

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday October 11. to Thursday October 14. 1708.

From Major-General Stanhope's Camp before Mahon.
September 16, N. S.

ON the 14th Instant Major-General Stanhope, with part of the Forces under his Command, landed in this Island. The Town of Mahon is already in our Possession, and the whole Country intirely in our Interest. The Castle of Mahon is well fortified, and has in Garrison 800 Men, half of which Number are Natives, and the other French. The Major-General has on Shore 2500 Men, including such Marines as could be spared from on Board. We hope within four Days to land four Pieces of Cannon, 15 Mortars, and above 7000 Bombs, from which last we promise our selves the greatest Success, the Castle being but little. The Castle has before it an exterior Line extended from Sea to Sea, and supported by four Stone Towers; but we do not doubt but we shall be Masters of those soon after we have raised a Battery to play upon them.

Vienna, Octob. 3. N. S. The Hungarian Parties continue their Excursions on both sides of the Danube with more eagerness than ever, thinking thereby to drive the Imperialists from carrying on the Siege of Neuhausel. We do not yet hear that the Trenches are opened before the Town. A Hungarian Commissary, who has had leave to go out and in to Neuhausel, for the Exchange of Prisoners, has made a report to Marshal Heister of the inward condition of the Place, wherein he says that the Houses are all uncover'd, the Streets unpav'd, the Town provided with a sufficient Garrison, and with Provisions and Ammunition in abundance; but notwithstanding the Place is thus furnished for a long Defence, the Marshal hopes he may be able to take it this Campaign, if the Hungarians cannot assemble an Army strong enough to raise the Siege. Upon Advice that Count Berezeni had left his Infantry to guard the Passes leading to the Mountainous Towns of Hungary, and was with his Cavalry in the Neighbourhood of Levenz, Marshal Heister is march'd thither with the greatest Part of the German Cavalry, to try if he can bring him to an Action. The Hungarians who have gone over to the Emperor, and who happen to fall into the Hands of the Malecontents, are all of them Hanged, or Impaled, without Mercy. Bezereci, with his Fellow-Prisoners, is transported to Simonthorna; from whence the Malecontents design to carry them into Upper Hungary, and to deliver them into the Hands of Prince Ragotzi. The Inhabitants of the Country of Javaria have, with the consent of Marshal Heister, agreed with the Commissary of Count Anthony Esterhafi, for the Contributions they are to pay for the Security of their Vintage. They pay down in ready Money 2000 Florins, besides a considerable quantity of Silver-Plate, Cloth, Tents, and other Moveables. The Pope has order'd his Auditor residing at this Court, to excuse the late Hostilities committed by his Troops upon the Germans; and to assure his Imperial Majesty, that they were done not only without his Order, but against his Intention; that altho' he had judged it necessary to Arm for the Security of the Dominions of

the Church, yet he never intended to be the Aggressor, or to come to any Act of Hostility, except he were forced to it in his own Defence. He offers to inflict what Punishment the Emperor pleases on the Persons who began the Hostilities.

Berne, Octob. 10. N. S. The Letters from Turin of the 3d Instant say, that his Royal Highness had been to visit the Garrisons of Exilles and Suza, in order to put them in a posture of Defence; having had notice from the Enemies Frontier, that Marshal Villars was making preparations at Briarçon for a Siege, or at least to alarm his Royal Highness, that no detachment might be made to the Ferrareze; but that such measures were taken, as would in all probability prevent the designs of that Marshal; that the Troops were cantoned, and that in a few days the Disposition would be made for the Winter Quarters, if the Enemies Motions did not hinder it; that by the 10th Instant there would be 9000 of the Emperor's Troops in the Ferrareze, which in all Likelihood would soon decide the differences between the Courts of Vienna and Rome.

