

# The London Gazette.

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Vienna, July 7. N. S.

**T**HE whole Imperial Court is gone this Afternoon to Cloyfter Neubourg, where they are to continue three Days; the Marriage between the King of Portugal and the Arch Dutcheſs of Auſtria, being to be ſolemniz'd there next Monday. On the 11th Inſtant the Arch-Dutcheſs ſets out on her Journey, and goes by the way of Bohemia, Saxony, and Weſtphalia to Holland. She cannot viſit the Court of Duſſeldorp, becauſe of the Ceremonial; the Portugueze Ambaſſador pretending to take the right hand of the Elector. The Difference between the Ambaſſador and the Biſhop of Laubach, who is appointed to conduct the Arch-Dutcheſs, and goes with the Character of the Emperor's Ambaſſador to the Court of Portugal, is adjusted. The Biſhop is to have the chief Care in conducting her, while ſhe travels at the Emperor's Charges; and afterwards ſhe is to be deliver'd over into the hands of the Portugueze Ambaſſador. Count Taun has ſent an Expreſs hither from Naples, to confirm the Advice we had lately of the Diſorder in Palermo, between the Inhabitants of the Town and the French Garriſon; and he adds, that not only the Citizens of Palermo, but in general all the Inhabitants of the Iſland of Sicily, diſcover a great Diſpoſition to ſubmit themſelves to the Government of King Charles, if they had Force enough to free themſelves from the Dominion of the French. Count Tarini, the Duke of Savoy's Envoy to this Court, received this Day, in his Maſter's Name, the Inveſtiture of the Duchy of Montferat.

**Berne, July 11. N. S.** The Canton of Switz having lately written a Letter to the Cantons of Zurich and Berne, to let them know, That as thoſe of Switz and Glaris are the natural Proteſtors of the County of Tockenbourg, they expect thoſe of Zurich and Berne will ceaſe any longer to meddle with the Affairs of that County, as Matters no way belonging to them, and deſire a Categorical Answer: This Canon has accordingly ſent an Answer to it; in which, among other things, they tell them, that they think themſelves oblig'd in Honour and Conſcience to proteſt the oppreſs'd that apply to them for Aſſiſtance, when they are abandon'd by thoſe that ſhould ſupport them. This Answer they have ſent to Zurich, who, 'tis not doubted, will be of the ſame Opinion, and will join with Berne in this Reply; which, 'tis thought, will effectually ſilence the Canton of Switz. Letters from Milan of the 8th, ſay, That the Queen of Spain ſet out from thence the Day before, in order to embark on Board Sir John Leake. They write from Turin of the 4th, That all the Troops which were to compoſe the Duke of Savoy's Army were come to the Rendezvous; and that his Royal Highneſs was to leave Turin the 8th or 9th, in order to take the Field, and open the Campaign. The French not being able to diſcover that Prince's true Deſign, are equally in Pain for Savoy, Dauphiné and Provence. Maſhal de Villars has in all but 66 Battalions and 36 Squadrons, with which he is to cover 100 Leagues of Frontier, from the Lake of Geneva to the Medierranean; ſo that 'tis thought the Duke of Savoy, who has 44000 effective Men, will be in a Condition to penetrate what part of the Enemy's Country he ſhall think fit.

**Frankfort, July 18. N. S.** The Imperial Army is ſtill encamp'd at Etlingen. There have fall'n ſo great Rains of late, that the Roads are overflow'd, and the Rhine hath ſwell'd to ſuch an unuſual height, that it hath been impracticable to fix over it a Bridge of Boats for the March of the Troops. In the mean time his Electoral Highneſs is oblig'd to deſer any Deſign which may be form'd againſt the Enemy, 'till the Floods are abated, and the Ways become more paſſable. There have march'd through Veterania about 1500 Horſe, among which are ſome Dragoons and Huſſars, in order to join Prince Ku-

gene's Army. On the 16th Inſtant two Troops of Cuiraſſiers, of the Regiment of Palſi, paſs'd through this City, towards Brabant, and are to be follow'd by 8 or 10 Regiments of Saxons, who are alſo in motion towards the Camp of that Prince. We have juſt now receiv'd Advice, That his Electoral Highneſs of Hanover hath detach'd Count Merſi, at the head of a very great Body, towards the Upper Alſatia, while another Party of 800 Men is ſent from Fribourg into the Black-Foreſt. The Elector of Bavaria is now indiſpos'd at Straſburg. He hath order'd the greater part of the Troops which guarded the Lines of Croon-Weiſſenburg to march thither, to prevent the Paſſage of the Imperial Army over the Rhine near that Place. We have made publick Rejoicings for the Glorious Victory obtain'd over the French near Audenarde; but are very impatient to hear further Particulars of a Battel, which was won after ſo long a March of the Allies to come to the Action, ſo great an Inequality of Numbers when it began, together with ſuch ſudden and fortunate Councils taken in the Engagement it ſelt.

**From the Camp at Wervick, July 16. N. S.** His Grace the Duke of Marlborough continued the 13th at Audenarde, as well to reſoſe the Troops, after the Fatigues of a long March, and a Battel, as to give the neceſſary Orders for the diſpoſal of the great Numbers of Priſoners, who were found then to amount to near 7000, beſides above 700 Officers; among which are a Lieutenant-General, 3 Majors-General, and 4 Brigadiers; they are all order'd to Bruſſels, and will be ſent from thence to ſeveral Towns in Holland. At Midnight the Comte de Lotrum was detach'd with 40 Squadrons and 30 Battalions towards Menin, with Orders to purſue his March from thence directly to the Enemy's Lines, between Ypres and Warneton; the Army march'd at fix in the Morning, and came to the Camp of Helchin, from whence they continu'd their March yeſterday Morning, and encamp'd with the Right at Menin, and the Left near the Lines, which our Detachment had forc'd at ſeven in the Morning, and taken about 500 Priſoners, being all the Men left for the Guard of their ſeveral Poſts. Monſieur de Vendome, after he had retir'd to Ghent, poſſad his Army behind the Canal between that Place and Bruges, their Headquarters being at Lovendeghem; where, according to our laſt Advices, they ſtill continue. The laſt of the Foot of Prince Eugene's Troops arriv'd the 14th at the Camp near Bruſſels, where they have join'd the reſt of his Army, and are to remain 'till further Orders. His Highneſs continues ſtill here. The Colonel, who commanded a Detachment of 300 Men at Warneton, ſome hours before he was oblig'd to ſurrender, had receiv'd a Letter from the Duke of Berwick from Tournay, exhorting him to defend their Lines, in order to preſerve their Communication, and aſſuring him he wou'd be with him as this Day with a conſiderable Reinforcement. We are told he is ſince gone to Liſle. We have Advice that Monſieur la Motte is come from Bruges to Ypres with nine Battalions, two Regiments of Horſe, and one of Dragoons. Orders are given for levelling the Enemies Lines, with all poſſible Diligence.

**From the Camp at Wervick, July 19. N. S.** Since we began to demolish the Lines, ſeveral Detachments have been ſent into the Enemy's Countries. One of 500 Horſe and 300 Dragoons, commanded by Brigadier Dewitz, advanc'd as far as Arras, 12 Leagues off, and burnt the Suburbs of that Place, which has ſtruck a great Conſternation through the whole Country; they are return'd this Morning with a good Number of Hoſtages, beſides 40 Priſoners, having loſt only nine Men in their March. The German and Palatine Troops of the Prince of Savoy's Army are advanc'd this way, and are expected to join our Army in five Days; but the Heſſians and Saxons con-