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St. James's, December 15.

THE Baron de Schultz, Envoy-Extraordinary from the Elector of Brunswick and Lunenburg, had a private Audience of her Majesty, to Condole the Death of his Royal Highness the Prince; conducted by Sir Charles Cottrell, Master of the Ceremonies; and introduced by the Right Honourable Mr. Boyle, Principal Secretary of State.

Vienna, December 12. N. S. Sir Phillip Medows, her Majesty's Envoy-Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, having notified to the Imperial Court, and to the foreign Ministers residing here, the Death of his Royal Highness the Prince of Denmark, has received the Compliments of Condolance on this sorrowful Occasion; and, in a few Days, the Court is to go into Mourning. The Lutherans in Silesia, seeing the Case of the Reformed espoused with so much Zeal and Earnestness by her Majesty of Great Britain, and by other reformed Princes and States, begin to express a Disposition to have the Reformed included in the present Settlement with them; and the Town of Brieg, where the Reformed had heretofore a Church, has given in a Petition to the Imperial Commissioners at Breslaw, desiring that the Reformed may be allowed the same Liberty of Worship in that Town, which they formerly enjoyed. On Monday last Count Zabor arrived here from Flanders, having been dispatched by the Prince of Savoy, with Advice, that the Army of the Allies had drove the French from the Banks of the Schelde, and that the late Elector of Bavaria had thereupon abandoned the Siege of Brussels. Count Sintzendorf, Great Chamberlain to the King of Spain, arrived here yesterday from Barcelona. His Catholick Majesty has named Count Stampa, of Milan, his Ambassador to the Court of Portugal, to compliment his Portuguese Majesty on his Marriage with the Arch-dutcheff.

Berne, December 15. N. S. The Roman Catholick Cantons have written a Letter to the Cantons of Zurich and Berne, in which they use many Arguments to make them appear less concerned in the Affair of Tockenbourg, but have not received any Answer, though that Matter has been long under Consideration. In the mean time they write from Tockenbourg, that those of each Religion live there together in Peace and Quiet, notwithstanding the Endeavours of the Abbot of St. Gall, to interrupt the good Understanding between them; and that they pay the publick Taxes, imposed by their new Council, without Distinction. It is said, that Abbot has thought fit to signify by his Minister to the Deputies of the Roman Catholick Cantons, that if they did not assist him in obliging his Subjects to return to their Duty, he should apply himself elsewhere for Redress; upon which he was answered, That if he intended to awe them by Threats of bringing an Enemy upon them, they thought it their Duty to let him know, that their Principals were ready to add their Forces to those of Berne and Zurich, against any foreign Power whatsoever. Advices from Turin say, that the Court returned from the Venerie on the fourth Instant; and that his Royal Highness used all the Expedition imaginable in recruiting his Troops: They add from thence, that all was quiet on the Frontiers, the Snows having stopped up the Passages of the Mountains. Letters from Milan, of the 8th Instant, say, That Ferrara was still blocked up

by the Imperialists; and that the Ecclesiastical Troops having abandoned the Places upon the Adriatick Sea, were retired towards Rome. It was said, an Accommodation was upon the point of being adjusted between the Courts of Vienna and Rome; and that the Pope, complaining of the Artifices of France, had resolved to own Charles the III^d as King of Spain; to give him the Investiture of the Kingdom of Naples; and to send Nuncios to Vienna and Barcelona: But that he still makes a Difficulty of acknowledging Parma and Placentia to be Imperial Fiefs. The same Letters add, that some of the British Ships had taken 400 Men of the Troops of Avignon that were sailing to Civita Vecchia; and that 1200 Men, under the Convoy of five English Men of War, who embarked at Final, were sailed for Barcelona. It was said likewise, that Marschal Tessé was to go to Venice; and that the Duke of Uzeda, the Duke of Anjou's Minister at Rome, was preparing to leave that Place.

Copenhagen, Dec. 17. N. S. On the 13th Inst. Mr. Pulreney, Envoy-Extraordinary from the Queen of Great Britain, had a Publick Audience of the Queen-Consort, to notify the Death of his Royal Highness Prince George, and to present a Letter from his Sovereign upon that Melancholy Occasion. The Envoy had afterwards Audiences of the Prince Royal, Prince Charles the King's Brother, and the Princess Royal his Sister, to each of whom he made the Compliments of Condolance. Some few Days before the Envoy had a private Audience of the Queen-Mother, and presented to her a Letter from the Queen of Great Britain upon the same Occasion. Her Britannick Majesty's Letter for the King was delivered to the Privy-Councillors here, to be forwarded to his Majesty.

Hamburgh, December 21. N. S. The Ministers of Her Majesty of Great Britain, and the States-General, have prevailed with those of the Princes concerned in the Imperial Commission here, to consent, that notwithstanding the Differences about their Rank, which are yet undecided, the Business of the Commission may be carried on by way of Communication to each of the Ministers apart, without meeting together. This way of Proceeding will, 'tis hoped, be observed, till the Disputes about Precedence are adjusted. They have also taken off a considerable part of the Charge of the Town, in maintaining the Troops of the Circle; so that now their ordinary Pay, beginning from the first Instant, will not exceed the Sum of 16000 Crowns a Month. Letters from Poland say, That the Palatin of Kijow, who commands King Stanislaus's Troops in Podlachia, was lately surprized, and totally defeated by a strong Body of Cavalry detached from the Crown-Army; under the Command of General Rybinski. They add also, That the Crown Great General Sienawski, since the Defeat of General Lewenhaupt, hath writ a Letter to the Czar, signed by himself, and all the chief Officers of that Army, assuring his Czarish Majesty of the Continuance of their constant Resolution to maintain the Alliance formerly made with him.

From the Camp at Meerlebeck, December 24. N. S. On Saturday, the 22^d, Detachments were made from the Body of Troops Commanded by the Prince of Hesse and the Duke of Wirtemberg, to block up Fort Rouge on the Canal between Ghent and the Sas. The Cannon and Mortars are accordingly ordered, and all other necessary preparations are making to attack that Place. The same Evening