

# The London Gazette.

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From Monday November 24. to Thursday November 27. 1707.

Neufchatel, November 22. N. S.

**O**N the 29th of the last Month the Three States annull'd by a formal Sentence the Protestations of Madame de Maily, Monsieur d'Alegre, and the Prince of Montbelliard; and order'd that they should not be entred in their Register, as being not only irregular, but injurious to the Honour of their Assembly. After which the reading of the Process was continu'd; and at the breaking up of the Tribunal, the Judges adjourn'd themselves to the 31st: Whereupon the Governor made a Speech to them, in which he told them, among other Things, That finding he was of no further use to them there, he had taken a Resolution to retire, which he did the next Day. On the 31st the Three States met again, according to their own Adjournment; and having appointed the eldest Councillor of State to be President in the room of the Governor, the Process went on as before. The reading of the Process was finish'd, and the Advocates of the King of Prussia and the Prince of Carignan, the only Pretenders left, pleaded in Form in behalf of their respective Masters; and on the 3d Instant the Three States, after 4 or 5 Hours Consultation, to the universal Joy and Satisfaction of the People, gave the Vestiture of this Principality to his Prussian Majesty, with the usual Ceremonies practis'd here upon the like Occasion. The same Night Count Metternich, the King of Prussia's Ambassador and Plenipotentiary, took Possession of the Castle in the Name of his Master; and on the 4th receiv'd the publick Homage of the Magistrates and People, who, after the Ambassador had sworn on the Part of his Prussian Majesty to observe all their Rights and Privileges, took an Oath of Allegiance to their new Sovereign. Count Metternich presently after notified these Proceedings to the Four Cantons allied to this State, Berne, Soleure, Fribourg, and Lucerne; and on the 5th his Excellency went to Vallangin, to take the usual Oath as Prince in the Name of the King his Master, and at the same time to be present at the taking the Oath of Fidelity there. The Militia of the whole Country was under Arms, and receiv'd him with all possible Marks of Zeal and Joy. On the 6th an Embassy from the Canton of Berne arriv'd here, consisting of Three Senators of the little, and Three Members of the great Council, attended by a numerous Retinue. The next Morning they were conducted in State to the Castle, where they had Audience of Count Metternich, in which they acknowledg'd, on the Part of their Republick, his Prussian Majesty for lawful Prince of Neufchatel and Vallangin: After which they were splendidly entertain'd at Dinner by his Excellency. The next Night there was a Ball at the Castle for their Diversion. On the 21st they were treated by the City after a sumptuous manner; and to Morrow they design to return home, being extremely well satisfied with the Honours they have received during their short stay at this Place.

That Embassy was expected here on the 9th; but they delay'd their Departure for some Days, because they would appear upon this Occasion with more Splendour than is usual in Switzerland. None of the Three Catholick Cantons allied to this State seem dispos'd to acknowledge the King of Prussia, and that of Fribourg hath already resolv'd against it. However the Subjects of Neufchatel are not much concern'd for what those Cantons shall determine, since that of Berne is hearty and zealous in their Interests. It was reported, That the French Ambassador had summon'd a general Diet of the Thirteen Cantons upon this Occasion, to meet on the 15th Instant: But whether that Rumour was industriously spread, tho' the Thing was not intended, or that he hath since chang'd his Mind, there is none yet summon'd. Instead of that, France hath publish'd a Prohibition of all Commerce with this Country, according to Monsieur de Puisieux's Threats: But the People here contemn that Revenge as very insignificant, and are perswaded the French Court will be first weary of the Rupture, since Franche Comté is like to be a greater Sufferer by it than Neufchatel. Proper Measures are taken with the Canton of Berne for the Security of this Country, in case the French should think fit to disturb us.