Berlin, Octob. 12. N. S. The King is now at Potsdam, and 'tis thought his Majesty will continue there some days, in expectation of a Visit from the Margravine of Barict his Sister. The design of her Journey is to solicit his Majesty to use his good Offices with the King of Sweden, to restore the Duchy of Courland to her Son. His Majesty hath given Colonel Swerin 300000 Crowns, half in Money, and half in Lands, for his House and Estate at Landsberg. 'Tis said the King designs this as a Present to the new Queen. The Elector of Hanover being admitted into the Electoral College, hath not only returned his Thanks to the King for his Assistance in that Affair, but hath also made considerable Presents to some of the chief Ministers of this Court. An Officer is arrived here from Italy, to acquaint his Majesty, that the Duke of Savoy having ended his Campaign, hath settled the Winter Quarters for the Troops with Monsieur Martigni the Imperial Commissary; and that Major-General Harrach is dispatched to Vienna for his Imperial Majesty's Approbation. At his return the Army will separate, and the Quarters for his Prussian Majesty's Troops will be appointed to this Court's satisfaction in the Plaisantin, where they were last Winter. They writ from Marienburg of the Twenty ninth past, that four Swedish Regiments were on their March towards Graudentz, in order to pass the Vistula; and that King Stanislaus will set out as soon as possible for the Army in Lithuania. The Swedes are dissatisfied with his Polish Majesty, for having appointed Polish Prussia for the Winter Quarters, of the Troops of Prince Wiefnowisky; and the Swedish Regiments which are in their March towards the Vistula, have each left two Companies in Prussia, to hinder the said Troops of Prince Wiefnowisky from entering into the Country. There are already above 500 Persons dead of the Plague at Thorn.

October 12. N. S. The Trenches were relieved by the Prince of Holstein-Beck, Major-General Zoble, and Brigadier Boiffet, with the usual number of Battalions at each Attack. On the Right we continued to enlarge the Places of Arms for the general Assault, and finished two Descents into the Ditch. On the Left the Enemy returned behind two Traverses of the Cover'd-way before the Courtain, which was some hindrance to the advancement of our Work on that side; however, we finished a Battery for six Guns and two Mortars. The 13th the Trenches were relieved by Lieutenant-General Wilke, Major-General Collyer, and Brigadier Temple. In the Afternoon our Men having discovered that the Enemy were Countermining one of our Mines under the Place of Arms on the Right, in which they still continued, immediately sprung the said Mine, which blew up several of the Enemy's Men, two of whom and an Officer fell dead into our Trenches. We continued to enlarge the Saps and Places of Arms, and mounted several Pieces of Cannon more, and 10 Mortars on the Counterscarp. About five in the Evening 30 Granadiers were ordered to Attack the Enemy behind the two Traverses on the Left, consisting of a Lieutenant, a Serjeant and 20 Men; our Men leaped immediately into the Cover'd-way, and over-set the Boat by which the Enemy would have retired; so that they were all killed or drown'd, except three, which were made Prisoners; who give an Account, that the Garrison is reduced to eat Horse-Flesh, but do nevertheless pretend to stand a general Assault. The 14th Lieutenant-General Spar relieved the Trenches, with Major-General Zcutland, and Brigadier du Troffel. The Night was employed on the Right in enlarging the Saps and Places of Arms. On the Left we begun a Lodgment on the Cover'd-way, part of which the Enemy ruined in the Morning, after having obliged our Workmen to retire with very little Loss of Men. The 15th the Trenches were relieved by Lieutenant-General Arnan, Major-General Viekenbach, and Brigadier Keppel. On the Right we sprung four Mines in the Place of Arms, where the Enemy had a Retrenchment, and enlarged our Places of Arms, in order for the general Assault. On the Left some progress was made in the Lodgment in the Cover'd-way, tho' it was not quite joined, and the Sap along the Counterscarp advanced to join the Better-Jean, on the River Deule. The 16th the Trenches were relieved by the Prince of Holstein-Beck, Major-General Sacken, and Brigadier Boiffet. The Drain on the Right for drawing the Water out of the Ditch was opened, and run all Day as well as could be desired. The Enemy made a small Lodgment at the Foot of the Breach, which can be of no great Consequence to them. On the Left the Lodgment in the Cover'd-way was advanced with good Success, the Drain of the Ditch was begun, as also a large Battery of Cannon and Mortars on the Counterscarp.

