goods taken in the Ship St. Antonio de Padua according to the Directions in Her Majesty's most Gracious Declaration for the Encouragement of Her Ships of War, &c.

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