

# The London Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY ROBERT BURTON.

From Friday November 1. to Thursday November 1. 1708.

By the QUEEN,

## A PROCLAMATION.

ANNO. MDCCLXVI.

ANNO. MDCCLXVI. Queen of Great Britain, &c. &c. &c. Defender of the Faith, &c. &c. To Our Lyon King or Arms & his Brothers, Knights, Pursuivants, Messengers or Arms, and Our Subjects in that part, conjunctly and severally, specially constituting Greeting. Particulars are here well informed of a certain Barbarous Murder committed by Robert Balfour Master of Burleigh, upon the Person of Mr. Henry Strohmeier Gentleman of Inverkeithing, at the Door of his own House within that Burgh, in the Month of April, One thousand seven hundred and seven, without any Occasion or Provocation; and that the Murderer making his Escape, hath ever since absconded, or kept himself upon his Guards; and albeit Summoned to Appear before the Court of Justice to abide his Trial, and for not appearing Outlawed, and Declared Fugitive, yet doth still persist in his Contempt of Our Authority and Justice: Therefore We, with Advice of Our Privy Council, have thought fit, by this Our Royal Proclamation, to Certifie all Our Subjects of this Inhuman Murder, and to Require all Magistrates, and Our other Officers both Civil and Military, and other Our good Subjects, to do their utmost Endeavour and Diligence to apprehend the same Robert Balfour Master of Burleigh, that he may be brought to Comigne Punishment. And further we require and Command every of Our Subjects who have seen the said Robert Balfour Master of Burleigh, before the Emitting of this Our Proclamation, that they immediately thereafter give Notice to the next Magistrate, Justice of Peace, Officers Civil and Military, where they did see the said Robert Balfour Master of Burleigh, and where by Letters, and Utters, to the Effect he may be Seized and Sevred, Incommisfing hereby all Persons concerned from the Hazard of Sluggish Indolition, or any other Act of Violence which may be Committed against the said Robert Balfour Master of Burleigh, or any Person with him, or in the Apprehension of him. And for the further Encouragement of this Service, we do hereby Promise and Affire the sum of Two hundred Pounds Sterling to any Person or Persons who shall Seize the said Robert Balfour Master of Burleigh, and Deliver him to us, or to one of Our Magistrates in order to his Trial; which sum We will that be carefully and faithfully paid, rewarding hereby all Our Subjects, to Balfour, Barbey, Curzon, or any other Agent or Servt of the said Robert Balfour Master of Burleigh, upon their giving up the said Balfour to Justice, and We Charge you severally, and Command, that we do now seppell Our Letter, and, we Pay to the Merchant of L. Edinburg, and to the Master Chreft of the Head Burgh, of the Cities of Kirofs, Cockmann, Livo, and Berik, and other Places neare thare, and there in Our Name and Authority by open Proclamation make Proclamation of the same: And that Our Souldier, in the North Part of Irelan, called Scotland, send copies hereof to the said Brigades, and other Magistrates, after the Printed Copy, where it shall be Ordain'd, that none pretend Ignorance.

Given at Our Court at the City of London, the Thirteenth Day of October, in the seventh Year of Our Reigne.

God Save the QUEEN.

London, October 25. N. S. The Prince of Lobkowitz having laid down his Office of Steward to the Empress, has occasioned a gradual Advancement of the other Officers of the Court. Count Wenzel, Great Marquis of the Court, is declared Steward to the Empress; Count Narinsen, formerly Captain of the Horse-Guards, is noble Marshal of the Guards; Count Julius is advanced to be Captain of the Foot-Guards; and Count Gundacker of Leuchtenberg, Knight of Nakhia, succeeds him in the Place

of Captain of the Yeomen of the Guard. Count Vilmos is declared Master of the Kitchen to the Emperor, and Baron Haynau Lieutenant over the Musick. The two last Officers have been voted by the Promotion of Count Joseph Vass to be Master of the Guards. The Elector of Brandenburg having sent him the Project he had formed for the Disposition of the Troops of the Army on the Rhine in their Winter Quarters, it is sent back to him with the Emperor's Approbation; so that we expect soon to hear that his Electoral Highness has quitted the Army. Marshal Heister is chiefly taken up at present in posting his Troops the most advantageously he can, for covering the Country against the Incursions of the Hungarian Rebels during the Winter Season. The Campaign being at an end in those Parts, they begin to take off assembling the Estates of Hungary, in order to communicate to them the Emperor's Regulations concerning the Grievances which were laid before his Majesty, some time ago.

Hamburg, November 6. N. S. The Suspension of the Conferences amongst the Ministers of the Imperial Commission continues, for want of new Orders from their several Courts, relating to the matter of Rank and Precedence. It was hoped that these Difficulties here would nevertheless have been carried on; but several of them will go no farther till they have received new Instructions. The Emperor's Letter to the several Princes, whose Troops are in this Town, defining them either wholly, or in part, to ease the Town of the Charge of Forces, seems to have had a good Effect, some of the Ministers having received Orders to comply therewith. On the 1st Instant the Burghers met together, in order to hear the Propositions of the Magistrates, relating to the necessary Supplies of Money for the Payment of the Guards of the Imperial Commission: as also of the Arrears of their own Troops. They came together in a very small Number, not exceeding 200 Persons in all. The Substance of their Answer to the Magistrates is, That they could admit no Alteration in their last Resolution given on those Points, except in general, that Money may be raised upon the Credit of what has already been granted. The Fleet of Merchants from Archangel arrived some Days ago upon the Elbe. The Business between the Danish and Holstein Commissioners was resolved last Week. By Letters from Wilda of the 21st past, we hear the News contained, of a Battel between the Swedit General Lewenhaupt, and the Muscovites. The said General having 30000 Men of Foot, and 3000 Horse, was attacked by 20000 Muscovites, commanded by the Czar himself, an Englishman, Lieutenant Goitz, and other Generals. Eight Miles beyond Mohilew. 'Tis said, the Battel last two Dayes, and that the Swedes made a vigorous Resistance, and repulsed the Enemy at several places, with great Bravery; but their Infantry being surrounded, and put to the Sword, the Cavalry was forced to retire in great Confusion, leaving the Enemy all their Artillery and Baggage, besides 6000 Waggon with Provisions for the King's Army, and a great number of Cattle. They add, that the General Lewenhaupt is amongst the slain, besides several Officers of Note. They have not yet any Account of the Loss on the Muscovite side, only that they also had a considerable number of Officers and Soldiers killed and wounded. The Field-Marshal, Lieutenant Goitz, was taken Prisoner at the beginning of the Battel, but afterwards released by one of his Adjutants. The King of Sweden's Army is now in the Ukraine, and will take their Winter Quarters in those Parts. Our Correspondence with it is at present cut off.

From the Camp at Reusselae, November 1. N. S. On Thursday the 25th past, the Moris of the Garrison of Lida, which by the Capitulation were to be conducted to Doway, marched out, together with a great Number of sick and wounded Officers and Soldiers; the Marshal of