From the Camp at Rouffelaer, October 19. N. S. The 15th early in the Morning his Grace the Duke of Marlborough received an Account from Major-General Cadogan, that he had taken Post with the Troops under his Command at Kokelaer, and was using his utmost endeavours to draw a further Supply of Ammunition from Ostend, having then got over the Inundation several hundreds of Barrels of Powder, besides the 500 which passed by this place the 14th for Menin, and had sent over several Waggons to assist in bringing forwards as well a greater quantity of Powder, as a number of Bombs and Balleets, for which the Country could not furnish a sufficient number of Carriages. The same Morning Lieutenant-General Fagel was ordered to March with 12 Battalions and 20 Squadrons to Kortemark, to be at hand to sustain Major-General Cadogan, in case the Duke of Vendosme should think fit to attack him, or to insult our Post at Lessingen; and the rest of our Army was order'd to be in a readiness to March, if there should be occasion. The 16th Major-General Cadogan sent his Grace an Account, that the Enemy, by means of some Gallies from Newport, had made a small Battery in an Island near the

Inundation, through which we had our Communication with Ostend; and that they had fired for several Hours without doing us any damage, or interrupting in the least the passage of our Ammunition and Provisions. This Morning Major-General Cadogan came from Kokelaer to wait on his Grace, and gave him an Account, that he had got over the Inundation upwards of 1600 Barrels of Powder, besides great quantities of Brandy, Salt and other Provisions, brought over by the Sutlers for the Army; but that the Waters were risen so high with the Spring-Tides, that he was apprehensive we should lose the Communication. The Major-General return'd this Afternoon to Kokelaer. His Grace has an Account from Ostend, that Colonel Hill's and Brigadier Macartney's Regiments arrived there the 16th from England; and that General Erle had sent them Orders to disembark. Yesterday his Grace went to Menin, where he was met by the Prince of Savoy, and the Deputies of the States from the Siege; and having conferred with them for some time, return'd hither in the Evening. Monsieur d'Auverquerque, Velt-Marshal of the Troops of the States-General dyed yesterday at this Place, after a long Indisposition, very much lamented, as well on account of his great Abilities to discharge that important Trust, as the extraordinary Zeal he has always shewn for the Interest of the States and the Allies.

Hague, October 19. N. S. Our last Letters from Italy have brought us the following Capitulations of the Town of Calari, and of the Governor of Sardinia.

ARTICLES of Capitulation made with Sir John Leake, Kt. Admiral of her Britannick Majesty's Fleet, and Commander in Chief of the Confederate Fleet in the Mediterranean, by which the Illustrious and Magnificent City of Calari, the Head, Key, and Strength of this most faithful Kingdom of Sardinia, delivers it self up to his Catholick Majesty Charles the Third of Austria, their lawful King and Governour, whom God preserve, the said City, Castle, with the rest of the said Kingdom; the Magistrates of this time being Francesco Liguideo, Don Ignatio Carta, Salvador Rodaiguas, and Drogo Cossu; given at Calari, August 13. 1708.

I. THAT the said illustrious City, the rest of this Kingdom and its Appurtenances, shall have maintained and preserved to them all the Privileges, which the most august Majesty of Charles the Vth. Emperor, and Charles the IIId. hath granted to them, and likewise their Acts of Councils and Decrees of their Courts, with the rest of their Judicatures, which have from time to time been granted, and they have enjoy'd.

To this Article it is answered and agreed to, provided they cease immediately to be Embarked on Board the English Transports in Port, such a quantity of Corn as can possibly be had, for the Service of his Catholick Majesty in Catalonia, his Majesty promising to pay for the same.

And the said City trusting to the Favours they have received, and hope by their Merit to deserve, from his Excellency General Leake, humbly begs he should be pleased to supplicate his Catholick Majesty Charles III. whom God preserve, the following Condescensions, for the entire Comfort and Satisfaction of this City and Kingdom.

II. That all the Ministers of Justice be changed, and that those which shall be new named, be Natives of this Kingdom, and to continue for three Years only, and be obliged to account for their Intermissions.

III. That

III. That the Customs and other Profits of Trade, which properly concern the City, shall be only in the Council's Hands, and without Appeal.

