

October 12. N. S. The Trenches were relieved by the Prince of Holstein-Beck, Major-General Zoble, and Brigadier Boiffet, with the usual number of Battalions at each Attack. On the Right we continued to enlarge the Places of Arms for the general Assault, and finished two Descents into the Ditch. On the Left the Enemy returned behind two Traverses of the Cover'd-way before the Courtain, which was some hindrance to the advancement of our Work on that side; however, we finished a Battery for six Guns and two Mortars. The 13th the Trenches were relieved by Lieutenant-General Wilke, Major-General Collyer, and Brigadier Temple. In the Afternoon our Men having discovered that the Enemy were Countermining one of our Mines under the Place of Arms on the Right, in which they still continued, immediately sprung the said Mine, which blew up several of the Enemy's Men, two of whom and an Officer fell dead into our Trenches. We continued to enlarge the Saps and Places of Arms, and mounted several Pieces of Cannon more, and 10 Mortars on the Counterscarp. About five in the Evening 30 Granadiers were ordered to Attack the Enemy behind the two Traverses on the Left, consisting of a Lieutenant, a Serjeant and 20 Men; our Men leaped immediately into the Cover'd-way, and over-set the Boat by which the Enemy would have retired; so that they were all killed or drown'd, except three, which were made Prisoners; who give an Account, that the Garrison is reduced to eat Horse-Flesh, but do nevertheless pretend to stand a general Assault. The 14th Lieutenant-General Spar relieved the Trenches, with Major-General Zcutland, and Brigadier du Troffel. The Night was employed on the Right in enlarging the Saps and Places of Arms. On the Left we begun a Lodgment on the Cover'd-way, part of which the Enemy ruined in the Morning, after having obliged our Workmen to retire with very little Loss of Men. The 15th the Trenches were relieved by Lieutenant-General Arnan, Major-General Viekenbach, and Brigadier Keppel. On the Right we sprung four Mines in the Place of Arms, where the Enemy had a Retrenchment, and enlarged our Places of Arms, in order for the general Assault. On the Left some progress was made in the Lodgment in the Cover'd-way, tho' it was not quite joined, and the Sap along the Counterscarp advanced to join the Better-Jean, on the River Deule. The 16th the Trenches were relieved by the Prince of Holstein-Beck, Major-General Sacken, and Brigadier Boiffet. The Drain on the Right for drawing the Water out of the Ditch was opened, and run all Day as well as could be desired. The Enemy made a small Lodgment at the Foot of the Breach, which can be of no great Consequence to them. On the Left the Lodgment in the Cover'd-way was advanced with good Success, the Drain of the Ditch was begun, as also a large Battery of Cannon and Mortars on the Counterscarp.

From the Camp at Rouffelaer, October 19. N. S. The 15th early in the Morning his Grace the Duke of Marlborough received an Account from Major-General Cadogan, that he had taken Post with the Troops under his Command at Kokelaer, and was using his utmost endeavours to draw a further Supply of Ammunition from Ostend, having then got over the Inundation several hundreds of Barrels of Powder, besides the 500 which passed by this place the 14th for Menin, and had sent over several Waggons to assist in bringing forwards as well a greater quantity of Powder, as a number of Bombs and Balleets, for which the Country could not furnish a sufficient number of Carriages. The same Morning Lieutenant-General Fagel was ordered to March with 12 Battalions and 20 Squadrons to Kortemark, to be at hand to sustain Major-General Cadogan, in case the Duke of Vendosme should think fit to attack him, or to insult our Post at Lessingen; and the rest of our Army was order'd to be in a readiness to March, if there should be occasion. The 16th Major-General Cadogan sent his Grace an Account, that the Enemy, by means of some Gallies from Newport, had made a small Battery in an Island near the

Inundation, through which we had our Communication with Ostend; and that they had fired for several Hours without doing us any damage, or interrupting in the least the passage of our Ammunition and Provisions. This Morning Major-General Cadogan came from Kokelaer to wait on his Grace, and gave him an Account, that he had got over the Inundation upwards of 1600 Barrels of Powder, besides great quantities of Brandy, Salt and other Provisions, brought over by the Sutlers for the Army; but that the Waters were risen so high with the Spring-Tides, that he was apprehensive we should lose the Communication. The Major-General return'd this Afternoon to Kokelaer. His Grace has an Account from Ostend, that Colonel Hill's and Brigadier Macartney's Regiments arrived there the 16th from England; and that General Erle had sent them Orders to disembark. Yesterday his Grace went to Menin, where he was met by the Prince of Savoy, and the Deputies of the States from the Siege; and having conferred with them for some time, return'd hither in the Evening. Monsieur d'Auverquerque, Velt-Marshal of the Troops of the States-General dyed yesterday at this Place, after a long Indisposition, very much lamented, as well on account of his great Abilities to discharge that important Trust, as the extraordinary Zeal he has always shewn for the Interest of the States and the Allies.

Hague, October 19. N. S. Our last Letters from Italy have brought us the following Capitulations of the Town of Calari, and of the Governor of Sardinia.

ARTICLES of Capitulation made with Sir John Leake, Kt. Admiral of her Britannick Majesty's Fleet, and Commander in Chief of the Confederate Fleet in the Mediterranean, by which the Illustrious and Magnificent City of Calari, the Head, Key, and Strength of this most faithful Kingdom of Sardinia, delivers it self up to his Catholick Majesty Charles the Third of Austria, their lawful King and Governour, whom God preserve, the said City, Castle, with the rest of the said Kingdom; the Magistrates of this time being Francesco Liguideo, Don Ignatio Carta, Salvador Rodaiguas, and Drogo Cossu; given at Calari, August 13. 1708.

I. THAT the said illustrious City, the rest of this Kingdom and its Appurtenances, shall have maintained and preserved to them all the Privileges, which the most august Majesty of Charles the Vth. Emperor, and Charles the IIId. hath granted to them, and likewise their Acts of Councils and Decrees of their Courts, with the rest of their Judicatures, which have from time to time been granted, and they have enjoy'd.

To this Article it is answered and agreed to, provided they cease immediately to be Embarked on Board the English Transports in Port, such a quantity of Corn as can possibly be had, for the Service of his Catholick Majesty in Catalonia, his Majesty promising to pay for the same.

And the said City trusting to the Favours they have received, and hope by their Merit to deserve, from his Excellency General Leake, humbly begs he should be pleased to supplicate his Catholick Majesty Charles III. whom God preserve, the following Condescensions, for the entire Comfort and Satisfaction of this City and Kingdom.

II. That all the Ministers of Justice be changed, and that those which shall be new named, be Natives of this Kingdom, and to continue for three Years only, and be obliged to account for their Intermissions.

III. That