*Berlin, Nov. 26.* The King hath been indispos'd for some Days since his Return from Havelbing; but is now perfectly recover'd. On the 10th Instant the young Count Metternich came Post from Neufchatel, with an Express from the Ambassador his Father, That on the 3d his Prussian Majesty was declar'd by the Regency Sovereign of that Principality; and that Count Metternich, his Majesty's Ambassador and Plenipotentiary, had the Scepter deliver'd to him on that Occasion, and was conducted with the usual Ceremonies to his Lodgings in the Castle, where, the next Morning, he heard Divine Service after the Manner of the Reform'd Religion. It is an Observation among the People, That the King of Prussia was declar'd their Sovereign the same Day of the Year on which the Protestant Religion was establish'd in this Principality. When the British Ambassador congratulated his Majesty on his Accession to this Sovereignty, the King acknowledg'd his great Obligation to Her British Majesty, for Her good Offices in the Support of his Pretensions. On the 12th the Princess of Saxe-Zeirs arriv'd here, with the Princess her Daughter; and on the 18th the Margrave Philip and his Lady, to be present at her Royal Highness's Labour, who on the 23d was delivered of a Son. His Majesty retir'd into his Closet, to give God Thanks, before he went to the Princess's Apartment; and immediately all the Cannon was fir'd thrice round the Town, with ringing of Bells, and all other Demonstrations of Joy. His Majesty, after having put the Prussian Order about the Infant, deliver'd him to his Son, telling him, He gave the *Prince of Orange* into his Arms. The same Day the King was pleas'd to tell Monsieur Dankelman, his Commissary-General, That he would set at Liberty his Brother, who was formerly Chief Minister, and has

ed for R. Wilkin as the King's  
Hawer at the Bible in Lad.  
or Relieving and Curing  
West Smithfield, over against  
ready to assist those that apply  
of her Father Edward Seale,  
for their extraordinary Cures,  
aking Purl in Beer or Ale, Pur-  
light in Water, Tea or Wine  
n, Apothecary, at the Unicorn,  
famous throughout both Parts  
the Stomach and Blood, red-  
s, and cleansing the latter from  
ad at his own House, and Gene-  
about London, and at some such  
in England, by Mr. Blackwood  
Mr. Smyth at Belfast, at 11. 1.  
it is not yet placed, any Per-  
again, with good Allowance  
The Seal to each Bottle  
True French Bourdeaux Fine  
olefale or Retail, at Mr. W.  
Miles Crooked Lane near Lin-  
no less Quantity than a Gallon,  
or Pilsner, further Encourag-  
good French Prize Claret and  
d, at a very reasonable Price  
e and Two in the Afternoon,  
High-Holborn, or between the  
Great Lincoln's-Inn-Fields  
it, one or two of these being  
e. Whoever brings the  
the Bell and Dragon Em-  
I have One half of the  
wells, Rings, or other Gold  
of Bloomsbury, are desired  
of February next, and  
leave off his Trade.  
ewed Commission of Inquiry  
London, Merchant, and  
h Chancellor of Great Brit-  
ancelot Lee, of London,  
in the said Order men-  
ts belonging to the said  
deliver the same to the  
er, Linendraper, hath form-  
This is to give Notice, That  
on of December next, at  
his Examination, when  
Debts, pay their Counts  
case should not be sign'd  
Chancellor of Great Brit-  
Christopher Bryan, of Clerk  
Mr. Baron Bury and Mr. Ju-  
the said Certificate with  
Creditors shall, on the 11th  
noon, at Serjeants Inn Hall  
ary.  
rded against John Brome, ha-  
ing declared a Bankrupt, in-  
ditioners, who will sit on the  
er next, at 2 after Noon, at  
n. On the first of which he  
d to prove their Debt, by  
Affidave. And all Peti-  
their Hands, are not to be  
the Commissioners.  
of Bankrupt against William  
don, Brewer, intend to meet  
at 3 after Noon, at the 11th  
a Dividend of the said Bank-  
have not already proved their  
they, are to come prepared to  
Benefit of, of the said Dividend.  
of Bankrupt against Benjamin  
intend to meet on the 10th of  
Irish Chamber in God's-  
some prepared to prove their  
and affect to, or dissent from.  
of Bankrupt against Nicholas  
of Devon, Mercer, intend to  
of Exon, on Tuesday the 21st  
on, where the said Tuck-  
for that the Commissioners  
on Wednesday the 22nd of  
ce aforesaid.  
of Bankrupt against Thomas  
Berksire, Merchant, intend  
at 10 before noon, at the  
to make a Dividend of his  
ne prepared to prove their  
or they will be excluded