IV. That his Majesty would be pleased to honour this City to procure the Liberty of the Marquis de Villa Clara, of Don Salvador Lochy, Don James Sahin, and Alexo Ferrell, who are now Prisoners in France.

To all the rest of the Articles his Excellency Admiral Leake, promises to intercede with his Catholick Majesty, that they may obtain what is contained in them.

Signed,

Francisco Liguado, Concellor.
Mr. Ignatio Carta, Conc.
Salvador Rodaiques, Conc.
Roderigo Liluc, Conc.
Eufelio Costu, Conc.

Articles of Capitulation which his Excellency the Marquis of Jamaica, Count of Villa Lenzo, Gentleman of the Bed-Chamber to his Majesty, and Captain-General of the Kingdom of Sardinia, hath concluded with his Excellency Admiral Leake; given at Calari the 13th of August, 1708. N. S.

I. THAT the Garrison is to march out of one of the Ports of the said City of Calari, with loaded Arms, flying Colours, Drums beating, Match lighted, Ball in Mouth, and are to have 12 Shots of Powder and Ball each, the Garrison having Liberty to take their Wives, Children, and Baggage with them.

Granted; but can have no Effect, the Garrison having taken on.

II. That they shall have 8 Pieces of Cannon, with that Number of Charges of Powder and Ball for each, with all the usual Utensils mounted on their Carriages.

Not Granted.

III. That it be permitted to his Excellency the Viceroy, Marquis of Jamaica, with the Garrison, to march to Allguer, to defend that Place; and for that end they are to have Ships and other Necessaries to carry them; and the other Things mentioned in the preceding Articles.

Not Granted.

V. That all the aforesaid Particulars shall be carried safely to the Place of Allguer.

Referred to the former Article.

V. That the Conquerors are to subsist and furnish them with necessary Provisions at their Expence.

Referred to the same Answer.

VI. That the City shall not be plundered, nor any Person that remains therein molested, leaving to every one the free Enjoyment of their Goods, and Liberty to every one freely to go in the Space of 6 Months; and that all Persons of what Quality, Degree or Condition soever, may securely go within the said Space of time.

Granted, excepting the Subjects of France.

VII. That no sort of Person within the Place shall be molested or ill used, either in Person or Goods, for any thing they have done in Executing faithfully their Office and Trust.

Granted, excepting the Subjects of France.

VIII. That at the same time the Garrison marches out, those of the Conquerors shall begin to march in.

Granted.

IX. That all the Baggage and Retinue of his Excellency the Marquis of Jamaica shall freely march out, without being visited or molested, and shall not be detain'd upon any Pretence whatsoever.

Granted.

X. That in Case the Place of Allguer be surrender'd, when his Excellency the Marquis of Jamaica arrives there, all and every thing shall be granted, and continued to the said Marquis, which was agreed to when he marched out of this Capital, and also Embarkations with a free Passport to go to France or Spain, without that the said

Marquis, or any of his Retinue, be arrested or detained in any of the Confederate Ports, which by chance they may be put into, and that upon no Motive or Pretence whatsoever.

For what relates to his March to Allguer, or any other Port, that is answered in the Third Article; and for the said Marquis of Jamaica being safely conducted with a free Passport to a Port either in France or Spain, it is agreed to Land him in Spain, and not in France, and shall be done either in the Grove of Valentia or Carthagene, and that the said Marquis and Retinue shall not be arrested or detained in any of the Confederate Ports on any Pretence.

XI. That the said Marquis of Jamaica, and Retinue, of what Quality and Degree soever, shall be safely put on Board the Ships for their Transportation; and that by no means the Mob or Soldiers shall be suffered to insult or affront him in his Embarkation, and shall be civilly treated on Board till he comes to either of the Places where he is to land, and for that end he shall be allow'd a Guard, and Officers.

Granted.

XII. That upon no Pretence the Marquis of Jamaica shall be obliged to march by Land, by reason of the unwholesomeness of the Air, and Heats of this Kingdom, excepting what is mentioned in the third Article.

Granted, excepting what is mentioned in the third Article.

