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From Thursday June 10. to Monday June 14. 1708.

ST. James's, June 11. The following Addresses have been presented to Her Majesty.

To the QUEEN's most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Synod of Argyle; presented to her Majesty by Mr. David Campbell, introduc'd by his Grace the Duke of Somerset.

May it please your Majesty,

OUR Duty and Gratitude to the most High, and unfeign'd Loyalty to your Majesty, obliges us at this time to express our Sense of and Thankfulness for the late most signal Instance of Divine Providence, in preserving your Majesty's Person and Government, our Lives, Laws, Liberties, and free Exercise of Religion as establish'd by Law, from the wicked Attempts of cruel French and Popish Adversaries, who their no less wicked Accomplices, who could have no other Design but the Subversion of our Religion, and your Majesty's Government, by setting up a Popish Pretender on your Throne; and finding this their detestable Project disappointed by the Union, they seem'd to judge it necessary, like Men past hope, to make use of desperate Remedies.

As all your Majesty's good and loyal Subjects are in Duty bound, so we in a special manner, who have receiv'd distinguishing Marks of your Royal Bounty, think our selves singly oblig'd to Congratulate the Preservation of your Majesty's Royal Person and Auspicious Government, and cheerfully to return our Thanks to the Eternal God for that Instance of his Divine Mercy.

We heartily desire whatever tends to disturb your Majesty's happy Reign over us, upon which the Continuance of our Peace and Liberty, and the restraining the Ambition of the declared Enemy of the Protestant Religion and Peace of Europe, doth under God depend.

We are so sensible of the great and manifold Blessings which we enjoy under your Majesty's Protection, that we will always reckon it our Duty to be earnest at the Throne of Grace for the Blessings of Heaven on your Sacred Person, and Success to your Arms and those of your Allies; and that God may seasonably detect and overturn the bad Design of your Enemies both at Home and Abroad.

As it hath been hitherto our constant Endeavour, so we heartily resolve to continue such Impressions of your Majesty's happy Administration to the People under our Care, as becomes loyal Subjects and faithful Ministers of the Gospel.

We earnestly beseech the Almighty God may long preserve your Majesty in the peaceable Possession of your Throne, a happy Instrument to restore Peace to Europe, to curb the Ambition of the Common Enemy, to be the Protector of the Protestant Religion at Home and Abroad, and to secure the Succession of the Crown of this Kingdom in the Protestant Line. Sign'd at Inverary the Eighteenth Day of May, 1708.

The humble Address of the Noblemen, Gentlemen, Justices of the Peace, Heretors, and others within the Shire of Banff.

Which Addresses her Majesty receiv'd very graciously.

Venice, May 26. N. S. On Sunday, the 20th of this Instant the Doge perform'd the Ceremony of Marrying the Sea, in the usual manner. Some Imperial Troops have been detach'd out of the Duchy of Parma, to guard her Catholick Majesty into Milan. We hear, that on the 21st Her Majesty arriv'd at Trent, where she was re-

ceiv'd by discharge of Cannon, conducted to an Apartment in the Castle, and entertain'd in a splendid manner by the Prince and Bishop of that Place. On the 22d Her Majesty proceed'd to Roveredo, accompanied by the Prince of Lorrain, Bishop of Osuabrug, and a numerous Train of Persons of Quality of both Sexes. Illuminations were made before the Castle, and in all the more frequented Places of the City; as also in the neighbouring Castles of Bifeno, Castello, Castel-nuovo and Castel-corno. Her Majesty rest'd the 23d, and left that Place the next Day under the discharge of the Artillery. In the Evening she was receiv'd on the Frontiers of this State with great Ceremony and Magnificence by General Molino, with the Character of Envoy from the Republick. The General has Orders to conduct her to Brescia, where she is expected this Day, and will be receiv'd with all the Pomp that is suitable to the Occasion. They write from Milan, that she is to arrive there on the 31st of this Month, and that the Cardinals Morrigio and Archinto were already there, in order to compliment her Majesty; but it is doubted whether they will perform those Honours to her in the Name of the Pope, or in their own Persons. For 'tis said, that in a Consistory at Rome they had determin'd on the latter; and add, the Pope changed his design of sending a Legate a Latere to her Majesty, upon receiving Intelligence from his Nuncio at Madrid, that it was resolv'd there the Ministers of such Princes as should do her Majesty any Honours should immediately withdraw from that Court. The same Letters say, that the Princes of Cellamara and Castiglione, who were remov'd from Naples to Milan, are to remain where they are; but that the Duke of Escalona was committed to the Castle of Pizzighione. Part of the other Prisoners were conducted to Trezzo, and the rest permitted to go into Pavia, and to be at large upon their Honour. Letters from Leghorn advise, that two Dutch Privateers had brought in a French Prize which was bound from the Havana to Marseilles, laden with Cochenille, Indigo, and other Commodities, the Cargo amounting to the value of 25000 Pieces of Eight. Those Letters add, that two English Frigats had taken in the Streights a French Vessel of 36 Guns bound from Marseilles to the West Indies, and had burnt and sunk a Privateer on the Coast of Malaga.

Brussels, June 11. N. S. They write from the Frontiers, that the French have drawn so many Troops out of Cambray, Valenciennes, Condé, and all the adjacent Places, that the Duty of those Garrisons is perform'd by Invalids. Letters from Spain advise, That the Marquis de Bay represented to the Duke of Anjou, that the Forces of the Portugueze were superior to those under his Command, and that he was utterly unable to act offensively, except he were reinforc'd with 5000 Men. Those Advices add, that the Army Commanded by the Duke of Orleans did not make up 16000 Men, and was in great want of Money and Provisions. 'Tis said this scarcity has made his Royal Highness despair of besieging Tortosa, upon which he has written to the French Court, and represented the absolute necessity of sending more Forces on that side, with immediate Remittances of Money for their subsistence.

Plimouth, June 8. Yesterday arriv'd here her Majesty's Ships the Antelope and Dover, with two French Merchant-men, one call'd Le Parfait, of 24 Guns and 71 Men; the other call'd L'Amazone, of 18 Guns and 42 Men;