has suffer'd Ten Years Imprisonment; adding, That he would continue to him his Pension, upon Condition he would promise not to go out of the King's Dominions, but live on an Estate he hath in this Country. The Interdiction of Commerce, which the French have made against Neufchatel, occasion'd several Conferences before the King Yesterday. The chief Hardship the Neufchateois can suffer by it is the Want of French Salt; and the Emperor hath already promis'd to supply the Want of that Commodity. At the same time the French will be deny'd a Passage with Horses, through that Principality, out of Switzerland; and his Prussian Majesty hath sent Orders to take a certain Number of Men from the Canton of Berne, who are to join the Militia of the Country, for its Defence, in case the French should attack it, as they threaten. They write from Poland, That the Muscovites had taken their Winter-Quarters in the Palatinate of Podlaskia and Lithuania. Prince Menzikoff was at Bialistock, near Tikoczin, where the Czar was expected. Those Letters add, That the King of Sweden was to decamp on the 11th Instant from Slupeze, and march into Prussia.

*Brussels, December 1.* All is at present quiet on the Frontiers, both Armies having retir'd to their respective Quarters. There are Reports, That the Marshal de Tessé hath abandon'd la Peroufe, after having put some Troops into Chaumont upon the Doria, between St. Laurence and Suzon. We hear that General is arriv'd at the French Court, having left the Command of his Army to Count Medavy. Advices from Lisle say, That there lately happen'd a great Tumult between the Burghers and the Garrison of that Place, the latter having pillag'd several Houses, and plunder'd the Peasants in the Market-place. This Disorder is attributed to the Mint-Bills, which had been distributed among the Officers for the Subsistence of the Soldiers, and were refus'd when offer'd in Payment. A Mutiny of this Nature happening in one of the most Trading Towns of France, gives the Enemy great Uneasiness; and the more, because there have been very lately great Disorders at Lyons, and other Places, on the same Account.

*Hague, December 2. N. S.* We are informed by Letters from the Upper Rhine, That the Imperial Army is entirely separated, and gone into Winter Quarters; and that all the French Forces had repass'd the Rhine. His Electoral Highness of Hanover left the Army on the 8th inst, in order to retire into his own Dominions till the Time for Action comes on. They write from Paris, That Lerida capitulated on the 11th of the last Month; and that the Garrison, being reduc'd to 500 Men, were conducted to the Confederate Army, that lay within three Leagues of that City. They maintain'd the Place to the last Extremity, and surrender'd it on honourable Conditions. The same Letters add, That the French and Spaniards had concluded a Treaty of Commerce to the West-Indies, very much to the Advantage of the former, who are let into that Trade in as ample a manner as the Spaniards themselves, and may send what Vessels they please to those Parts, provided they touch at Cadiz, and take One third of their Freight in Spanish Commodities.

*Whereas there hath been a Paper receiv'd at the Admiralty-Office, dated the 17th of this Month, signed Richard Diction and Andrew Guy, wherein they make Complaint of some indirect Proceedings; His Royal Highness hath commanded this Notice to be given, That if the said Richard Diction and Andrew Guy will come to his Office, and make good what is contain'd in the said Paper, they shall have all fitting Encouragement and Protection.*

#### Advertisements.

☞ The Annual Feast for the Sons of the CLERGY will be held at Drapers Hall in Throgmorton Street on Tuesday the 2d of December next. Tickets may be had at Mr. John Beale's at the New Exchange in the Strand; Mr. Thomas Bussy's next to the Rain-

bow Coffee-house within Temple Bar; Mr. William Sturrocks at the Half-Moon and Wheat Sheaf in Cornhill; and at Anderson's Coffee house in Fleetstreet. Stewards are provided for the Year ensuing.

☞ The First Volume of Mr. Jeremy Collier's Ecclesiastical History of Great Britain, from the first Planting of Christianity to the End of the Reign of King Charles the Second, being entirely printed except the Table; all the Subscribers are desired to make their first Payment, and send in their Names, Titles, Seats, &c. by the 8th of December next, to the Undertakers, Samuel Kettle at the Turk's Head, or Benjamin Tooke at the Middle Temple Gate, in Fleetstreet. The said First Volume being to be delivered to the Subscribers on Monday the 15th of December, 1707.