XIII. That the said Marquis of Jamaica shall be permitted to Embark with him his own Guards, and to carry with him a Galley now in Port.

Not Granted.

XIV. and last Article, That the aforesaid Articles of Capitulation above-expressed, shall be faithfully observed without Prevarication, and shall not be infringed or broke, on any Pretence.

Signed,

The Marquis of Jamaica.

Dartmouth October 8. Last Night came into this Port from Cruising on the French Coast, the Victory, Captain John Gouhy, and the Prince Eugene, Captain Richard Phipps, both Guernsey Privateers; who brought in a French Prize of 50 Tuns, laden with Glafs from Rhone. Came in also the Union, another small Privateer of Guernsey, who hath taken two Prizes with Salt and Wine and sent them home, and a third with Charcoal, which could not fetch this Harbour, but this Day was stranded near the Stert on a sandy Beach, but the Men were saved in their Boat.

Falmouth October 29. Yesterday put in here the Concordia Privateer of Flushing, Capt. Hamanus, who sunk a French Privateer of 22 Guns; and the Madam Mary, Olif Neilsen Master, of and for Copenhagen from Nantz. This Day sailed the Lisbon Gally, Captain Poy, and the Cornelia Gally, Captain Payne, both of and from Amsterdam for Leghorn; and the Granadeer and Phoenix of and from London, the Sovereign Galley of and from Bristol, for the same Place; as also the Dorothy of this Place, Thomas Allen Master, for the Canaries, all laden with Pilchards.

Plymouth, October 10. Yesterday sailed the Chatham to Cruise. This Day came in a Guernsey Privateer from cruising, and the John Transport from Dartmouth, and the Anglesea from Spithead, with the Morning-Star from Danzick with Planks for this Dock.

Yarmouth October 11. There continues in our Road Her Majesty's Ships Norwich, Hamborough and Dunwich, with several light Ships bound for Newcastle.

Deale October 12. Her Majesty's Ship Swallow Prize, with the eight Transports, and two outward-bound, are all still here. Last Night came in hither Her Majesty's Ships Mountague and Crown from Ostend. Just now came in Her Majesty's Ship Queenborough from Ostend.

The

The Commissioners of the Customs have received by the Post a Letter of the 9th Instant, Subscribed, Yours L. F. acknowledging that he had been some Years ago concerned in Running a small Parcel of Goods, and thereby defrauding the Crown of about 3 L. 15 s. for Customs; and the same Person having inclosed a Bill for 4 L. 6 s. as a satisfactory Payment for the said Fraud; the said Commissioners do, pursuant to his desire, hereby acknowledge the Receipt of this Money, and the application thereof to the Customs.

The Court of Committees of the Governor and Company of Merchants of London Trading into the East-Indies, do hereby give Notice, That, in pursuance of the Order of their General Court of the 30th of September, 1708. all the Adventurers of the said Company are to pay into their Treasury, at their House in Leaden-hall-Street, London, 10 per Cent. on their respective Stocks on or before the 25th Day of November next ensuing, in order to comply with the Award made by the most Honourable the Lord High-Treasurer of Great Britain, for uniting the two East-India Companies; And that the said Payment may be made in Money, or the said Company's Bonds, for which they shall be allowed Interest after the Rate of 6 per Cent. per Annum, from the time of Payment to the said 25th of November.

The Governour and Company of Merchants of London trading into the East-Indies, do hereby give Notice, That the Transfer Book of the said Company will be shut up from Saturday the 16th Day of this Instant October, 1708. to Monday the first of November next, in order to ascertain every Adventurer's Stock in which the 10 per Cent. is called in, by direction of the General Court of the 30th of September last.

The Court of Managers of the United East-India Company do hereby give Notice, That the time for paying in the 10 per Cent. called in by the General Court of the Old Company from their Adventurers, and the 15 per Cent. called in by the General Court of the New Company from their Adventurers, for which they are to have the United Company's Bonds at 6 per Cent. per Annum Interest, to be repaid the last of May, 1709, and the Dividends so such of the Adventurers as shall pay in the same, will continue to the 31st of this Instant October, and no longer.