☞ Whereas it was advertis'd, That a new Edition of the Common-Prayer in the British or Welsh Language, in 12<sup>o</sup>, was intended; and thereupon several Gentlemen subscribed for considerable Numbers; This is to give Notice, That the said Edition is now actually in the Press, being undertaken (as the Act of Uniformity requires) with the Allowance and Approbation of the Rt. Rev. the Bishops of Hereford, Bangor, St. Asaph, St. David's, and Llanduff, signified under their Lordships Hands. Those who have already subscribed, are desired to send their first Payment to the Undertakers. Subscriptions are taken in till the first of January next, and no longer. The Books will be deliver'd by Lady-day. Proposals are delivered, and Subscriptions taken in, by the Undertakers, Robert Whitedge at the Blue in Creed-Lane, Cha. Brown at the Crown in Newgate-Street, and Edm. Rowell to Black-Fryars near Ludgate, Printer.

MR. THOMAS GUYBON, at the Outrappers Office in the Royal Exchange, London, will lend Money, at Six per Cent. upon any Sort of Goods, to be sold at his publick Sale, but to be Sum than Fifty Pounds. Likewise will enter and pay Custom for all Sorts of Merchandize on the same Terms, to be sold as aforesaid.

☞ There is a Parcel of very good True French Bourdeaux Prize Brandy to be sold, either by Wholesale or Retail, at Mr. William Cowper's, a Wine-Copper, in St. Miles Crook-Lane near London Bridge, at 8 s. per Gallon, but by no less Quantity than a Gallon. And to those who buy a whole Piece or Pieces, further Encouragement will be given. There is also very good French Prize Chateau White Wine to be sold by the Hoghead, at a very reasonable Rate. Attendance will be given all Day long.

☞ These are to give Notice, That the True Original Stripes prepared and published by the said Author that ever any was sold for in England) for setting Razors, Penknives, Lancets, &c. and exquisite fine Edge, and polishing them to an extraordinary sharpness, are sold only for the Author, at John's Coffee-house in the Strand, in the Alley near the Royal Exchange. Price 1 s. each, with directions, neatly fix'd upon the Back of each of 'em.

☞ Whereas the Estate late of William Forster Esq; deceased, was sold before Sir Robert Legard Kt. one of the Masters of the High Court of Chancery, for the Payment of the said Forster's Debts. This is to give Notice, That those Creditors who do not come before the said Master, and prove their Debts in a Month, will be excluded of their first Dividend.

☞ Out or mislaid since the 7th Instant, a Note of Sir Francis Child and Company, for 107 l. 10 s. dated September 18. 1707, payable to Thomas Webb or Bearer. If offered in Payment or Discount, pray stop the same, and give Notice to Mr. John Campbell, Goldsmith in the Strand, and you shall have 30 s. Reward, Payment by Receipt.

☞ The Creditors of Patrick Adair, Physician to the Sick and Wounded at Rochefort, late deceased, who have not proved their Debts ready, are desired to come prepared to do it, to Mr. Charles Goringe Doctors Commons, before the 27th of January next; for the Administrator does then design to make a Distribution of his Effects in his Hands.

☞ The Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt against Daniel Garrard, of the City of Norwich, and Mark Gilbert, of London, Merchants and Copartners, intend to meet on the 12th of December next, at 3 after Noon, at the Irish Chamber in Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupts Estate, and all Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are then to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And the said Bankrupts having surrendered themselves, and been several times examined, are then to finish their Examinations, and therefore the Creditors are desired to assent to, or dissent from, their Certificate.

☞ Whereas the acting Commissioners against Philip Levermore of Hoxton in the County of D. von, Merchant, have certified the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, That he hath in all things conformed to the late Act: This is to give Notice, That his Certificate will be confirmed as the Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary by the 18th of December next.

☞ The Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt against Samuel Pleace, of Witheridge in the County of Devon, Cordwainer, intend to meet on the 10th of December next, at 3 after Noon, at the said Pleace's Coffee-house in the Close of Exeter, to make a Dividend of his Estate; where all Creditors that have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, and pay their Contributions of Money, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend: And they are also to assent to, or dissent from, the Bankrupt's Certificate.

☞ The Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt against William Awhrey the Younger, late of New Sarum in Wiltshire, Clothier, intend to meet on the 11th of December next, at 3 after Noon, at Adam's Coffee house in Chancery-Lane, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; where all Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and pay their Contribution-money, or they will be excluded the said Dividend.