Advertisements.

* * HOLMAN's London Ink-Powder. Being very useful for all Persons to make their Writing-Ink as strong and as black as they please. Each Six-penny Paper, weighing two ounces, makes a Pint or Pint and half of the best Ink, or a Quart for Shopkeepers common Writing or Marking Ink, only by shaking or stirring it often in so much Rain or River Water: approved of throughout the Kingdom, and the best for Carriage by Sea or Land. Sold by most Stationers, Booksellers and Haberdashers, in and about London, and by Shopkeepers in the Cities and chiefest Towns in England; Made and Sold by Charles Holman in Red-Lion Street, against the White-Hart-Inn in Southwark. He having a Patent Granted him, under the great Seal of England, for making the same.

A Commission of Bankrupt being awarded against John Austin of Cambridge, in the County of Cambridge, Joyner and Interpreter, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is required to surrender himself to the Commissioners, who will sit on the 15th and 23d Days of this Instant October, and on the 12th Day of November next ensuing, at the Black-Bull-Inn, in Trumpington-Street, Cambridge aforesaid, being the House of Thomas Gibbart, at 9 of the Clock in the Forenoon on each of the said Days; at which Times the Creditors are to come prepar'd to prove their Debts, and pay their Contribution-money: And all Persons who are indebted to him, or that have any Goods or other Effects of his in their hands, are not to pay or deliver the same but to such only as the Commissioners shall appoint.

A Commission of Bankrupt being awarded against Christian Dudge of Spittle-Fields, in the County of Middlesex, Weaver, and he being declar'd a Bankrupt, is required to surrender himself to the Commissioners, who intend to meet at the Irish-chamber in Guildhall, London, the 20th and 27th of October Instant, and the 13th of November next, at 3 Afternoon; at the first of which Times the Creditors are to come prepar'd to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-money, and chuse an Assignee or Assignees.

Whereas the acting Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Ryall, late of London, Vintner, have certified to the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said John Ryall hath in all things conform'd himself to the two last Acts of Parliament made against Bankrupts; these are to give Notice, that his Certificate will be confirmed, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 4th Day of November next.

Whereas the acting Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Tomlins of the City of Oxford, Butcher, have certified to the Rt. Hon. the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said John Tomlins hath in all things conform'd himself to the late Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; these are to give Notice, that his Certificate will be confirm'd as the said Acts direct, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 4th of November next.

Taken from a Lady's Side about the 22d of September last, a Gold Watch, it is a very old Watch of Tompion's make, with a Pendulum, does not come out of the outside Case, which Case is Shagreen studded with Gold, it is of little value. If offer'd to be sold, pawn'd or valued, pray stop it and the Party, and give Notice to Mr. Amy, Goldsmith on London-Bridge, and you shall have 20 s. reward, or if already bought your Money again with Content.

There is lately brought from Flanders a great Collection of Flower-Roots of divers sorts, as Tulips, Anemones, Ranunculus, &c. consisting of near 100 different sorts; and are to be sold by Charles Blackwell, Seedman and Flower-seller, at the King's-head near Fetter-lane end in Holborn, London; where you may be also furnish'd with all sorts of Fruit-Trees, Ever-Greens, and Flower Plants, at reasonable Rates.

All Persons that have any Plate, Rings, Jewels, Watches, or any other sort of Goods, at Mr. John Pathley's, at the three Bowles in Market-Lane near St. James's Market, that have lain above a Year and a half, are desired to fetch them before the 25th of December next, or they'll be disposed of.

Stolen or Strayed on Tuesday the 28th of September last, out of the Grounds of Mr. Thomas Gates of Beeding, alias Seals, in the County of Suffex, near Steyning, a black Cart Gelding, about 15 hands high, or upwards, full Age, mark'd with a bald Face, both Wall Eyes, both white Legs before, almost up to the Knees, one white Foot behind, with a small black Spot in the white, goes narrow before. If any one give Notice to Mr. Thomas Gates at Beeding aforesaid, or Mr. William Roberts, Goldsmith, at the three Black-Lyons without Temple-bar, London, they shall have half a Guinea reward and reasonable charges.

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